

Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



62, 33
L. E. Transfer

LIBRARY
RECEIVED

★ APRIL 1921
U. S. Department of Agriculture

Reuter's Seeds for the South Spring 1921

POLLOCK 10-25
MUSKMELON

PKT. 10¢., OZ. 20¢.,
1/4 LB. 50¢., LB. \$1.50
POSTPAID

PKT. 15¢
OZ. 25¢
1/4 LB. 75¢
POSTPAID

NEW
WONDERMELON

CHRIS. REUTER, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

FEB - 7 1921



FREE FLOWER SEEDS

*Four Packages Free With Every Order
for 50 cts. or More*

A flower-garden for every southern home is an idea that I should like to see fulfilled, and I am doing my utmost to help the thing along. It is really so easy to beautify the home-grounds and requires very little care, yet we see so many homes without the inspiration and decoration of pretty flowers. It has been my custom for years to give free flower seeds to my customers, and this season I have prepared a most appropriate assortment for southern yards. With each order of 50 cts. or more I will include FREE Four Packages of Fresh Flower Seeds, made up of the following varieties as illustrated:

(1) Double Poppy; (2) Cosmos; (3) Mexican Fire Bush; (4) Four O'Clock. Full descriptions and cultural suggestions are plainly printed on the packets, and I know the collection will please you.

3

4

FEB - 7 1921

© CLA 609804

NOTE—Have You Forgotten Anything?

**ORDER \$2.00
WORTH OF
SEED AND
GET THIS
BOOK
FREE!**



THE GREATEST BOOK EVER WRITTEN

FREE FLOWER SEEDS !!

There's a heap of satisfaction in adding your little mite to the betterment of the farmer's and gardener's homestead. Here's one way I have of trying to do just a little bit more than most folks do, and in doing it I have the satisfaction of knowing that I am perhaps helping just a little to make farm homes and surroundings a little more beautiful and delightful. So, with each order for seeds amounting to 50 cents or more I will also include ABSOLUTELY FREE Four Packets of Flower Seeds, grown especially for me and thoroughly suitable for this section. Here's your chance to tone up the home place a little without a penny's cost.

Remember, an order for 50 cents or more entitles you to four
Packets of Flower Seeds FREE.—Chris.

I am anxious to obtain the names and correct postoffice addresses of a number of your friends and acquaintances who are farmers and gardeners who you think would be interested in receiving my Catalog. I am extremely anxious that this list be made absolutely correct so far as postoffice, name and rural route is concerned, and in order that you may use care in compiling same, I will give you FREE an assortment of FOUR of my choice strains of PEERLESS VEGETABLE SEEDS, my selection for garden use, if you will fill out the blank below and send it with an order for Seed or other articles selected from my Catalog.

To CHRIS. REUTER, Seedsman, New Orleans, La.—The above list of names is correct.

Please sign your name and address here:.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS to MY CUSTOMERS

By carefully observing the following directions, mistakes and misunderstandings will be very largely avoided:

HOW TO ORDER—Please be careful to sign your Name, Post Office, Rural Route, and State on every order. Be sure to tell us your nearest express office, should you desire the seed forwarded by express; if by freight, your railroad station, also preferable routing; or, if by boat, your landing, and the name of boat, if possible. **WRITE PLAINLY.**

ORDER EARLY—It will greatly facilitate shipments if orders are sent in early. We aim to ship all orders the same day they are received, and our mail-order department has a capacity for more than 1,500 orders daily, but sometimes it is impossible during the rush season.

CASH WITH ORDER—Customers will please remit when ordering. If goods are wanted C. O. D., twenty-five per cent, or one-fourth of the amount, must accompany the order. **NO plants shipped C. O. D.**

HOW TO SEND MONEY—Remittances should be made by post office money orders, express money orders, drafts or checks on New Orleans or New York. Where it is not possible to obtain these, the letter should be registered. In all cases where the order for seed amounts to one dollar or more, the cost of post office or express money order, or cost of registering the letters from places that are not money order offices, may be deducted from the amount of the order.

STAMPS—On orders of seeds where the amount is less than 50 cents, we will accept stamps in good condition (one and two-cent stamps preferred) the same as cash, but we would ask those remitting stamps to wrap them in oiled paper, if possible, to prevent their sticking together or to the order.

SEEDS POSTPAID BY PARCEL POST—Please bear in mind that the prices given in this catalog include delivery on all seeds by packet, ounce, quarter-pound, pound, two pounds, five pounds and ten pound

Special Notice

Old friends and customers will notice in this catalog that each variety of Vegetable, Flower and Field Seed has a number immediately following the name of the variety. We have adopted this system in order that our customers may more conveniently list the items on their order sheets and that we may assemble and ship their orders in less time.

lots, unless otherwise specified. Send us the amount named in this catalog, and we guarantee safe delivery by postpaid parcel post in these quantities. **This does not include pecks and bushels.**

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE—This Catalog is printed in October and November and the market on many items of garden and field seeds has not yet been established. Consequently prices on those items indicate value at the time these pages are printed. Orders will be filled, if at all possible, at prices printed in this book, but **ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.**

NON-WARRANTY—Chris. Reuter does not give, and his agents and employees are forbidden to give any warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs, plants, etc., he sends out and he will not be any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are to be returned at once, and if the money has been paid for them, it will be refunded. **NO RESPONSIBLE SEEDSMAN GIVES ANY WARRANTY.**

TESTED SEEDS—We test all our seeds to our customers, and should they fail to grow, if promptly and properly tested by customers, we will replace the same amount or give value in others. We cannot afford, knowingly, to send out seeds doubtful as to vitality or purity, and you cannot get any better stocks of any seedsman, even though he deceitfully professes to warrant seeds.

A guarantee from an irresponsible seedsman is of no value whatever. If we should warrant or guarantee seeds in any way, we could be held responsible for the failure of the crop, regardless of cause, and this is a responsibility we cannot and will not accept. Crops are dependent for success or failure on so many things besides seed that it is impossible for us to give any warranty or guarantee.

Alphabetical Index for REUTER'S 1921 SPRING Catalog

VEGETABLE SEED

	Page		Page
Artichoke	4	Mirliton	32
Asparagus Seed	4	Muskmelons	1st cover, 16-17-35
Artichoke, Ground	67	Okra or Gumbo	21
Asparagus Roots	4-32	Onions	22
Beans	4-5-6-7-33	Pe-Tsai, Chinese Cabbage	10
Bean Collection	5	Popcorn	12
Beets, Garden	8-33	Parsley	21
Beets, Stock	8	Parsnips	21
Brussels Sprouts	8	Peas, Garden	23-24-37
Broccoli	8	Peppers	25-37
Borecole, or Kale	10	Potatoes, Irish	26
Chinese or "Celery" Cabbage	10	Potatoes, Sweet, Plants	32
Collards	10	Pumpkins	26
Corn Salad	8	Radishes	27-38
Cabbage	9-10-34	Romaine Cos	15
Cauliflower	11	Roquette	21
Carrots	11	Roots, Vegetable	32
Celery	11	Rutabagas	31
Celeriac	11	Swiss Chard	8
Certified Seed Potatoes	26	Sugar Beets	8
Chervil	11	Sugar Corn	12
Corn, Sweet or Sugar	12	Sweet Corn	12
Cucumbers	13-14-34	Sorrel	21
Celery Lettuce	15	Salsify	21
Cantaloupes	1st cover, 16-17-35	Squash	28-38
Chayote	32	Spinach	27
Casaba Melons	17	Sweet Potatoes—Plants	32
Eggplants	14-34	Tobacco	24
Endive	14	Tomatoes	29-30-36
Fennel, Italian	8	Turnips	31-38
Garlic	21	Turnip Collection	30
Herbs	30	Vegetable Collections	Page 3 and 4th cover
Irish Potatoes	26	Vegetable Pears	32
Italian Fennel	8	Vegetable Plants	32
Jerusalem Artichokes	67	Vegetable Roots	32
Kohlrabi	11	Watermelons	1st cover, 18-19-20-35
Kale, or Borecole	10	Wondermelon	18
Lettuce	15-36	Watermelon Collections	18
Leeks	21		
Mangel Wurzels	8		
Mustard	21		

FIELD SEED

Alfalfa	65	Beans, Soy	69	Upland Rice	66
		Beans, Velvet	69	Velvet Beans	69

MISCELLANEOUS

	Page
Asparagus Roots	4-32
Bird Seed	30
Bulbs	47
Cabbage Plants	32
Chrysanthemum Plants	56
Climbing Vines	52
Evergreens	54
Eggplant Plants	32
Fertilizers	72
Ferns	54
Fruit Trees	50-51
Flower Seeds	39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46
Free Flower Seeds	2nd cover
Flowering Bulbs	47
Fungicides	70
Geranium Plants	56
Herb Seed	30
Horse-Radish Roots	32
Hedges	54
Insecticides	70
Mulford Cultures	72
Onion Sets	22
Palms	55
Pepper Plants	32
Pie Plant or Rhubarb Roots	32
Plants	54-55-56
Plants, Vegetable	32
Roses	48-49, 3rd cover
Rose Collection	3rd cover
Shade Trees	52
Shrubs	52
Sprayers	71
Seeders	71
Sweet Potato Plants	32
Trees, Fruit	50-51
Trees, Shade	52
Vegetable Plants	32
Vines, Climbing	52

Reuter's Peerless Seeds

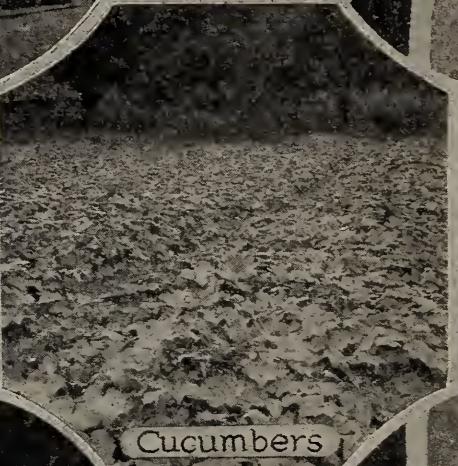
SELECTED FOR THE SOUTH



Three Out of Every Four
of the New Orleans
Market Gardeners Plant
Reuter's Seeds
Exclusively



Lettuce



Cucumbers



Beans



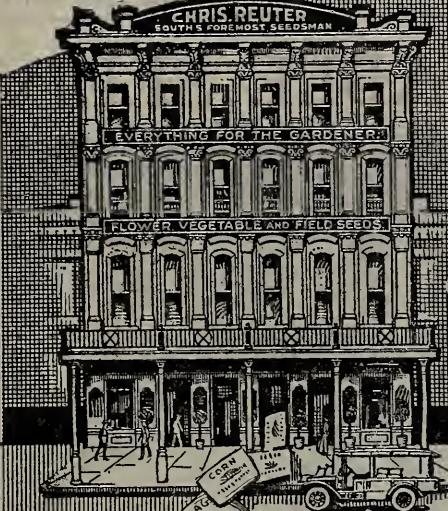
Cabbages



Beets



Carrots



REUTER'S Famous Vegetable Collections

My Big Bargain Seed Collections offer home gardeners an opportunity to obtain the best seeds obtainable at ridiculously low prices. All seeds in these packets are fresh, high-germinating and identical stocks that I supply to commercial truckers—not a cheap supply bought for collection purposes. I can afford to make these low prices because of assembling these collections before the season opens. No alterations or changes in these collections will be permitted.

Reuter's Fifty-Cent Vegetable Collection

15 Packets 50 Cents

1 pkt. Beans, Black Valentine	1 pkt. Giant Southern Curled Mustard
1 pkt. Beets, Extra Early Eclipse	1 pkt. Watermelon, Genuine Rattlesnake
1 pkt. Carrot, Danvers Half Long	1 pkt. Okra, French Market
1 pkt. Cabbage, Charleston Wakefield	1 pkt. Onion, Yellow Bermuda
1 pkt. Cucumber, Evergreen White Spine	1 pkt. Radish, Early Scarlet Turnip White-tipped
1 pkt. Cantaloupe, Genuine Rockyford	1 pkt. Pepper, Royal King
1 pkt. Collards, Georgia or Southern	1 pkt. Squash, Earliest White Bush
	1 pkt. Tomato, Redfield Beauty

30 Packets Vegetable Seed—\$1.00 Postpaid

ILLUSTRATED IN COLORS ON BACK COVER.

1. Beans, Black Valentine	16. Okra, French Market
2. Beans, Wardwell's Kidney Wax	17. Onion, Yellow Bermuda
3. Beans, Kentucky Wonder Pole	18. Parsley, Plain Leaved
4. Beans, Henderson's Bush Lima	19. Peas, Prolific Early Market
5. Beans, Carolina or Sieva Pole Lima	20. Pepper, Royal King
6. Beets, Extra Early Eclipse	21. Pumpkin, Green Striped Cashaw
7. Cabbage, Charleston Wakefield	22. Radish, Early Scarlet Turnip White-tipped
8. Collards, Georgia or Southern	23. Radish, White Icicle
9. Carrots, Danvers Half Long	24. Squash, Early White Bush
10. Cucumber, Evergreen White Spine	25. Spinach, Broad Leaved Flanders
11. Corn, Stowell's Evergreen	26. Tomatoes, Spark's Earliana
12. Lettuce, Peerless Big Boston	27. Tomato, Redfield Beauty
13. Muskmelon, Genuine Rockyford	28. Turnip, Peerless Purple Top White Globe
14. Watermelon, Genuine Rattlesnake	29. Turnip, Seven Top or Salad
15. Mustard, Giant Southern Curled	30. Rutabaga, American Purple Top

Be sure to order the Big Acre Size Garden Collection, listed above and illustrated on back cover.

15
PACKETS
50¢
POSTPAID

30
PACKETS
\$1.00
POSTPAID



REUTER'S PEERLESS VEGETABLE SEEDS



Burpee's Stringless Green Pod

Artichoke — **Green Globe No. 1** — The seed may be sown indoors and plants potted same as tomato and set out in the garden on approach of warm weather; or, the seed can be sown in hills outside and thinned out to one plant to a hill. Plants should be set in rows 3 feet apart and 2 to 3 feet apart in the row. **Prices:** Pkt., 20c; oz., \$1.00; 1/4 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid.

Asparagus Seed — **French Giant Argenteuil No. 2** — A vigorous variety that grows very large, the stalks sometimes weighing 4 ounces each. Seed can be sown either in spring or fall, thinly in drills 1 foot apart. When well up cultivate

frequently and continue until the roots have grown for one year. When transplanting, put the roots 18 inches apart each way and 4 inches below the surface.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., 75c, postpaid.

Asparagus Roots No. 3 — You can save from 1 1/2 to 2 years' time in getting your asparagus beds in condition by the use of our large 2-year-old roots. Plant them in the spring and cut good asparagus the following spring.

Prices: 50 roots for 90c; 100 for \$1.50, postpaid. By express, not prepaid, per 100, \$1.25; 1,000, \$8.00. In lots of 10,000, \$7.50 per 1,000.

REUTER'S Green Pod Bush or Bunch Beans

Bush Beans Easy to Grow — Bush beans are planted in our latitude (New Orleans) from the latter part of January until April 1; sometimes a little later. February and March are the main spring planting months, sowing seed usually when danger of frost is past. They are also planted again during August, September, and the first half of October. Buy enough seed in the spring to plant again in the fall.

Sow in long rows 2 to 3 feet apart, the plants about 3 to 4 inches apart in the rows. Sometimes 5 to 6 beans are dropped to every 8 to 10 inches. Cover about 2 inches. Fine pods may be had from standard varieties by making repeated plantings 10 to 15 days apart during the sowing season. It is more advisable to make small plantings at intervals than sowing a large acreage at once. Keep soil well stirred and when the blossoms appear, draw earth close around the plant. It requires about a pound of seed to sow a 100-foot row. One bushel (60 lbs.) will sow an acre. Takes 2 to 3 months to produce a crop. Most early varieties mature in 40 to 60 days. About 200 to 250 hampers of snap beans are usually produced on an acre.

Bean Prices — Beans are now sold by the pound. A pound is approximately a pint; 2 lbs., slightly over a quart; 5 lbs., about 2 1/2 quarts; 10 lbs., about 5 quarts; 15 lbs., equal to a peck, and a bushel weighs 60 lbs.

Postage Paid — On all beans listed on the following pages up to 10-lb. quantities are postpaid. If larger quantities are wanted sent by mail it will be necessary to remit additional amount at Parcel Post rates. **We do not put up half-pounds of Beans.**

Reuter's Black Valentine No. 10 — Illustrated in color and described on Page 33 of this catalog.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Burpee's Stringless Green Pod No. 46 — The only absolutely stringless green round-podded bean, stringless in all stages of growth, from the time the first pods form until full grown and ready to dry up. It is one of the most popular and widely grown varieties, on account of its reliability, productiveness and good quality for both home use and market. The pods are medium green, 5 to 6 inches long, cylindrical, larger than those of Red Valentine, but are quite as fleshy, of equal high quality and remain crisp and tender longer. They mature a little later. Largely planted throughout Texas and other Southern States for commercial purposes. A good shipper and keeper.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$10.50; 100 lbs., \$17.00.

Giant Stringless Green Pod No. 14 — Illustrated in color and described on page 33 of this catalog.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Bountiful No. 11 — This is surely an excellent dwarf green podded sort that deserves more attention from Southern truckers. The vines are vigorous and produc-

tive. The pods are rich green, immense size, thick, broad, extra long, very uniform in shape, solid, meaty, of high quality. They are tender and brittle much longer than most sorts. The appearance is handsome and absolutely stringless for snaps. The commercial truckers along the Gulf Coast are largely planting this variety, due to its ability to withstand adverse weather conditions, and also due to its productiveness.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$2.75; bu. (60 lbs.), \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$14.50.

Reuter's Extra Early Round Pod Red

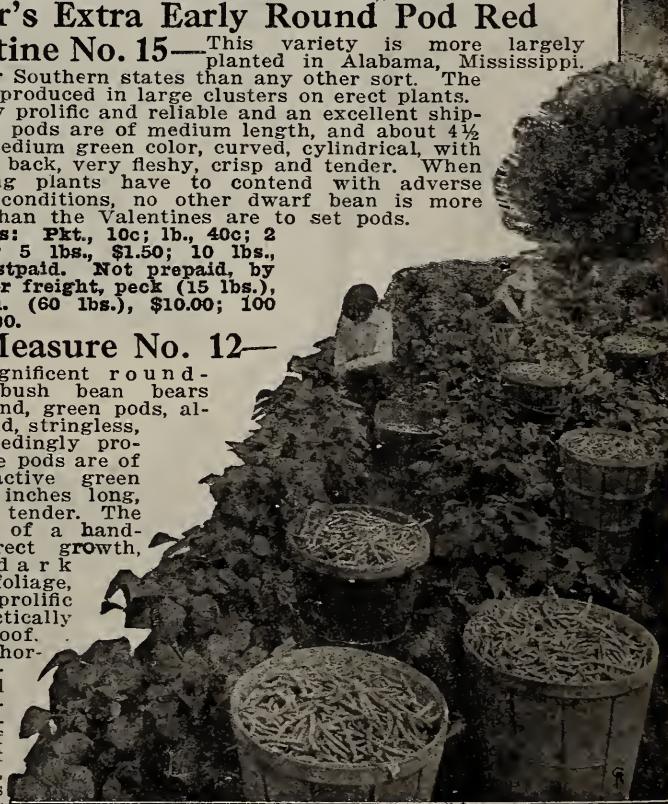
Valentine No. 15 — This variety is more largely planted in Alabama, Mississippi, and other Southern states than any other sort. The pods are produced in large clusters on erect plants. It is very prolific and reliable and an excellent shipper. The pods are of medium length, and about 4 1/2 inches, medium green color, curved, cylindrical, with crease in back, very fleshy, crisp and tender. When the young plants have to contend with adverse weather conditions, no other dwarf bean is more certain than the Valentines are to set pods.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$2.90; bu. (60 lbs.), \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$16.00.

Full Measure No. 12

This magnificent round-podded bush bean bears long, round, green pods, always solid, stringless, and exceedingly prolific. The pods are of an attractive green color, 5 inches long, firm and tender. The plant is of a handsome, erect growth, with dark green foliage, very prolific and practically blight-proof.

It is a thoroughbred stringless variety of the finest quality, always yielding very



Picking Bountiful Beans for Market

“SNAP” BEANS—A QUICK MONEY CROP



Reuter's Red Valentine

large crops of handsome green pods remaining for use many days after maturity. It is coming in great demand among truckers on account of its salable appearance and luscious quality, which holds its customers.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$2.75; bu. (60 lbs.), \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$14.50.

REUTER'S BIG-VALUE HOME GARDEN BEAN COLLECTION—No. 300

25c Postpaid

This is truly a wonderful value in seed and an opportunity that no home with a small garden should overlook. There is no particular profit in my offering this collection, but I know every one who orders and plants it will talk about Reuter's Seed Beans. It includes:

1 Pkt. Each — Henderson's Bush Lima
Kentucky Wonder (Pole)
Burpee's Stringless **25c**
POSTPAID

I have put into this collection my most desirable varieties and the seed is the finest that I can obtain and is all choice, new crop seed. Be sure to include this collection in your order.

Longfellow No. 13 — Sometimes catalogued as the French Market Bean. Unsurpassed for local market and home use. It is not quite as good a shipper as the Valentines or other sorts recommended for this purpose. Largely planted by our local gardeners for home consumption and nearby markets. The pods are long, round, straight and very solid. Ripens uniformly and of the finest flavor.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$2.75; bu. (60 lbs.), \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$14.50.

Extra Early Refugee No. 16 — An extremely early, green-podded sort furnishing round fleshy, light green pods which are slightly curved, of medium size, about 5 inches long, and of fine quality. The plants are a little smaller, more upright, and the leaves are a little larger than those of the Refugee or Thousand to One. Largely planted in our Lower Coast section, as well as in Florida for first early crop for market. Matures in 42 days. Stands shipment well.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$2.75; bu. (60 lbs.), \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$14.50.

SERVICE DEPARTMENT — I feel sure that this unique department that I established some years ago for the sole benefit of my customers can be of great help to many who are not positive as to the proper and most profitable varieties of "Snap" Beans to plant for market purposes in their particular sections. I will be only too glad to give any one the benefit of my personal experience of more than forty years, and tell them the best sort to plant on their farms.

Mulford Cultures

All leguminous crops, including Garden Beans, will thrive best and add greater quantities of valuable nitrogen to the soil, by inoculation.

Refugee or Thousand to One No. 17 — Hardy, vigorous and productive, used largely for canning and shipping. The plants are very large, spreading, exceedingly hardy, with many small, smooth, light green leaves. The mature pods are about 5 1/4 inches long, cylindrical, slightly curved, medium to pale green when in condition for use as snaps.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

DRY OR SHELL BEANS—Red Kidney No. 19 — The good old fashioned baking bean. Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Dwarf White Navy No. 20 — This sort is a sure cropper and extremely prolific. The beans are small, oval, white, handsome and of superior quality for use as dry beans.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

White Mexican or Prolific Tree Bean No. 22

A wonderful, productive white field bean. It is not a green variety, but belongs to the class of field beans, the seed of which resembles the well-known "Navy" bean. On account of its snowy whiteness and its uniformly small size, the White Mexican or Prolific Tree Bean commands the highest price in all markets. There isn't a single good reason why you should buy white or navy beans at the store for winter use, when planting anywhere from one to five pounds of White Mexican beans will give you an ample supply. You can just as easily grow these beans for yourself and you'll find this superb sort entirely satisfactory for this purpose. Plants of erect growth, holding pods well up off the ground, although in seasons with plenty of rain there is a tendency to throw some runners. Ordinarily, plants grow 20 to 24 inches high, branching in all



Refugee, or Thousand to One

directions. Plant in rows about 2 feet apart, leaving single plants 6 to 8 inches apart in the row. Can be used either as a snap or dry as a shell bean. Thirty pounds will plant an acre.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

A Texas Melon Grower Writes:

"Your wonder watermelons are ripe now and I have never tasted as fine a melon. It is also very prolific." You will find a full description of my wondermelon on Page 18 and a picture of it in actual colors on front cover.

Wax or Yellow Podded Bush or Bunch Beans

Wardwell's Kidney

Wax No. 23—Illustrated in color and described on page 33 of this catalog.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$2.75; bu. (60 lbs.), \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$14.50.

Davis White Kidney Wax No. 25

A well-known market sort largely planted in the South for shipment to Northern markets. The pods are remarkably long, about six inches, sometimes longer. They are light yellow, straight, very attractive and when young are crisp and tender. The dry beans are excellent for baking. Seed medium large, kidney-shaped, clear white.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.50; bu. (60 lbs.), \$12.50; 100 lbs., \$20.00.



Currie's Rust Proof Wax

It is very extensively used for snaps for the home garden and market. The plants are medium size, erect in growth, with small foliage, very vigorous, mid-early in season with longer bearing period than most sorts. The pods are of medium length, four and one-fourth inches, borne well up from the ground, curved, cylindrical and fleshy. They are of a clear, light golden yellow color and remain a long time in condition for use as snaps.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., 1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$2.75; bu. (60 lbs.), \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$14.50.

Pencil Pod Wax No. 27—This very handsome black wax sort is medium early, fairly hardy and productive. It is one of the very best sorts for home use and near markets where highest quality is desired. The plants are strong. The pods are long, five and one-half to six inches, straight, round, fleshy and of a bright yellow color. They are tender, absolutely stringless and are produced through a long season. Very popular in Southwest Texas among the market gardeners and truckers.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.25; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Keeney's Rustless Golden Wax No. 28—The plants of this very hardy and productive second early sort are strong, vigorous and have short runners, and rather small, smooth leaves. The pods are about five inches long, oval-flat, stringless, light yellow, wax-like and handsome.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.50; bu. (60 lbs.), \$12.50; 100 lbs., \$20.00.

Hodson Wax No. 29—The plants of this late maturing variety are exceedingly vigorous, hardy and productive. It is rust resistant and is becoming popular with truckers and shippers. The pods are handsome, clear creamy-white, very long, about six to seven inches, straight or slightly curved, flat but fleshy, and of good quality. They are crisp and tender if picked when quite young.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$2.75; bu. (60 lbs.), \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$14.50.

Weber Wax No. 30—The pods are of an exceedingly bright yellow color; handsomer in this respect than many other wax sorts. The vines are strong, holding the pods up well. Largely planted by truckers in Louisiana for shipment to Northern markets.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$2.75; bu. (60 lbs.), \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$14.50.

Currie's Rust Proof Wax No. 31—One of the earliest and most prolific of all wax beans. It has been claimed that this variety is absolutely rust-proof, and we have found it as nearly rust-proof as any wax podded bean. The plants are very vigorous and hardy. The pods are light yellow, about five and one-half inches in length. Extremely popular with market gardeners and equally desirable for home use.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.25; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

POLE OR RUNNING BEANS—Culture—They are usually planted in hills 2 to 5 feet apart, 6 inches apart, although sometimes the poles are placed at planting time. The hills are often raised a little to insure good drainage, which is essential. Three to four beans are planted in every hill, and sometimes more. In most gardens, pole beans are planted alongside of a fence or trellis, and do nicely. Grow finely in the shade of corn also. If you keep the pods of all beans well gathered as fast as they are ready for use it will prolong the bearing period. Use one pound to 50 hills; three-fourths bushel (45 lbs.) to the acre.

Reuter's White Creaseback No. 32—This green round podded, white seeded creaseback variety is valuable for its extreme earliness and its habit of perfecting all of its pods within a short time. The vines are medium sized, vigorous, and in good soil wonderfully productive, bearing perfectly round, fleshy pods in clusters of from four to twelve. The pods are of medium length, usually about 5 to 6 inches, comparatively straight and of light green color. They are of the best quality for snaps for home use and stand shipping better than most sorts. Seed small, oval, white.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

McCaslan No. 33—A wonderfully prolific bean, absolutely stringless, white seeded, green podded buttery, rustless and very early. Vines continue to bear throughout the season if kept closely picked. The enormous dark green pods are produced in immense clusters, often measure 7 to 9 inches long, contain 5 to 7 beans, are particularly handsome, solid, meat of admirable form, free from coarseness, and when cooked are exceedingly tender and are of deliciously mild and sweet flavor. The dry beans are of a beautiful pure white.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 80c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.40, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.75; bu. (60 lbs.), \$14.00; 100 lbs., \$22.50.

Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead No. 34—This is an early very prolific sort with showy pods which is a reliable and very productive, bearing pods in large clusters. The pods are of medium size, light green, often reaching nine to ten inches, curved and twisted and nearly round; very crisp, when young, becoming very irregular and spongy as the beans ripen. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Reuter's Surecrop Stringless Wax No.

24—A valuable new sort of recent introduction that has made good in the Southern States, and is being largely planted for snaps to ship to Northern markets by commercial growers. It resembles the Currie's Rust Proof Wax in plant, pods and beans, but is entirely different in quality, tenderness and is stringless at all stages of its growth. Produces pods which average six inches long, are flat, thick and meaty. The plants are very thrifty and hardy, resisting blight admirably. Illustrated on this page.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$2.75; bu. (60 lbs.), \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$14.50.

Dwarf Prolific

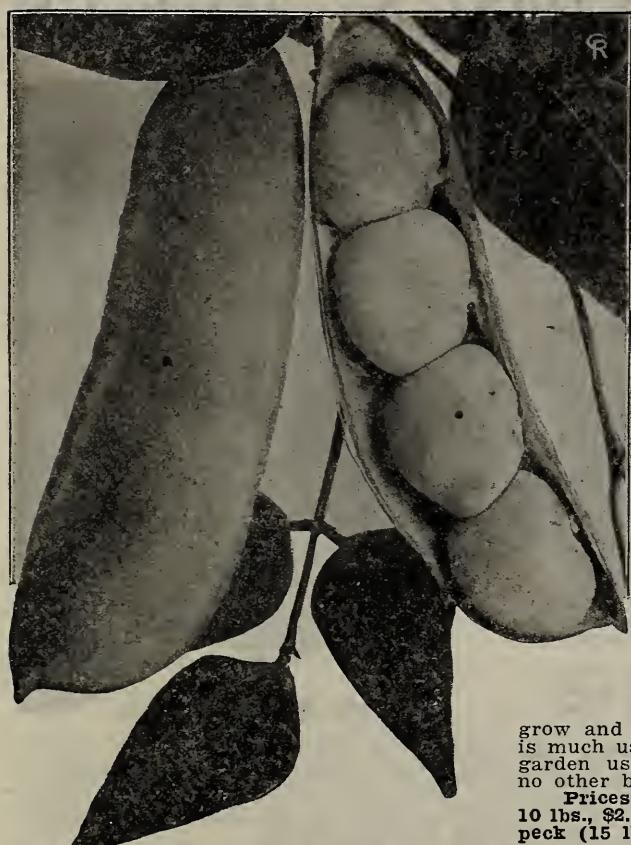
Black Wax No. 26

An exceptionally productive, very hardy, reliable variety.



Surecrop Stringless Wax

Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead No. 34—This is an early very prolific sort with showy pods which is a reliable and very productive, bearing pods in large clusters. The pods are of medium size, light green, often reaching nine to ten inches, curved and twisted and nearly round; very crisp, when young, becoming very irregular and spongy as the beans ripen. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.



Henderson's Bush Lima

true bush form; about two feet high, bearing great profusion of broad, flat, handsome beans, which cook quickly and are of superior quality.

Prices: Pkt.: 10c; lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 80c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.40, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.75; bu. (60 lbs.), \$14.00; 100 lbs., \$22.50.

Fordhook Bush Lima No. 41—The very best large-seeded bush lima bean. Produces a strong, erect, true bush-like growth. The foliage is of heavy texture and a very dark green in color. The pods are borne in clusters of from four to eight. The pods measure from 4 to 5½ inches long, about 1¼ inches wide, by as much as three-fourths of an inch thick. The pods contain 3 to 5 large beans with an average of four. Matures in about 60 days. You will make a mistake if you don't plant Fordhook Bush Lima in your garden this spring.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 50c; 2 lbs., 90c; 5 lbs., \$2.00; 10 lbs., \$3.75. postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$4.25; bu. (60 lbs.), \$16.50; 100 lbs., \$27.50.

POLE LIMA BEANS—More Prolific Than Bush Sorts

Carolina Or Sieva No. 42—This very early and reliable bean is especially adapted for planting in the Southern States. The vines are glossy dark green. The pods are dark green, short, about three inches, curved, flat. Seed small, flat, white with slight tinge of yellow. This is sometimes called Sewee. Largely planted by the New Orleans' market gardeners for shipment to Northern markets.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 80c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.40, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.60; bu. (60 lbs.), \$13.50; 100 lbs., \$22.00.

Siebert's No. 43—The vine is exceptionally hardy, vigorous and produces pods very early and continues bearing a long time.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 80c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.60; bu. (60 lbs.), \$13.50; 100 lbs., \$22.00.

King of the Garden No. 44—The pods are large, numerous and well filled and the beans are of mammoth size.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 80c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.60; bu. (60 lbs.), \$13.50; 100 lbs., \$22.00.

Florida Butter No. 45—You can't beat this variety for bearing early in the season. It blooms and bears profusely all through the season. It will make an abundant crop when others fail. It bears pods from the very first bloom that appears on the plants, something that is not true of any other pole lima bean. Seeds of the Carolina or Sieva Lima size, but are speckled white and brownish red.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 80c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.40, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.60; bu. (60 lbs.), \$13.50; 100 lbs., \$22.00.

Carolina or Sieva

POLE OR RUNNING BEANS—(Continued)

Southern Prolific No. 35—Known in some sections as the Georgian Pole Bean. It makes a strong growing vine either for trailing on pole or for planting in corn, and is fairly covered with medium sized, meaty, practically stringless pods of finest flavor and quality. Withstands extreme heat and drought more than any other pole variety and keeps on producing until killed by frost. It is a bean to stay with you late in the season, giving both satisfaction and plenty of beans under late summer and fall conditions when beans are usually scarce.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.40, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.75; bu. (60 lbs.), \$14.00; 100 lbs., \$22.50.

Cornfield (Genuine) No. 36—This extensively cultivated green podded, climbing sort with red speckled oval seed, is used largely in the South for planting among corn. It will give a good crop without the use of poles. The vines are medium but vigorous, twining loosely with dark colored leaves. The snap pods are short, three to three and one-half inches, straight, flat to oval, fleshy and of good quality. This is the true type.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 80c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.40, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.75; bu. (60 lbs.), \$14.00; 100 lbs., \$22.50.

Plant More Lima Or Butter Beans

No home garden should be without this crop for they can be used either in green stage or as dry beans. They should not be planted quite as early as the snap beans, for they are very tender and are liable to rot in the ground if the weather is too cold or too wet. The several Bush Lima Beans described below are most suitable for both home garden and market and require no poles; plant and cultivate same as "snap" beans. Plant Lima Beans with the "eye" down.

Henderson's Bush Lima No.

38—The earliest of all bush limas; two weeks earlier than any of the climbing sorts. Very hardy and productive. The plants are without runners, but continue to pods until stopped by frost. This variety by canners, as well as for home and market The New Orleans' market gardeners plant no other bush variety.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$10.50; 100 lbs., \$17.00.

Jackson Wonder No. 39—This is the most prolific and one of the best speckled limas you can possibly plant. It is of the best quality.



Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 50c; 2 lbs., 90c; 5 lbs., \$2.00; 10 lbs., \$3.75. postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$4.25; bu. (60 lbs.), \$16.50; 100 lbs., \$27.50.

POLE LIMA BEANS—More Prolific Than Bush Sorts

Carolina Or Sieva No. 42—This very early and reliable bean is especially adapted for planting in the Southern States. The vines are glossy dark green. The pods are dark green, short, about three inches, curved, flat. Seed small, flat, white with slight tinge of yellow. This is sometimes called Sewee. Largely planted by the New Orleans' market gardeners for shipment to Northern markets.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 80c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.40, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.60; bu. (60 lbs.), \$13.50; 100 lbs., \$22.00.

Siebert's No. 43—The vine is exceptionally hardy, vigorous and produces pods very early and continues bearing a long time.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 80c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.60; bu. (60 lbs.), \$13.50; 100 lbs., \$22.00.

King of the Garden No. 44—The pods are large, numerous and well filled and the beans are of mammoth size.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 80c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.60; bu. (60 lbs.), \$13.50; 100 lbs., \$22.00.

Florida Butter No. 45—You can't beat this variety for bearing early in the season. It blooms and bears profusely all through the season. It will make an abundant crop when others fail. It bears pods from the very first bloom that appears on the plants, something that is not true of any other pole lima bean. Seeds of the Carolina or Sieva Lima size, but are speckled white and brownish red.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 45c; 2 lbs., 80c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.40, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.60; bu. (60 lbs.), \$13.50; 100 lbs., \$22.00.

Kentucky Wonder

REUTER'S SUPERB GARDEN BEETS

Culture—The best results are obtained on a deep, rich, sandy loam. Sow in rows 18 inches apart, covering about an inch deep and press the soil firmly over the seed. When the plants are well established, thin 4 to 6 inches apart in the row. In this latitude beets are planted from January until the end of April, and from the middle of July to the end of November.

Crosby Egyptian No. 54—Illustrated in color and described on page 33 of this catalog.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 75c per lb.

Extra Early Eclipse No. 55—An early beet, especially desirable for the home garden and used by truckers for bunching. The roots are bright deep red, smooth, round or slightly top-shaped with a small tap and small collar. The flesh is bright red, zoned with pinkish white, very sweet, crisp, tender, especially when young. Makes a rapid growth. Stands long-distance shipping well.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 70c per lb.

Crescent City No. 56—A strain of the Egyptian, similar to the Crosby, but of darker color and a little earlier. This is the ideal beet for market gardeners and the home garden. It is very symmetrical, with small tap root and but few fibrous roots; color inside is deep blood red, inside layers of blood red and light red alternately. When cooked they are a beautiful dark red throughout, fine grained and unsurpassed in quality.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 75c per lb.

Edmands Blood Turnip No. 57—A desirable second early market beet, suitable for home garden. Tops short, rather spreading; ribs and leaf stalks dark red; blade of leaf bright green, often with wavy edge. Roots nearly round or slightly flattened; exterior color dark red, interior color purplish red with little zoning; crisp, tender, sweet and an excellent keeper. The roots grow regular and are of right marketable size.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 70c per lb.



Edmands Blood Turnip Beet

Detroit Dark Red No. 58—One of the best beets for market or home garden, and on account of its uniformly deep rich color the most desirable for canning. The tops are small and upright in growth. The roots are medium sized, globular or nearly round, very smooth and of dark blood red color. The flesh is deep vermillion red, zoned with a lighter shade of the same color. A very desirable bunching variety.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 75c per lb.

Crimson Globe No. 59—A handsome and medium size, globe-shape sort, entirely free from rootlets; a grand second early sort, ready for use in about 45 days. The foliage is small but just right for bunching. The flesh is a rich blood red, slightly zoned in a most attractive manner; always tender and sweet.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 75c per lb.

Swiss Chard No. 60—This kind of beet is grown exclusively for its numerous, fleshy tender leaves and leaf stalks, which are superior to those of other beets for greens. This variety we offer has large, broad, undulated leaves of attractive yellowish green color, and very large, broad white stalks and midribs or chards.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 75c per lb.



MANGELS AND SUGAR BEETS FOR STOCK—Mammoth Long Red

Mangel No. 61—Also known as Jumbo or Colossal. A truly mammoth variety for stock-feeding purposes. A single root often weighs 40 to 50 lbs., and sometimes more. In yield it is enormously productive; 1,200 to 1,700 bushels to the acre is not rare on good soils. Roots grow one-half to two-thirds above the surface and are usually 18 inches to 2 feet long and 4 to 6 inches in diameter. Matures in about 3 months.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 20c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 40c per lb.

Klein Wanzleben Sugar Beet No. 62—The Sugar Beets are desirable not only for making sugar, but are valuable for stock-feeding, and, when small, may be used for the table. This variety is one of the richest sorts in sugar content.

Prices: Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 60c per lb.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS—A species of the cabbage family. Plant resembles the cabbage, an inch or two in diameter formed on the stalk at each leaf joint. The culture is the same as for Cabbage, except the leaves should be broken down in the late spring to give the little heads more room to grow. Ready for use in about 125 days.

Improved Long Island No. 77—The best sort to plant for market or home garden. We offer strictly Long Island Grown Seed.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., \$4.00, postpaid.

BROCCOLI—A vegetable somewhat similar but harder than Cauliflower. Should be treated the same as cauliflower. Grows larger and taller and withstands greater extremes of temperature than cauliflower.

WHITE CAPE No. 72—This is the best sort for the South. The heads are white, compact, hard and of fine quality.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c; 1/4 lb., \$2.50, postpaid.

Italian Fennel No. 265—A bulb-like vegetable which is formed above the ground at the base of the leaf stalks if the plant is well grown. Blanched and boiled it has a slightly aromatic odor and pleasant taste.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.

Corn Salad No. 205 (Douce)—This is a hardy, quick-growing plant; the leaves furnish a good substitute for lettuce during the winter. Sow the seed broadcast or in drills 9 inches apart, during the fall and winter. Matures in 6 to 8 weeks.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 75c, postpaid.

Mammoth Long Red Mangel

REUTER'S CABBAGE SEED for the SOUTH

Reuter's Cabbage Seed

Ever since we started in the seed business, cabbage seed has been a leading specialty with us. Our cabbage seed is grown by the most reliable and responsible growers in the United States. We do not sell a single pound of European grown cabbage seed, excepting the Danish Ball Head and Copenhagen Market varieties. Every head of cabbage is looked over carefully before it is allowed to produce seed for us. We believe there is no seed that is more reliable, nor any that can be more implicitly depended upon to give Southern gardeners uniformly satisfactory results. The first requisite for success with cabbage is good seed. In this crop quality of seed used is of the greatest importance. No satisfactory results can possibly be obtained when poor seed is planted. We sell one grade of cabbage seed—the very best. Write for our Free Bulletin, "How to Grow, Pack and Ship Cabbage for Profit."

Reuter's Charleston

Wakefield No. 83—

Illustrated in color and described on Page 34 of this catalog. The grandest spring variety in existence. Our Long Island grown seed is the finest bred strain ever offered in the South.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00; 5 lbs., \$13.75, postpaid.

Early Jersey Wakefield No. 84—This most excellent variety is the earliest and surest heading of first early cabbages for the market and home garden. Earliness and hard heading in this variety are most important to growers. It has few outer leaves, and in compactness and regularity our strain cannot be surpassed. It matures large, hard, conical-shaped heads of splendid eating quality within 75 to 80 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$2.75 per lb.

Crescent City Flat Dutch No. 85—This cabbage has made some wonderful records in Florida, Mississippi, Texas, and Louisiana, both from spring and fall plantings, and will do the same for you. It is truly a splendid main crop, heavy producing strain of Flat Dutch. We do not recommend it for an early cabbage, but for main crop and late it is just as good as anything we offer. The heads are firm and hard, stand shipment well, and resist heat and cold on account of its vigorous characteristics. Ready to cut in 100 to 110 days from planting the seed.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; lb., \$2.90, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, at \$2.75 per lb.

All Head Early No. 86—An excellent second early market sort that produces heads that are very large for so early a cabbage and of good quality. The plants are compact, with few outer leaves. The stem is short. The heads are solid and flat, but very deep. It is a dependable sort, and the demand for this stock is growing every year. We sell hundreds of pounds of our special strain to truck growers in Southwest



Reuter's Monster Surehead

Texas, also along the Gulf Coast of Louisiana and Mississippi. Matures in about 100 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; lb., \$2.90, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$2.75 per lb.

Peerless Large Late Flat

Dutch No. 87—

The best flat Dutch ever introduced in the South. Largely planted by our local gardeners. The plants are very hardy, comparatively slow growing, but very sure heading; stem rather short. The plants are exceptionally vigorous, with very large, broad, spreading outer leaves, which are moderately smooth or very slightly waved. This is considered by many as the standard very large late cabbage for home garden and market.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.75, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$2.50 per lb.

St. Louis Market No.

88—Largely planted in Southwest Texas by truckers on account of its strong heading characteristics, resistance to unfavorable weather, and keeping qualities. Plants are large, compact, vigorous, and best quality.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.75, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$2.50 per lb.

Copenhagen Market No. 89—The earliest, large round-headed cabbage yet introduced. The heads are exceptionally large for so early a variety, very solid, and of most excellent quality. This is a most excellent sort, both for home garden and market. Ready for market in 85 to 90 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50, postpaid.

Danish Ball Head No. 90—Very hardy, sure-heading, very solid, of good quality. The plants are vigorous and compact, with stems of medium length. The heads are medium size, round, very solid, and heavy.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00, postpaid.

Reuter's Peerless Succession No. 91—The most celebrated second-early variety of cabbage in cultivation. It stands today unrivaled as a second-early or main-crop sort. The heads become solid long before they are fully grown, so that though immature, heads of satisfactory size may be cut long before it is at its best. This quality, combined with its ability to stand well without splitting, makes it available for use over a longer season than most other sorts. The heads are of medium size, very firm and solid, averaging 10 to 12 inches in diameter, but are frequently larger. Average weight 12 to 15 pounds, although our growers have produced cabbage from our seed to weigh 25 pounds. My strain is remarkable for its purity, trueness to type and uniformity. We offer Long Island grown seed only, stock that is dependable.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$2.75 per lb.

Stein's Early Flat Dutch



Stein's Early Flat Dutch

No. 92—The best and largest early flat cabbage for the South. Unquestionably it is the finest bred and earliest of the very large (weighs 17 to 25 lbs.) cabbage and the most solid headed, thoroughbred of its class. It is a dwarf, compact, grower, allowing close planting, a sure header, most uniform in growth, attractive in appearance, free from any coarseness, and of splendid quality. Practically every plant will form a very large, solid head and mature earlier than any variety of equal size. It is highly suitable for every growing season. For Fall and early Spring planting it is unexcelled. The plants are short-stemmed, compact, and upright with comparatively few and short leaves. The heads are large for the size of the plant, nearly round and somewhat flattened, close, firm and very solid. If you want the best early flat-headed cabbage, plant Stein's Early Flat Dutch, and you will not be disappointed.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; 1b., \$3.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$2.75 per lb.



Reuter's Peerless Succession

Monster Surehead No. 93—A dark blue-green, hard headed, medium-sized cabbage that has captured the approval of nearly every big commercial trucker in Southwest Texas and along the Gulf Coast. The plants are rather upright, allowing closer planting than the late flat Dutch types; stems rather short. The heads are large, broad, thick, and somewhat flattened, compact, very solid, and of exceptional quality. For sureness in heading and regularity in growth, this variety heads the list, and its adaptability to soils and climates is the dominating feature so conspicuously responsible for its great popularity. Reuter's Monster Surehead will discount any other flat-head type of cabbage and excel it in earliness, hardness and size.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; 1b., \$2.75, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$2.50 per lb.

Texas Volga No. 94—A quick grower, maturing about the same time as Stein's Early Flat Dutch (about 90 to 100 days), producing uniformly round heads with short stems and plants of compact growth. It makes deep very heavy head, remarkably solid and white. Grows close to the ground and produces heads that are uniform in shape, size, and maturity.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 85c; 1b., \$2.75, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, \$2.50 per lb.

American Savoy No. 95—The best crumpled leaf cabbage. The Savoy cabbage is noted for its fine and delicate flavor. The leaves are wrinkled or densely crumpled. Matures fine large heads in about 110 days. A good keeper, and one of the best sorts for the home garden.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; 1b., \$3.50, postpaid.

All Head Early

**Mammoth Red Rock**

No. 96—The best, largest heading, hardiest and most dependable red cabbage. Produces heads in 120 days, round, very solid and of a deep red color, often weighing 12 pounds each. Used principally for pickling. A sure cropper.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; 1b., \$4.50, postpaid.

Pe-Tsai or Chinese Cabbage No. 82

This variety is straight short-leaved, which we import direct from Northern China. It makes a solid head, with few outer leaves, and is the most desirable type to plant. Grows very quickly, being ready to eat in 60 days. The seed should not be sown during hot weather. Start the plants in a bed and transplant to about 15 inches apart in the row. It is very palatable if boiled like cabbage, but must be cooked quickly.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; 1b., \$3.50, postpaid

COLLARDS—This type of cabbage is grown for winter use in the Southern States to furnish a large amount of green forage for stock and to provide boiling greens for table use.

Southern or Georgia No. 178—This variety is the old-time favorite. Very hardy, standing winters as far North as Tennessee. Will make good crop where the soil is too poor to grow cabbage.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1b., 75c, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 60c per lb.

Whitehead Collards No. 179—A white heading variety of collards that is as hardy as the ordinary collard, but with better eating qualities and the heading character of the cabbage is its most desirable feature. Does not grow as tall as the Georgia, but the leaves grow closer together on the stem. It is more tender and better flavored sort. This cabbage-like collard grows fine in hot weather and stands winter cold that would kill cabbage.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1b., \$1.00, postpaid.

BORECOLE or KALE—A member of the cabbage family, known as Curley Greens. It's more hardy than cabbage and much superior in eating qualities than collards.

Early Green Curled Kale No. 67—The plant is low and compact; very hardy. Remarkably tender and delicate in flavor. Leaves rich green and very curly.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1b., \$1.25, postpaid.

CAULIFLOWER, CARROTS, CELERY, ETC.



Peerless Snowball Cauliflower

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., 80c; 5 lbs., \$3.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 65c per lb.

Long Orange No. 133—A well known sort, roots long, thickest near the crown, tapering regularly to a point, color deep orange. It is a good keeper of fine quality for winter use. A heavy cropper, so heavy in fact that it is profitable to grow for stock feed, while in quality it is a table carrot.

Prices: Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 60c per lb.

Large White Belgian No. 134—The best of all stock carrots. The yield is enormous, often 20 to 25 tons per acre. There is no better stock food in the world than this crop. Produces large roots in 90 to 100 days.

Prices: Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, at 60c per lb.

CELERY—**Culture**—The seed in our latitude is usually sown during June and July, and then again during the fall months. Sow the seed in a seed bed, covered with burlap, canvas or cheesecloth, to prevent the sun from injuring the young seedlings. As soon as the plants are about two inches high transplant to another seed bed to make them stocky. Cover the seed with a very little soil and firm well. Keep the seed bed moist to insure quick germination and vigorous growth. The plants should be ready to set out in October when planted during June and July. When ready for the garden, set the plants 6 to 8 inches part in rows 3 to 4 feet apart. Work up the soil between the rows and draw it around the plants from time to time until the plants are covered to their very tips, and they will be ready for use soon after. Count on about 400 plants to the packet of seed; 3,000 to the ounce. One-third of an oz. to 100-foot of drill. Requires 4 to 5 months to produce the crop.

Golden Self-Blanching No. 155—A variety for market gardeners. We have had this seed grown for us in France by the same grower for a number of years, so we know our stock is right.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 75c; 1/4 lb., \$2.50; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.

White Plume No. 156—A handsome early variety; leaves are bright green at base, shading nearly white at tips. As plants mature, the inner stems and leaves turn white.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.25, postpaid.

Giant Pascal No. 157—A very good sort. The stalks are solid and stringless. Vigorous grower.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.25, postpaid.

Celeriac No. 158—Turnip Rooted Celery. The roots are the edible portion, excellent for salads and stews. They are also cooked and sliced as a salad.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

KOHLRABI—The edible part is the turnip-shaped bulb formed above the ground. It is tender and excellent when used before fully grown, combining somewhat the flavors of cabbage and turnip.

Early White Vienna No. 306—The best variety for you to plant.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid.

CHERVIL No. 173—A hardy annual with aromatic leaves somewhat resembling parsley. The young leaves are used in soups and for flavoring and garnishing meats and vegetables.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 60c; lb., \$2.25, postpaid.

Oxheart Carrot



Chantenay Carrot

Reuter's SWEET and ROASTING EAR CORN



Early Large Adams

Culture—The Sweet Corn crop is more largely grown for local markets than for shipment, but within the past three years or so a great deal of attention has been devoted to the culture of this crop for shipping purposes, and many carloads are annually distributed to the big Northern markets from Louisiana, Texas, Florida and the Carolinas. As a rule, sweet and sugar corns cannot be planted as early as the field corns; the best plan is to keep the soil worked until the weather becomes warm, then plant. Plant during February and March, or just as soon as all danger of frost is past. Plant the corn in drills, the rows three to four feet apart; after the corn is about ten or twelve inches high, thin out to a stand, leaving a stalk every ten inches in the row. When planted in hills, more than four plants should never be allowed to remain. Quantity required: one pound to 200 hills; about 14 pounds per acre.

Stowell's Evergreen (Sugar) No. 188—This is not only the most celebrated, but the most popular of all varieties. Although not an early sort, it is, without any exception, the best for table use of the entire lot, although quite late. Some may observe they have tried it and have not had the pure stock, as no variety degenerates so quickly unless the grower is exceedingly careful.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (11 lbs.), \$2.00; bu. (44 lbs.), \$7.00.

Country Gentleman (Sugar) No. 189—The ears average nine inches in length and are borne from two to five and sometimes six on each stalk. The cob is small and very closely packed from tip to butt with slender, pure white kernels of the finest quality. If you try this variety you will like it.

Prices: By mail, postpaid: Pkt., 10c; pound, 35c; 2 lbs., 60c. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (11 lbs.), \$2.00; bu. (44 lbs.), \$7.00.

Golden Bantam (Sugar) No. 190—It is not only the sweetest, but also one of the hardest, and what it lacks in size is more than made up by its other grand qualities. The ears are from 6 to 7 inches long, eight rowed, filled with broad, sweet, golden yellow kernels of a delightful flavor. It may be planted with perfect safety from ten days to two weeks earlier than the Sweet Corns. The dry seed is quite solid and is not apt to rot as that of the softer kinds.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (11 lbs.), \$2.00; bu. (44 lbs.), \$7.00.

Adams Extra Early (Sweet) No. 191—We handle only the earliest dwarf strain of this variety. It is not a Sugar Corn, but produces ears well filled with tender, white grains. If you want the first Sweet Corn on the market or table, plant this stock.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express of freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$2.00; bu. (50 lbs.), \$7.00.

Adams Early Large (Sweet) No. 192—One of our leading varieties. Matures about two weeks later than the Extra Early Adams, but ears are larger and handsomer. The stalks are vigorous, averaging seven feet in height, and well bladed.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.40; bu. (50 lbs.), \$5.00.

Truckers' Favorite No. 193—A wonderful early table corn, a cross between the Adams Early and another splendid variety. Average height of stalk about 5 feet. The ear is thick, well grained to the end of the cob, rows of grain straight and uniform. When cut green for market the ears average from 12 to 14 inches in length. It is only a few days later than the Adams Early in cutting, and, being a large ear, commands the highest price in the market. This corn has sold in the New York markets for \$8.00 per 100 ears, wholesale. In eating, this corn is slightly sweet, resembling sugar corn in taste. It is very productive, producing two and often three good ears to the stalk. Being hardy, can be planted at same time as Adams Early, as it will stand a great deal of cold and wet weather.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.40; bu. (50 lbs.), \$5.00.

French Market No. 194—A fine early maturing variety, producing large, well filled ears, that is largely planted by the local market gardeners for shipping to Northern markets for roasting ear purposes. It is a little later than the Early Large Adams, but the ear is larger and more desirable for shipping.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.40; bu. (56 lbs.), \$5.00.



Stowell's Evergreen

Reuter's Selected Shelled Pop Corn For Seed—Pop Corn is a very profitable crop, yields well even in unfavorable weather and there is always a good market for it. Plant at the rate of 12 pounds to the acre, in drills 3 feet apart, dropping seed 1½ feet apart in the rows; or plant in hills, using 5 to 8 lbs. per acre. Cultivate the same as field corn. It matures early and can be fed with profit to young stock, especially pigs, calves, etc. It yields fully as much fodder as the best field corn; in shelled corn it yields nearly, if not quite, as much as some field corn.

Monarch White Rice No. 196—Everybody knows the old variety named White Rice. Our strain is an improvement, with large ears, and the ears are more abundantly produced. The stalks grow taller and the ears are much longer, but more slender, compared with the Japanese Hulless.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10 lbs., \$1.75; 50 lbs., \$7.50; 100 lbs., \$14.00.

New Golden Queen No. 197—The stalks grow six feet high and the large ears are produced in abundance. Ears larger than most sorts; rich orange yellow color; kernels round and smooth. It pops perfectly white and a single kernel will expand to a diameter of nearly an inch.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10 lbs., \$1.75; 50 lbs., \$7.50; 100 lbs., \$14.00.

Japanese Hulless No. 198—Also known in some sections as Tom Thumb, or Bumble Bee. A dwarf growing corn, heavy yielder of attractive ears, peculiar in form, being nearly as thick as long. Its crowning merit lies in its popping quality, fine flavor, and absence of hull or shell.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10 lbs., \$2.75; 50 lbs., \$12.50.

REUTER'S True-To-Name Cucumber Seed

Culture—Do not plant the seed in the open ground until all danger of frost is past, and the ground becomes warm. If planted earlier, they should be protected. In the garden, prepare hills three to four feet apart each way by slightly scraping out the soil and putting one or two shovelfuls of well-rotted manure in the hollow. The manure should be covered with four inches of fine loose soil and 10 to 15 seeds scattered on the surface of each hill. The seeds ought to be covered about one-half inch, and in sandy soil, a little deeper. Only one or two plants are to be allowed to grow in each hill, but a liberal quantity of seed is planted in each hill, as the young plants are apt to be destroyed by insects. Cultivate frequently as long as the vines permit. One packet of seed will plant about 15 hills; one ounce about 100-foot row; two to three pounds to the acre. Ready to use in 50 to 80 days, depending upon the variety planted. Bugs and insects usually trouble this crop. Arsenate of Lead is a good insecticide to kill the striped cucumber beetle or any other bug that may annoy the plants. Pyrox is also a good material.

Reuter's Extra Dark Evergreen White Spine No. 215—Illustrated in color and described on page 34 of this catalog. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 90c per lb.

Reuter's Early Fortune No. 216—One of the finest types of White Spine yet produced. Early, very productive and disease-resistant; fruits nine inches long, slightly tapering; flesh white, very firm and crisp, with few seeds. The color is a rich, dark green, which does not fade when shipped a long distance. On account of its earliness, handsome shape, medium size, dark glossy green color and prolificness, it has become one of the most popular varieties with commercial truckers who plant acres for shipment to Northern markets. Matures in about 50 days. It is one of the earliest and finest dark-black, green-white spine cucumbers.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.00 per lb.

Improved Long Green No. 217—A standard well-known table sort; 12 to 14 inches long, slender, more or less warted, tapering towards the stem end; color dark green, flesh white and firm. The stock we offer is splendid. This variety furnishes some fruits early, but matures the bulk of its crop rather late. This is probably the most extensively cultivated cucumber for the home garden. Matures in about 65 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

Small Gherkins No. 218—Planted exclusively for pickles. This is a very small, oval, prickly fruited sort quite distinct from others and should always be picked when young and tender. The seed is distinctly smaller than that of other cucumbers, and is slow to germinate. Matures in about 80 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid.

New Orleans Market No. 219—Largely planted by truckers in the vicinity of New Orleans for shipment to Northern markets. It is a dark green white spine variety, producing fruits that are long, cylindrical, very dark green, with very white, crisp, tender flesh. The vines are vigorous and productive. The mature fruits are about 8 to 10 inches long. An ideal shipping sort. Matures in about 55 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.00 per lb.

Henderson's Perfected White Spine No. 220—It is early, prolific and produces large and symmetrical fruits of a dark rich green color. It is an ideal slicing variety; the flesh is sparkling white, and of delightful flavor. The vines are vigorous. Can be depended upon to produce a good crop. Matures in about 55 to 60 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 80c per lb.



Reuter's Early Fortune

The Klondyke Cucumber No. 221

Our special strain of this wonderful white spine cucumber is unexcelled. A medium early cucumber of handsome, intensely dark green color, and of excellent quality for slicing. The vines are very hardy and prolific. The mature fruits are often about 8 inches long, 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, and are uniform in size and shape. The glossy green color is retained much longer and is affected less by the hot sun than any other sort with which we are familiar. Its uniform size and shape and splendid color are making this sort very popular as a shipping cucumber with thousands of truckers throughout the South. Matures in 55 to 60 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.00 per lb.

Davis Perfect No. 222

Fine for forcing and for outdoors. Fruits of dark green color, rather long, averaging 10 inches or more in length, white spined, quite slender, symmetrical tapering slightly at both ends. Flesh is crisp, tender and of good quality. It is a type of the most perfect size; just what is wanted for either table or market. It



The Klondyke Cucumber

BEST LETTUCE SEED FOR THE SOUTH



A FIELD OF REUTER'S PEERLESS BIG BOSTON LETTUCE

Lettuce as a commercial crop probably offers more opportunity for making remarkable profits than any other truck crop. Therefore, it should be a crop for which the practical gardener would use every care and precaution in the selection of his seed. It has been my privilege to supply an ever-increasing number of lettuce growers with their seed exclusively. None of them have favored me with their orders because they liked the color of my eyes; they have given me their orders solely because they have found out for themselves, or through the recommendation of their neighbors, that my lettuce seed is superior to most stocks offered, either by Northern or Southern concerns. No one could possibly grow and distribute lettuce seed with more painstaking care and selection than I do, and the result of these precautions is that I am able to supply my trade with those strains that do best in the South and that produce a crop regular in type, heading characteristics, maturity and growth.

Culture—The best soil is a rich, sandy loam. The soil should be thoroughly prepared. During the spring, lettuce can be sown as late as March 15th in our section, with good results. The best time to sow is during the fall months. Sow very thinly in rows 18 inches apart, covering the seed $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch deep in fine soil, and, when up, thin to 12 inches apart in the rows. Thorough cultivation is necessary. One ounce of seed sows 10 square feet, plants 120 feet of row and produces about 1,000 plants. Sow 2 to 3 pounds to the acre.

Reuter's Peerless Big Boston No. 316—

My improved strain of this famous variety has won the favor of thousands of the most discriminating gardeners throughout the important lettuce growing sections of the South. Each year, in checking over the orders for this particular stock, I find that the same growers obtain their supply from me season after season. This fact I consider a remarkable tribute to the quality of my

seed. This is the best heading variety in cultivation and its qualities are so well and so generally known that an extensive description is unnecessary. It is a splendid shipper, hardy and thoroughly reliable. The heads are large and solid. The seed stock I offer you is certain to head. Its purity, hardness of head and slowness to go to seed are characteristics that cannot escape the notice of practical gardeners who look to this money-making crop for a livelihood. My improved California-grown seed is superior to any similar strain on the market. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$6.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10-lb. lots or over, at \$1.00 per pound.

Reuter's Iceberg Lettuce No. 317—A beautiful lettuce, a good all-season sort, and can be produced when most other varieties are not available. It is a crisp, loose cabbage heading, late variety, very slow to go to seed. Head is very hard and well blanched, the leaves very completely and tightly overlapping each other. The color is light green, excepting for the faint brown tinge along the extreme border. It is never spotted and the inner head leaves never colored. The quality is good, crisp and firm, very sweet, but not buttery in flavor. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 65c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.

New York or Wonderful Lettuce No. 318—

A grand head lettuce, excellent for furnishing fine, crisp lettuce during the spring. Plants are rich green, growing more than 15 inches in diameter. A quick seller in the markets because of its crispness and excellent flavor. In the Southern States it should be planted from September 1 to February 1. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 65c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10-lb. lots, or over, at \$1.50 per lb.

Reuter's Mammoth Big Boston No. 319—

This variety is fully described and illustrated in its natural color on page 36 of this catalog. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 65c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10-lb. lots, or over, at \$1.50 per lb.

Reuter's Drumhead Cabbage Lettuce No. 320—

A very early sort not adapted to shipping, but belongs to the crisp-leaved varieties. Splendid for home gardens and nearby markets. It is always large, with outer leaves a clear, light green color, inside of the head being almost pure white. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.

ROMAINE COS OR CELERY LETTUCE

Reuter's Paris White Cos No. 321—The most popular of Cos Varieties, and is really the only Cos sort planted to any extent in this section. Forms large, upright heads, eight to twelve inches in height, and of the finest quality. Price: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid.



REUTER'S ICEBERG LETTUCE

REUTER'S Unexcelled Cantaloupe Seed

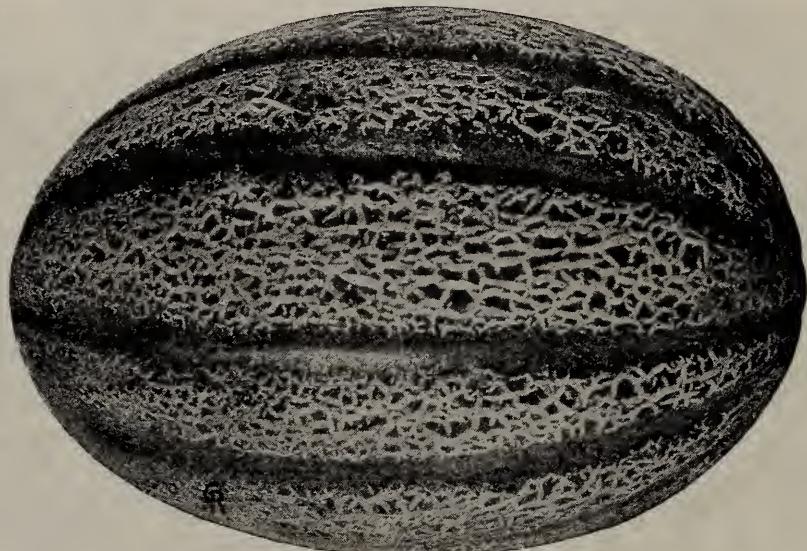
Culture—Melons thrive best in light, rich soil. Plant just as soon as the ground is warm, in hills four to six feet apart, according to the variety; in each hill apply a shovelful of well-rotted manure, or a handful of commercial fertilizer, well mixed with the soil. Plant about 12 seeds to each hill, covering with about one inch of fine soil firmly pressed down. When the plants are pretty well developed, keep the hoe and cultivator going. Gradually thin out to two plants to the hill. When the vines begin to run freely, stop cultivation, except after a heavy rain. A few hills for early use may be had by sowing in the dirt bands in the hot bed, and when warm enough transplant to open ground. Melon vines are subject to the same destructive insects and fungus foes as are cucumber and squash vines. Early and repeated spraying with Pyrox, Arsenate of Lead, Black Leaf 40, Bordeaux Mixture, or any other good spray material will help wonderfully. See page 70 for our assortment of insecticides. Use a packet to about 15 hills; 1 ounce to 60 hills; 2 to 3 pounds to the acre.

Reuter's Eden Gem No. 109—(Green Fleshed)—Illustrated in color and described on page 35 of this catalog. Matures in 70 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$7.00 postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.25 per lb.

Pollock 10-25 No. 119—(Salmon Tint)—Illustrated in natural color on front cover of this catalog. A brand new cantaloupe that was first commercially grown in the West two years ago. Last season more than 45,000 lbs. were planted to produce melons for shipment to Eastern markets. It is a Salmon Tint cantaloupe and the latest and by all odds the most successful of any introduction of any type of the Rockyford. A reselection from the Pollock 25 Salmon Fleshed and is the most profitable cantaloupe known to the trade today. The netting is heavy and even from stem to blossom, while the melons run very uniform in size. They are rust-resistant; mature early. The melon cuts with a golden center, generally shading out to emerald green near the rind. The Pollock 10-25 Salmon Tint suits the commercial grower, for it produces abundantly of even, well-sized, netted melons which pack evenly and get on the early market ahead of other similar sorts. So uniform are they that if decently picked there is scarcely a cull left as waste. Reports from Colorado and other western states indicate that this variety is a better shipper than any other Rockyford. You can bank on this sort. It is unquestionably the finest Rockyford melon introduced in many years. Be sure to include some in your order this spring. The melon that pleases the palate of city buyers is none too good for your own table. Matures in about 70 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.25 per lb.



Burrell's Gem

When to Pick Market Cantaloupes

This is a very important matter when raising melons for shipping. It is an easy matter to pick for local selling, for you can do just as you would if you were eating them yourself. For shipping, however, each grower will have to learn the proper time. For fancy fruit, leave on the vines as long as possible. They must be in the green state, yet beginning to ripen. If cracks between stem and melons appear, it is time to pick. If the weather has been wet cut the stems, as pulling may bring some flesh with the stem.

Genuine Rockyford

No. 112—(Gold Lined)—Illustrated on Page

17. This is the original strain of the famous Rockyford melon, so popular throughout the entire country. For many years we have delighted thousands of our customers with our superb strain of this superfine muskmelon. It is a desirable medium early sort for the home or market gardener. The vines are vigorous and productive. The fruits are oval, slightly ribbed, densely covered with fine netting. The flesh is green, very sweet and highly flavored. It is highly rust-resistant, and yields a heavy crop. Our seed is carefully grown from selected stock seed, and only from choice melons—no culs.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.00 per lb.

Pollock 25 No. 108—(Salmon Fleshed Eden Gem)—Illustrated on page 17. A salmon tinted rust-resistant cantaloupe that has become popular on the markets on account of its superior qualities. It is a most reliable and best cropper, thriving on most any soil, producing ripe melons in about 70 days. The fruits are of great uniformity in size and shape, with well developed netting, closely laced and covering the entire surface. The rich salmon flesh is very deep, solid, and of luscious, sweet flavor. Ripens clear to the rind. The average yield is over 250 crates of A-No. 1 shipping melons, fully a third more than any other sort. It is disease-resistant, a good shipper, big producer, very vigorous grower, and has all the qualifications to make it an exceptional sort.

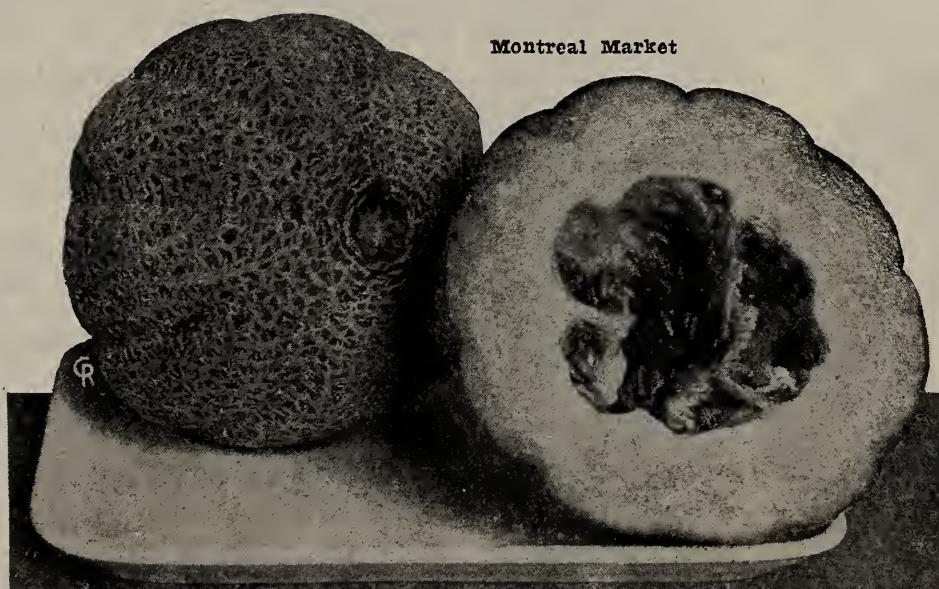
Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, at \$1.25 per lb.

Mission Bell No. 106—A cantaloupe developed by crossing the popular Burrell Gem and the famous Pollock 25. The flesh is a full salmon color even up to the rind, and is of unsurpassed flavor. The rind is heavily netted and the melon is larger than medium size. For an all-round family melon, here is a cracker-jack; for market gardeners, it is highly recommended.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.00 per lb.

Burrell Gem No.

110—A pink-mottled Rockyford that is a great commercial variety; an abundant yielder, often producing 15 to 25 melons to the hill. The meat is a rich golden color, very thick and fine grained. The flavor cannot be surpassed. The seed is closely in place in three lobes and does not easily shake loose. The rind is covered with a

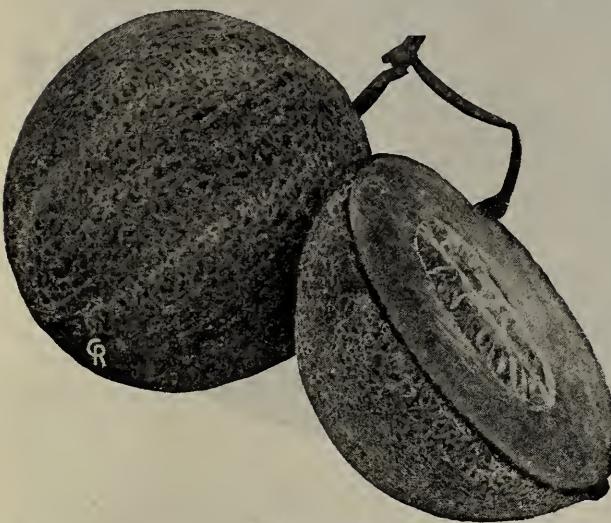


closely packed gray netting, except the narrow strip between the ribs, which is not netted. Note illustration. The shape is ideal, averaging 6 inches long, and tapering at the end. Matures in about 75 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, at \$1.00 per lb.

Montreal Market No. 120 — (Green Flesh) — We have listed this wonderful large muskmelon this year for the first time. It is of large size and delicious, melting flavor. The skin is green and the flesh is light green in color. A weight of 20 to 25 pounds is not rare. The vine is prolific; fruits mature in 80 days. It is the largest muskmelon we know of; a good shipper. Splendid for home gardens or truckers who supply local or nearby markets. See illustration.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60, postpaid.



Pollock 25 Cantaloupe

Texas Cannonball No. 114

(Green Flesh) — This splendid muskmelon is especially adapted for home garden and nearby markets. Produces medium sized melons in about 75 days. Round, medium in size, heavily netted. Flesh is green, very solid, melting and of a delicious flavor. If you have found it difficult to grow muskmelons, try this variety. It succeeds where others fail.

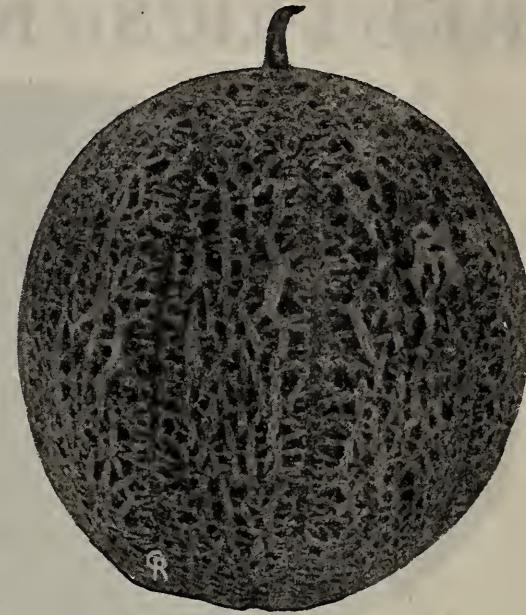
Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Banana No. 107 — This melon has a banana shape, banana flavor, banana color and banana quality. Resembles the banana in many respects, only that it is very much larger, growing from 18 to 30 inches long and from 4 to 6 inches in diameter. Everybody who is fond of bananas will take pleasure in growing this sort. This sort is not a mere curiosity, but will command extra prices on local and nearby markets.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.

Citron Nutmeg No. 111 — A fine flavored, medium sized melon, slightly flattened; extremely early. Popular for its rich, spicy flavor so desirable in cantaloupes. Fine for home use.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid.



Genuine Rockyford Cantaloupe

Reuter's SELECTED CASABA MELON SEED

Casaba melons can be grown successfully throughout the South. The varieties we offer are the finest selected sorts in existence. Casaba melons thrive best in a sandy soil, rich with humus, to a medium sandy loam. They require a long season for maturing but the fruits are exceptionally good keepers. Plant according to your locality from February 15th until July 15th; for late shipping, from June 1st to July 15th. Cultivate the same as muskmelons. The fruits may be picked when they lose the green lustre, but should not be eaten until the hard rind gives slightly under pressure. When slightly soft, store the fruits so they do not touch each other, in a cool dark place. No melon in the world can excel Casabas in deliciousness when properly ripened; they are spiced with a nameless flavor, which charms all, being rich, sugary, sweet and melting.

Honey Dew No. 115 — A wonderful Casaba, sold at fabulous prices in all markets. It is perfectly adapted to the South, and has been successfully grown in all the Southern States during the past two years. The average size of the melon is six inches in diameter from top to bottom and 7 to 8 inches long. The flesh is an emerald green, very thick, melting and fine grained; can be eaten to the extreme rind. The seed cavity is very small; the rind, though thin, is very tough and so close that the excellent flesh is practically sealed up where it keeps in fine condition for several weeks after they are ripe. The melon does not shrink in weight, is not easily bruised, and is a splendid shipper. It matures about two weeks later than the Rockyford strains. It is medium in size, five to six pounds. It is ready to eat in a few days when it is slightly soft. Plant it in your home garden.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.

Don't Overlook our selected list of Roses on Pages 48 and 49; Flower seeds on Pages 39 to 46; Plants on Pages 52 to 56. Cash crops and home gardens should be provided for, but the beauty of home surroundings should not be neglected.

Golden Beauty No. 116 — One of the best Casabas. It is a variety grown extensively for shipment from Southern California. The fruits are nearly globular, bright yellow with golden tint, with wrinkled skin, six to eight inches in diameter. The flesh is white, very thick, juicy and sweet. Pick when bright yellow and put away until slightly soft. Matures in about 120 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid.

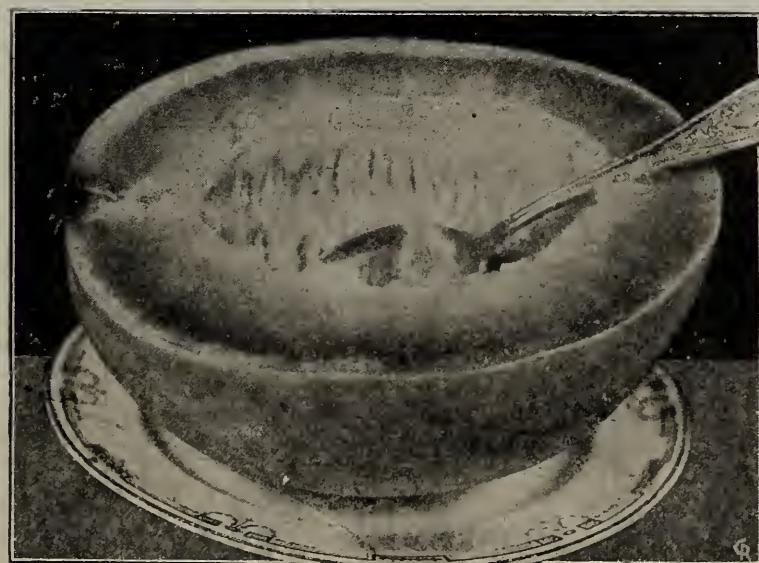
Armenian No. 117 — A Casaba of wonderful flavor and good appearance. Originally from the Holy Land. Persian-colored meat and cantaloupe skin. The vines grow healthy, yield abundantly. Do not hesitate to plant it. Matures in about 4 months.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.00, postpaid.

Santa Claus No. 118

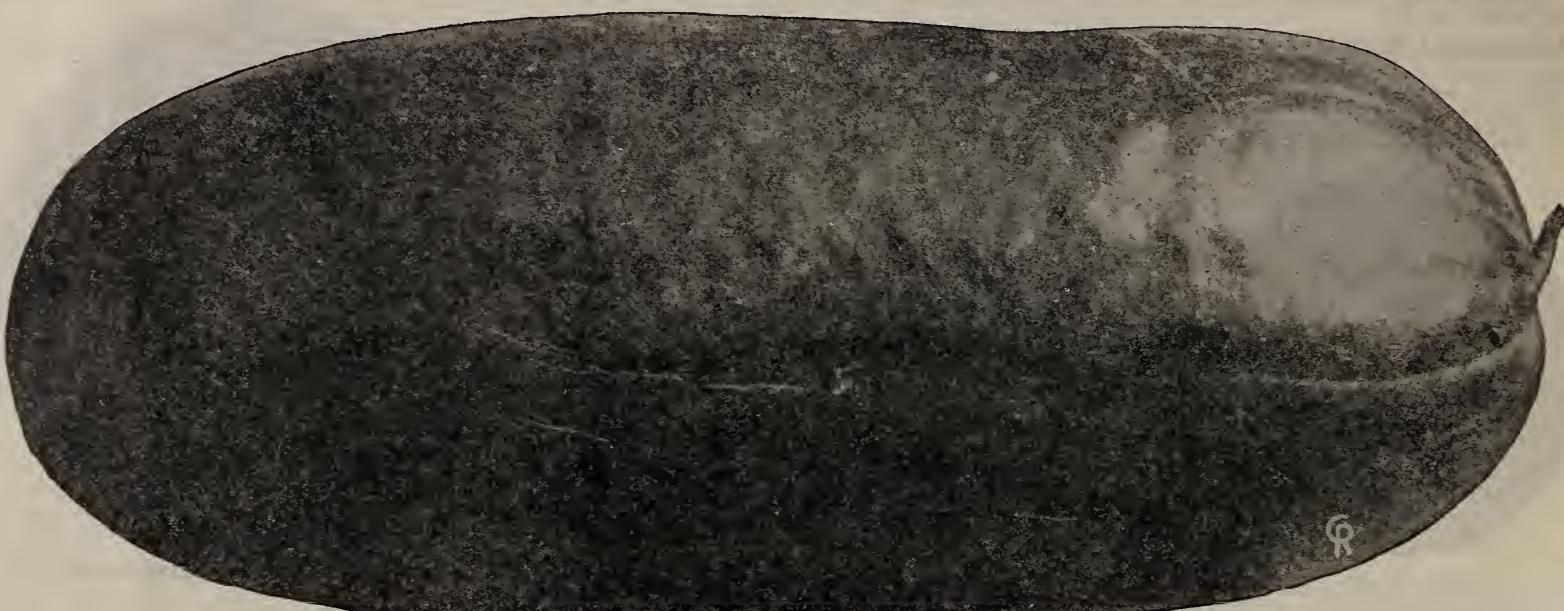
In the West this sort is usually grown during the fall months and is ready for market about Christmas. Plant in the South up to July 1st. It is of delicious flavor, beautiful in its mottled gold and black coloring. The shell is hard and about one-eighth of an inch thick. There is no seed cavity; seeds are embedded in a jelly-like pulp. Pick when the green turns to light yellow and put away until slightly soft.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid.



Honey Dew Casaba Melon

REUTER'S NEW WONDERMELON



Photograph of Reuter's Wondermelon Weighing 93 Pounds 10 Ounces

The Greatest Home and Near-By Market Watermelon Ever Introduced

Read What My Customers Think of the New Wondermelon

"Had I raised 40,000 of these melons I could have sold all of them on special orders."

"Reuter's Big Wondermelon is the sweetest and best watermelon in the world."

"They sell like hot cakes."

"I advise everybody to plant seeds of this variety if they wish to have the sweetest and best watermelons."

"From two ounces I bought I cleared the sum of \$175.85. I sold some of these melons as high as \$1.60."

"I plant watermelons for market—have planted many different kinds, but this is the best I ever planted. I have men to say 'bring me another Wondermelon regardless of cost.'"

"A more delicious, better flavored melon never grew. Its ability to withstand dry weather is very desirable."

"I purchased the Wondermelon seed of you—one ounce. It planted 84 hills, and I raised 400 melons on the patch, weighing from 30 to 45½ pounds."

"Quality is the very best. Our experience of 40 years growing melons compels us to say it is the best melon we ever grew."

No. 607—I have no hesitancy in claiming that there is no watermelon superior to my New Wondermelon in quality, in the rich, luscious flavor of its deep, juicy, red core, nor in the fine outward appearance of the melon itself. This melon in form is large and long, somewhat resembling the Watson, only thicker, and the color is a dark, solid green. It cuts big red heart, solid, and never shows any hollow. Seed is large and pure white, with but few in melon. Extremely prolific and has stood up in very unfavorable seasons better than many others. More than 50,000 Southern farmers have planted my New Wondermelon in a single season, and I have yet to learn of a dissatisfied customer. For local market and home no other watermelon will equal it.

Warning—Last season my entire stock of this remarkable melon seed was entirely sold out by February 15. I have a limited supply for this season and I urge you to let me have your order at once. Thousands of my customers were disappointed last year when they failed to take my advice and order Wondermelon seed early. Don't you be disappointed.



Prices: Pkt., 15c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c, postpaid.

Reuter's Bargain Watermelon Collections

25c Watermelon Collection

For 25 Cents I will mail you six packets of the choicest watermelons in my catalogue. The following are the varieties: Halbert Honey, Alabama Sweet, Tom Watson, Kleckley's Sweet, Rattlesnake and Florida Favorite.

Postpaid **25c**

50c Watermelon Collection

For 50 Cents I will mail you one ounce each of the following six varieties: Halbert Honey, Tom Watson, Kleckley's Sweet, Florida Favorite, Rattlesnake and Alabama Sweet.

Postpaid **50c**

\$1.00 Watermelon Collection

For the proverbial dollar I will mail you enough Watermelon Seed of the varieties mentioned below to plant one acre. One-fourth pound each of Halbert Honey, Kleckley's Sweet, Rattlesnake, Tom Watson, Alabama Sweet and Florida Favorite. There, now, isn't that an assortment of melons that simply cannot be beat? Remember, too, that they are all from melons specially saved for my seed by my own growers. If you want an acre of the best of melons just pin a dollar bill to the order sheet for the above collection.

Postpaid **\$1.00**

REUTER'S FAMOUS WATERMELON SEED

The Plain

Truth—Every pound of my watermelon seed is grown expressly for me in the South under contract for seed purposes exclusively. Not a single melon is shipped from the fields under any circumstances. All under-sized poorly shaped melons are fed to the hogs, or discarded. Only the finest, choicest, and most perfectly developed watermelons are left to remain in the field from which are selected my seed. Don't be misled into planting Northern-grown watermelon seed. You'll surely regret it.



Kleckley Sweet

Kleckley Sweet No. 613—A great big, juicy watermelon. Without question one of the sweetest flavored of all melons. No other melon has attained such general popularity in the South for home use or nearby markets as our true-to-type strain of Kleckley Sweet. The vines are vigorous and productive; fruits of medium size to large, often weighing 50 lbs. Dark rich green skin, thin rind; flesh extra sweet and of brightest rich scarlet, ripening up to the thin rind, fairly melting and sugary. It is a perfect melon in every respect for the home garden. It is long, oval-shaped melon, averaging 18 to 20 inches in length by 10 to 12 inches in diameter. Matures in about 85 to 90 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 70c per lb.

Reuter's Tom Watson No. 602—Illustrated in color and described on page 35 of this catalog.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50; 10 lbs., \$8.00; 20 lbs., \$15.00, postpaid. In 50-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 60c per lb.

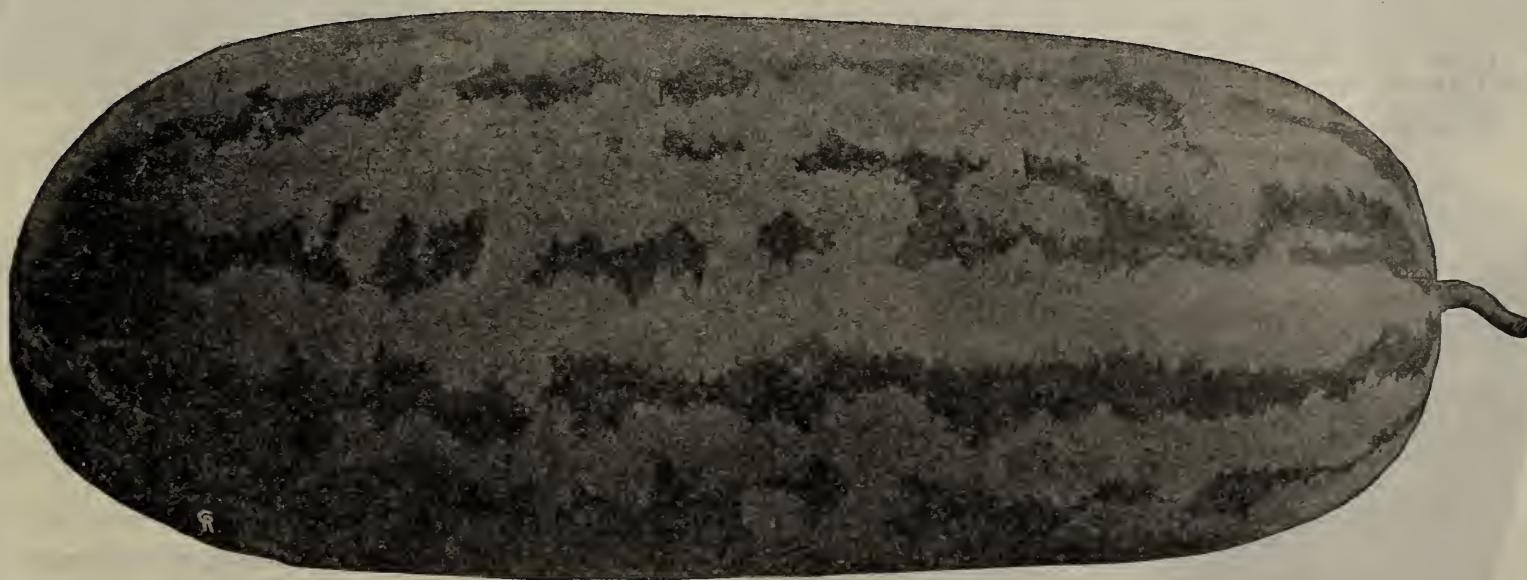
Culture —

Our growers plant in hills, and the distance apart varies somewhat. On very rich soil, 12 feet apart each way is none too much, while on poor land, they may be planted 8 feet apart each way. The time for planting in Louisiana is usually during March; in Florida during the month of February; lower Florida during January; and in Texas during February, March and first part of April, depending on the locality. The best fertilizer is well rotted stable manure, but when not available, use commercial fertilizer at the rate of 600 to 1,000 pounds to the acre, depending upon the condition of the soil. Plant six to eight seeds to each hill; cover one inch deep; plant with a hoe. Cultivate lightly; as soon as plants are well up, cultivate every ten days or two weeks until vines are three to four feet long. Leave about one or two vines to each hill. Do not plow very deep. Melon aphis is controlled by use of Black Leaf 40. (See page 70.) Arsenate of Lead and Pyrox are good insect killers. One ounce of seed to a 100-foot row. Three to four pounds to the acre. Ready to use in 75 to 100 days.

Florida Favorite No. 612—An unsurpassed, extra-early, good sized splendid quality melon—just the right kind for home use or nearby markets. The rind is rather tough, making it a fair shipper. It is a long, beautifully shaped melon of dark green color, irregularly striped with lighter green; very early and a big yielder. Flesh is bright crimson and red right to the rind. The flavor is delicious and melting. Ripens large, handsome melons in about 80 days. My superlative strain of this hard-to-beat melon is without an equal in the entire South. I offer my stock to you this year with every assurance that it will more than satisfy.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 70c per lb.

REUTER'S Genuine Rattlesnake Watermelon



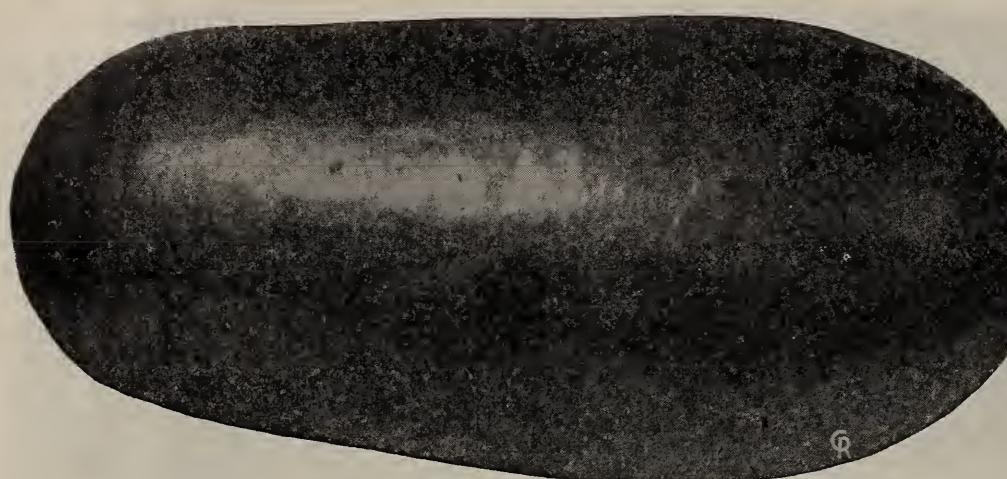
Reuter's Genuine Rattlesnake Watermelon

No. 606—This is the melon that has made Georgia famous as a melon-producing section. In no place in the world are finer, sweeter and bigger Rattlesnake Watermelons grown than in Georgia, and I procure my seed from the best grower of melon seed in Georgia and no man living can contradict this fact. No one has such pure seed of this famous variety. It is the acme of perfection, and a better strain of the celebrated Rattlesnake Watermelon cannot be procured. If you have been buying seed of the Rattlesnake variety from other seedsmen in the North and South, you don't know how good Rattlesnake Melons can be. Every seed

I offer is taken from melons weighing 35 pounds, and 60 to 80-pound Rattlesnake Melons are nothing unusual in my seed crops. You simply cannot fail when you plant this particular strain. This melon surpasses all others as a second-early sort, and is a splendid shipper. In quality and flavor this melon is unbeatable. Has a thin but tough rind, making it a splendid shipper. Flesh deep red, very sweet and delicious. So-called Rattlesnake Watermelon Seed sold at lower prices than mine cannot be compared to this variety at all. It is, without a single doubt, the finest Rattlesnake Melon in existence today. Order early.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 25c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, at 70c per lb.

PLANT WATERMELON for Home or Market



Florida Favorite

days. In general appearance much like the Florida Favorite, but averages much larger combination melon for shipping, market and home use. It is the favorite shipping variety and is also a grand home garden sort.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 70c per lb.

Excel No. 608—A large oblong melon of a dark green color with faint stripes. The tough rind permits rough handling in transit, making it a good shipper. It grows usually bigger and longer than the Watson. The flesh is of fine quality, and intense red to rind. Matures in about 90 days. This melon has black seeds, also white with a black border. The type is not well established, and some crops tend to produce sports. We don't recommend Excel for large planting purposes.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50, postpaid.

Halbert Honey No. 610—Often called the sweetest of all melons. In quality, the Halbert Honey is simply delicious, and of a rich fruity flavor, peculiar to itself. Entirely devoid of all fibrous substances, the sweet flesh melts away in the mouth like so much honey. The hardy vines are remarkably prolific. The crop covers the ground and it is not uncommon to see four or five melons growing in a heap together, one on top of the other. It is quite early, a good feature for commercial growers. The melon is long in shape and blunt at each end. The rind is dark green in color, thin and brittle. Flesh tender and luscious, extra sweet, of blood red color. For the finest eating melon plant Halbert Honey. You will have the finest eating melon you have ever tasted and any surplus can be readily sold on local markets. Seed white with black tips. In good soil, will yield melons weighing 75 pounds or more. Our stock is mighty fine.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 70c per lb.

Ice Cream No. 604—(White Seeded)—A good kitchen garden and home market melon. The vines are moderately vigorous, hardy and productive. The fruits are very tender, medium sized, oval to medium long, bright green, finely veined with a darker shade. The rind is thin. The flesh is bright scarlet, solid, crisp and very sweet.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid.



Halbert's Honey

Irish Grey No. 609—A distinct and valuable new variety producing more good merchantable melons under the same conditions than any other variety; the eating quality is unbeatable. The sparkling red flesh is very sweet and entirely free from stringiness. The size is uniformly large, color of rind yellowish grey and almost as tough as the Citron, earlier than the Watson, and will keep in good condition a long time after picking. Stands long distance shipping well. The rind will not sunburn. Vines are vigorous, healthy and hold up and produce fine melons late into the summer when other sorts die out. Plant Irish Grey for home or market use and you'll be pleased.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 90c per lb.

Alabama Sweet No. 605—A big favorite with my Texas customers. This splendid large melon is oblong in shape. The tough skin is very dark green, with still darker stripes; flesh is dark red in color, fine grained, sweet and luscious, entirely free of stringiness. A first class shipper; under good cultivation they grow to a very large size, frequently weighing from 30 to 60 pounds, and commanding the very highest prices in the market. Makes a strong healthy vine and is very productive; matures in 85 to 90 and has slightly darker markings. A splendid in many melon-producing sections of the South,



Irish Grey

Yellow Fleshed Ice Cream No. 611—Size and shape similar to above. The flesh is a beautiful yellow and has a peculiar, delicious flavor, quite different from any other variety.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50, postpaid.

Black Seeded Angelino No. 603—An attractive melon, large size, beautiful dark green rind with a tinge of gold showing through the green. Bright red flesh, red to the rind and entirely free from fibre, simply melts to water, and not excelled in flavor. If the picker will observe the gold showing through the green as soon as it is ripe, he need never pick any unripe melons.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Citron No. 614—This is the melon for sweet pickles. Any surplus can be fed to hogs and cattle. Do not plant close to watermelons for they will cross and ruin the watermelons. The fruits mature late. Each vine produces 5 to 15 melons.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., 90c, postpaid.

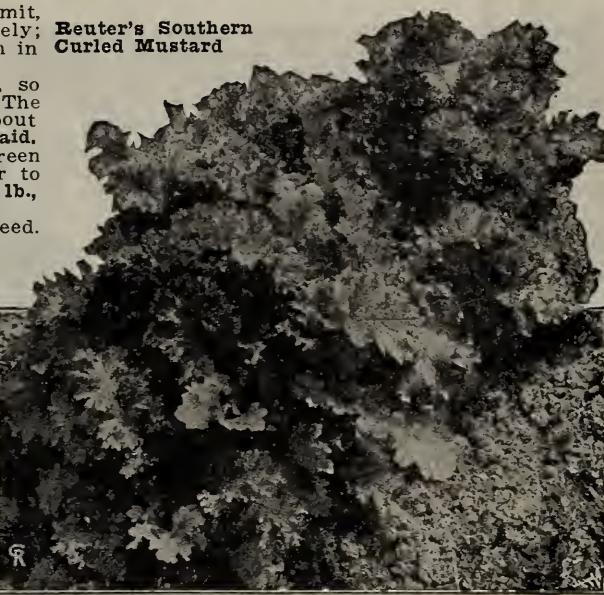
Mr. G. H. M. Wilson, of Texas, says:

"For home use and local market your wondermelon is the best I have ever tried. It is rather tender for shipping. This melon combines more good qualities than any other I know of. As sweet and tender, much larger and finer looking than Kleckley Sweet and exceedingly prolific. It is the melon for me."

Miscellaneous Seeds for Your Garden

MUSTARD—**CULTURE**—Sow as early in the spring as the ground will permit, in drills 18 inches apart, covering one-half inch deep. Water freely and keep free from grass and weeds. For a succession, can be sown almost every month in the year. One ounce of seed to 200 feet of row.

Reuter's Southern Curled Mustard



Peerless Southern Curled No. 341—This is the standard variety, so largely grown in Louisiana. The leaves, which are beautifully curled, often measuring 14 inches, are ready for use about six weeks from sowing. **Prices:** Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid.

Chinese Mustard No. 342—This is a European variety, with light-green leaves. In quality and flavor it is superior to the above, and will stand longer before going to seed. **Prices:** Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid.

OKRA—**(Or Gumbo)**—I do not handle a single pound of Northern-grown okra seed. Every pound of okra seed I sell (and I annually dispose of more than 3,000 pounds) is grown expressly for me in the South. I believe that the South can produce better okra seed than any other section of the country. Louisiana is headquarters for okra. This state produces more okra than any other section of the United States, possibly excepting certain localities in Georgia. Okra is a highly esteemed vegetable throughout the entire country, and the entire demand is getting bigger and bigger all the time. The young, tender pods are used mainly in soups and stews, although they are excellent when boiled and served hot or cold as a salad. Some persons may not enjoy the flavor of okra at first, but after eating it a few times a taste for it is naturally acquired. Plant one ounce of seed to 50 feet of row; about 8 pounds to the acre. Three-foot rows are good, planting the seed three to four inches apart to allow space for the development of the stem.

Reuter's French Market Dwarf Prolific No. 352—

This is the finest shipping variety in existence. It is the earliest and most productive of all sorts. Pods are light green, medium size, nearly round in shape and smooth. You'll find this short-podded okra is of superior quality and flavor as compared to the long-podded okra. The biggest demand is for this variety on all markets in the North. My special strain remains tender longer than any other selected market gardener's stock, and is grown to meet the requirements of the most critical truckers.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 20c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid.

Reuter's White Velvet Okra No. 353—A standard variety; the pods are long, round and smooth. Plant is of tall growth, an abundant bearer; superior quality.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 20c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50, postpaid. 10 lbs. or more, not prepaid, 40c lb.

Perkins' Mammoth Long-Podded Okra No. 354—This is a distinct variety and is largely cultivated in the South, principally Florida and Texas, for shipping purposes. Very productive, pods starting to shoot out within three or four inches from the bottom of the stalk, and the whole plant is covered with them to the height of a man's head (5 to 6 feet). Pods are of an intensely dark green color of unusual length, frequently 9 to 10 inches long. Are very slim and do not harden up as is usually the case with other long, slender sorts.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid.

PARSLEY—**CULTURE**—Can be sown either in the spring or fall, preferably during the early fall, but makes a mighty good crop when planted early in the spring. Plant in rows 15 inches apart. When plants have become strong, thin out to five or six inches apart. To assist its coming up quickly, soak the seed a few hours in warm water, or sprout in damp earth and sow when it swells or bursts. One ounce to 200 feet of row; 10 pounds to the acre.

Double Curled No. 381—This is the variety so largely cultivated by our gardeners. **Prices:** Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., 80c; postpaid. 10 lbs., not prepaid, \$6.00.

Plain Leaved No. 382—Grown extensively by our gardeners also. This is the hardest variety in cultivation and is planted nearly every month in the year by the truckers here. Stronger in flavor than other sorts.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; lb., 80c, postpaid; 10 lbs., not prepaid, \$6.00.

PARSNIPS—**CULTURE**—Sow early in the spring in rows 18 inches apart. Plant any time from January to April for spring and summer crop in this latitude. In Florida and Gulf Coast sections sow from September to December for winter and spring crop. One ounce of seed to 200 feet of row; three to four pounds to the acre.

Improved Hollow Crown No. 392—This is the best variety to plant. This variety is easily distinguished by the leaves growing from the depression on top or crown of the root.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.

SORREL No. 492—Planted in drills a foot apart during the fall of the year and thinned out from three to four inches in the drills. It is used for various purposes in the kitchen; also in soup and salad. Cooked like spinach.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid.

ROQUETTE No. 483—Is used as a salad, which it resembles very much. Sow from September to March.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid.

SALSIFY—**CULTURE**—Sow the seed in early spring in shallow drills 18 to 20 inches apart. The soil should be stirred to a great depth. Cultivate frequently and let it grow all summer. Frost does not injure the roots. Sow one ounce of seed to 100 feet of drill.

Mammoth Sandwich Island No. 492—This sort is large and strong-growing, with long, smooth, white, tapering roots, and is less liable to branch than any other kind. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 65c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.

LEEKES—Leeks are like "thick-neck" onions, except that the leaves are arranged in a single plane, which gives the plant a fanlike appearance. Sow during September and October for winter use. One ounce to 250 feet of drill; 3 to 4 pounds to an acre. The stems grow quite large and are cut up and used in soups, or else boiled like onions.

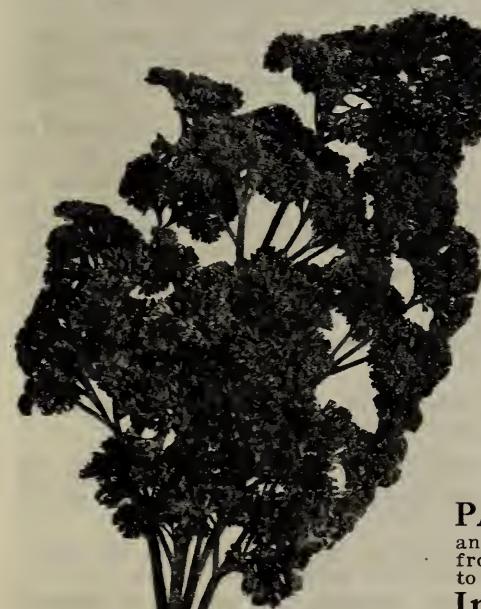
London Flag No. 330—A very hardy variety, quite popular with our market gardeners. A strong, quick grower, producing stems of uniform shape and size.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 65c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.

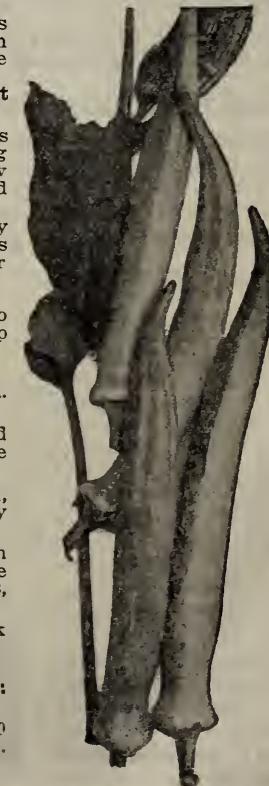
Carentan No. 331—A variety that is much larger than the above and more desirable for home use. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 65c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.

GARLIC No. 270—Largely grown throughout Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas. Plant in rows from 12 to 20 inches apart, and the cloves pressed into the soil at intervals of 3 to 6 inches in the row, so that they will be about half covered with soil. Requires 300 pounds to sow an acre.

Prices: lb., 45c; 3 lbs., \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10 lb. lots or more at 30c per lb.



Double Curled Parsley



White Velvet Okra

REUTER'S ONION SEED FOR THE SOUTH

The South annually spends millions of dollars because its own people do not grow sufficient onions to supply the demand. Ohio, Illinois, New York, Indiana, California and other Northern and Western states supply a large percentage of the onions consumed in the South. Why? Plant plenty of onions for your own use—you can usually sell the surplus at good prices.

Culture — Onions thrive best in a deep, rich, fertile soil. Plant the seed or sets as early as possible in the spring. The ground should be thoroughly worked, well fertilized, and well pulverized. The only advantage in planting sets is to secure early onions, for better shaped and keeping onions are obtained from planting the seed. One ounce to 200 feet of drill; 4 pounds to the acre. Onions from seed will mature in about 130-140 days; from sets in from 100-110 days. We issue an interesting leaflet on the culture of onions. It's free.

Reuter's Prizetaker No.

364 — It can be successfully grown in all parts of the Central South. It is very large, frequently measuring 12 to 18 inches in circumference, and fine bulbs have been raised weighing 4½ to 5 pounds each. Flesh is pure white, fine grained and of mild, delicate flavor. The outside skin is rich, yellowish brown.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, at \$2.25 per lb.

Reuter's White or Yellow Bermuda No. 365

The standard variety for the commercial grower. It is a light straw-colored onion. Our special stock ripens early, is of the best color, and the heaviest yielder. No onion compares with the Bermuda in mildness of flavor, and for this reason it is very popular.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, at \$3.50 per lb.

Red Bermuda No. 367 — Planted throughout the South for home use generally. It is identical in size and shape with the other Bermuda varieties, but the color is a pale, waxy red, and is just right in all sections where a mild red onion is preferred.

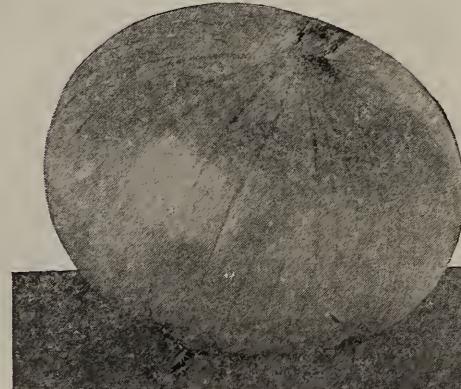
Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, at \$3.50 per lb.

Crystal White Wax No. 366

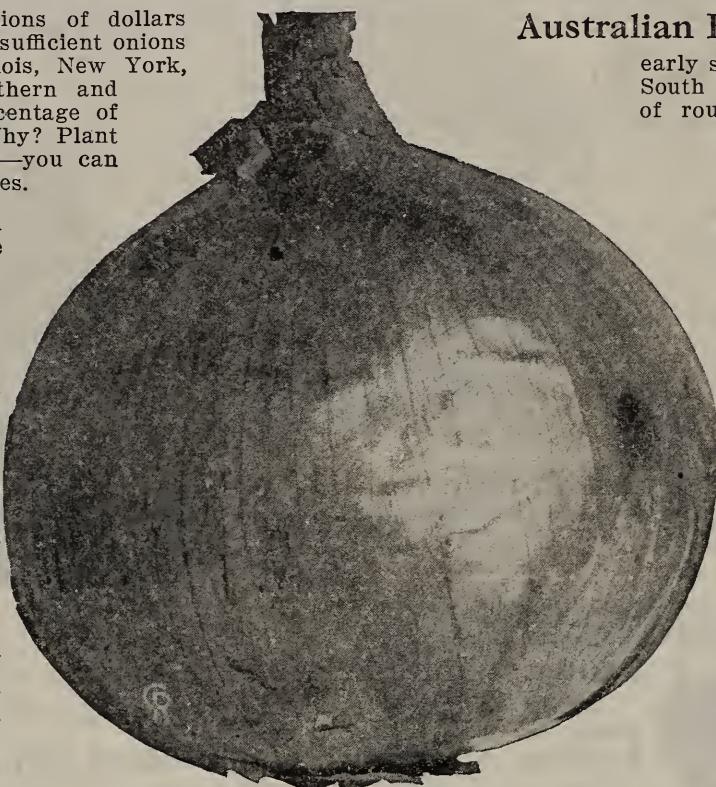
The most attractive onion in the world. It is absolutely pure white and of the finest flavor and quality. In New York and other large markets our Crystal White wax sells at 25c to 50c per crate above the Bermuda White or Yellow. Seed supply short.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.50 postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, at \$5.00 per lb.

Australian Brown



Reuter's Prizetaker



Australian Brown No. 368 — This is a splendid extra early sort that has gained popularity in the South for its good keeping qualities. It is of roundish form. Color of skin amber brown. Flesh white and firm. Of mild flavor. Sow during January and February.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.75 per lb.

Red Weathersfield No. 369

A very popular onion in the Southwest. The color is deep purplish red; flesh white, moderately grained and very firm.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.75 per lb.

Yellow Globe Danvers No.

370 — The bulbs are of medium to large size, uniformly globe shaped, with small neck, and ripen very evenly. The skin is rich coppery yellow. The flesh creamy white.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.75 per lb.

Reuter's Red Creole

No. 371 — The greatest of all red onions for the South. It

is the best keeper, best producer, both in yield and money. It is a distinct variety that has been cultivated in this section for more than 50 years. This variety constitutes one of the most important crops in Louisiana, and thousands of acres are planted in this variety every fall. Does fairly well when sown early in the spring. The skin is brownish red, flesh very solid and fine grained, and rather strong flavor. Extremely productive and the best keeper and shipper of all sorts.

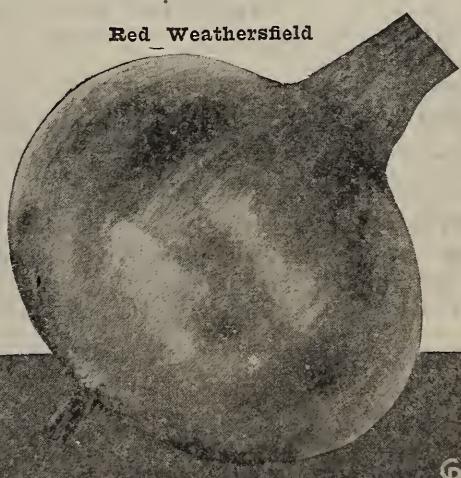
Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, at \$3.50 per lb.

ONION SETS — These are largely planted in home gardens for green onions. Quite a few people prefer the small, tender young onion for eating raw. Plant sets three inches apart in rows 12 to 15 inches apart.

Red Creole Sets — These small sets will produce the finest red keeping onion in the South.

Prices: 1 lb., 35c; 3 lbs., 80c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (8 lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (32 lbs.), \$5.00.

Red Weathersfield



Red Weathersfield Sets

Prices: 1 lb., 35c; 3 lbs., 80c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (8 lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (32 lbs.), \$5.00.

Yellow Danvers Sets

Prices: 1 lb., 35c; 3 lbs., 80c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (8 lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (32 lbs.), \$3.00.

Silver Skin Sets — Prices: 1 lb., 35c; 3 lbs., 80c, postpaid. Not prepaid, peck (8 lbs.), \$1.50; bu. (32 lbs.), \$5.00.

REUTER'S PEERLESS GARDEN SEED PEAS



Reuter's Peerless Extra Early Peas

Prepaid Prices—Peas are now sold by the pound. A pound is approximately a pint; 2 lbs. about one quart; 5 lbs., about 2½ quarts; 10 lbs., about 5 quarts; 15 lbs. equal a peck; 60 lbs. is the equivalent of a bushel, except wrinkled varieties, which are 56 lbs. to the bushel. On all peas listed on this and next page all quantities up to 10 lbs. are postpaid. If larger quantities are wanted sent by mail it will be necessary to remit additional amount at Parcel Post rates. **We do not put up half-pounds of Peas.**

Culture—For spring. The extra early, round-seeded sorts, such as Reuter's Peerless Extra Early, First and Best, etc., can be planted very early, as it takes a hard freeze to kill them. In our latitude (New Orleans) we usually begin sowing early in January and continue planting until about the middle of March. About that time it is suggested that you plant the taller-growing sorts with wrinkled seed. These varieties are more susceptible to cold than the early sorts and are apt to rot in the ground if planted too early. Two pounds of seed to every 100 feet of row and cover about one-half inch. Many growers follow the practice of planting in a double row, with a six-inch space between. The double-row method is especially adapted for varieties that require some form of support as a trellis can be placed between the two rows. Good stable manure is the best fertilizer. Remember that peas can be planted much earlier than beans. For market gardening purposes it requires about 1½ to 1¾ bushels to sow an acre.

Reuter's Peerless Extra Early No. 402—Where earliness, productiveness, large-sized pods and sweetness of flavor are desired, it is the best variety you can possibly plant. It may be truly called the world's unbeatable extra early pea, for it is far superior to anything ever introduced in the South. It has become the main reliance of thousands of truckers in the South who wish to be first with new peas. It is a smooth sort, with wonderful ability to mature quickly. It is absolutely unsurpassed in extra-early qualities, in flavor, and in size of pod and productiveness in vigor and regularity of growth, and in genuine merit. Every seedsman in this country claims to sell the "earliest" pea, but, after testing them all, I know positively that not one excels this celebrated strain, either in quality, quantity or earliness. You make no mistake when you plant this sort. It is a round-seeded pea that will grow and mature quicker than any other. It is absolutely free from runners, and the entire crop can be taken off in two pickings. The vines average about two and one-half to three feet in height, just short enough to bear a large crop. My strain is absolutely pure.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1b., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Reuter's Pedigree First and Best Peas

No. 403—This is one of the earliest peas in the world, usually ready for picking in 35 to 40 days. They are hardy, very productive, and withstand changes in weather conditions better than most early varieties. Vines are vigorous and hardy, two to two and one-half feet high, unbranched, bearing three to seven straight pods having five to seven medium-sized smooth peas of good quality. My improved strain of this extra selected variety is very pure and well developed and is more

largely planted by gardeners and large pea truckers in the South than any other. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; 1b., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

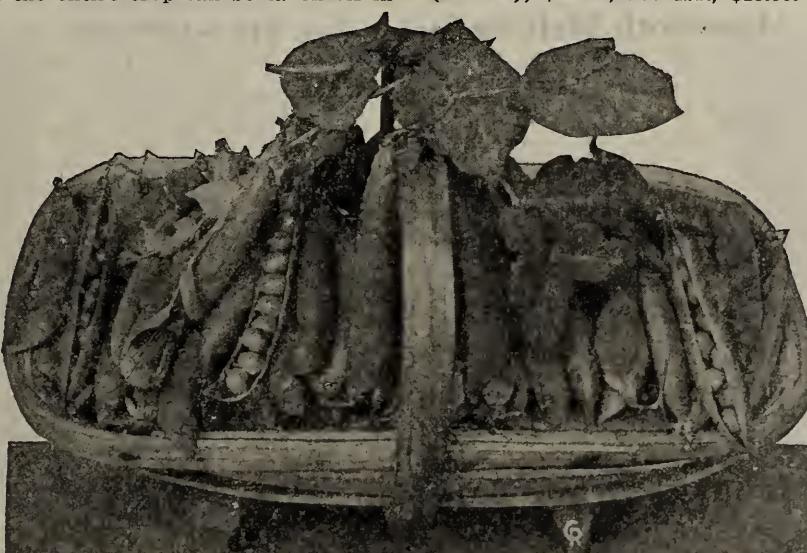
Earliest of All or Alaska No. 404—Illustrated in color and described on page 37 of this catalog. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; 1b., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Reuter's Prolific Early Market No. 408—Illustrated in color and described on page 37 of this catalog. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; 1b., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Reuter's New Saxon No. 407—A new dwarf first-early pea of unusual merit. But recently on the market, yet it has made many friends, and is truly destined to be one of the most popular of all the extra-early dwarf varieties. The big valuable feature about this pea is its enormous pod. The vines are about two feet high. The pods are three to four inches long, or fully 50 per cent longer than either the Peerless Extra Early, Early May Alaska or the Early Washington. Matures as early as any of them. The dark green pods usually appear in pairs, and in large quantities. This is one of the most prolific early peas I have ever seen. This pea has a delicious, luscious flavor that rivals the sweetest table pea ever grown. It is the one pea that will make good in the South, for either home or market use. Our pedigreed strain, carefully selected and re-selected for years for extreme earliness, yield and vigor is unbeatable. Thousands of our customers who planted this sort last year claim they never grew any pea that is its equal in any respect. I hope you'll order some of Reuter's New Saxon Peas this spring, and if you're not pleased, back goes your money and no questions asked. I will stake my reputation on this variety and believe it is unquestionably superior to anything at present on the market. Seed supply limited on account of short seed crop. Order early. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; 1b., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Reuter's Extra Early Tom Thumb No. 410

This is an extremely early variety of exceptional merit. Vines dwarf, about nine inches high, completely covered with an abundance of the finest well-filled pods. It is of such upright growth that it can be planted in rows 10 inches apart. It is a mighty fine early pea, both for home use and shipping purposes, and worthy of a trial. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; 1b., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.



Gradus or Prosperity Peas

Mr. D. I. Addison, a Louisiana cotton planter writes us: "The Early King Cotton seed I purchased from you produced wonderfully. Stock ran remarkably true to type, was extremely early, and produced a crop where others failed."

Garden SEED PEAS for SPRING PLANTING

Ameer or Large-Podded Alaska No. 414—An extra early large-podded pea of excellent quality. Vines grow about three feet in height, producing large finely-shaped pods. The peas ripen uniformly and are round, slightly dented, of bright green color. A prolific bearer, making it a valuable market gardeners' sort. If you desire a fine large-podded pea that will mature early, one that fills the hamper quickly, plant Reuter's Ameer, or Large-Podded Alaska.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1b., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.25; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.50; 100 lbs., \$19.00.

Little Marvel No. 418—An excellent dwarf sort for the market and home garden. The pods average a little longer than the Premium Gem. The vines are very productive, nearly 18 inches high.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1b., 45c; 2 lbs., 75c, postpaid. (Crop short.)

Gradus or Prosperity No. 406—The earliest, largest-podded and most popular of the wrinkled varieties. Vines are vigorous and healthy, growing two to three feet high. It requires no stakes. The pods are of dark green color, and measure four inches or more in length, being as large as the Telephone, and equally well filled with luscious peas, 8 to 10 or more in a pod.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1b., 50c; 2 lbs., 95c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; 10 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$4.50; bu. (56 lbs.), \$16.00; 100 lbs., \$27.00.

Nott's Excelsior No. 411—The best very early dwarf pea. It combines the good qualities of American Wonder and Premium Gem peas. The vines are larger and more productive than American Wonder and earlier than the Premium Gem and average about twelve inches high. The pods are medium sized, about two and three-fourths inches long. The peas, in sweetness and quality are unsurpassed. A highly desirable variety for market gardeners. We sell large quantities to truckers in Southwest Texas.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1b., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$4.00; bu. (56 lbs.), \$15.00; 100 lbs., \$25.00.

Premium Gem No. 412—(Improved Little Gem)—A fine early green wrinkled dwarf variety. The vines are very productive, fifteen to eighteen inches high. The pods are of medium size, about two and three-fourths inches long, crowded with six to eight large peas of fine quality. Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1b., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$4.00; bu. (56 lbs.), \$15.00; 100 lbs., \$25.00.

Dwarf Telephone No. 415—This is a healthy, stocky grower, and very productive. Requires no stakes. The green pods frequently measure five inches in length, containing nine to ten peas. If you like the Telephone type of peas, and don't want to take the trouble to stake them, plant this strain.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1b., 50c; 2 lbs., 95c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; 10 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$4.50; bu. (56 lbs.), \$16.00; 100 lbs., \$27.00.

Thomas Laxton No. 405—A very early wrinkled variety of great merit. The vines are vigorous, of medium height, about three feet, similar to those of Gradus, but darker in color, hardier and more productive. The pods are large, often four inches long, with square ends, similar to, but larger, longer and darker than those of Champion of England, and as uniformly well filled. The green peas are very large, of fine, deep color and unsurpassed in quality. This grand pea was originated by crossing Gradus with a very early seedling. It is claimed to be earlier, hardier in constitution, and more prolific than most of the large-podded peas. For either home use or market it is unsurpassed.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1b., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$4.00; bu. (56 lbs.), \$15.00; 100 lbs., \$25.00.

Laxtonian No. 413—This is the largest podded of all the early varieties. Although recently introduced in the South, it has already become exceedingly well known as being the finest, largest, and most luscious of all large peas. The dark green pods are similar to Gradus in shape and splendid quality, are as large in size and often mature a little earlier. Vines are vigorous and productive, averaging fifteen to eighteen inches high.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1b., 50c; 2 lbs., 95c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; 10 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$4.50; bu. (56 lbs.), \$16.00; 100 lbs., \$27.00.

Improved Telephone No. 419—This is the best main-crop tall pea in cultivation. The vines are tall and vigorous, growing about four feet high, with large, coarse, light-colored leaves and producing an abundance of pointed pods of largest size, often four and one-half to five inches long, attractive, bright green, filled with very large peas, which are tender, sweet and of excellent flavor.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1b., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$4.00; bu. (56 lbs.), \$15.00; 100 lbs., \$25.00.

Mammoth Melting Sugar No. 416—(Luscious)—This wonderful new sugar pea bears pods much larger than any other variety, often six or seven inches long and an inch and one-half broad. They should not be shelled, but the peas and pods eaten together, as they contain so much sugar, starch and gluten; are very nutritious for family use. Grows quite tall, five to six feet and requires support. This fine edible podded pea deserves a place in your thrift garden. They are used in the same way as the snap or string beans, not being shelled. I am urging you to plant some of these splendid sugar peas, for it is the choicest of all table varieties, the pods are stringless and in flavor, brittleness and succulence are unexcelled. The pods are sometimes sliced for cooking because of their size and may be served with butter or white sauce. They can be made ready for table in 10 to 15 minutes and are good even when quite old. They are enormously productive so a few packets or a pound will supply an ordinary family.

Prices: Pkt., 20c; 1b., 75c, postpaid. (Crop short.)

Large Black-Eye Marrowfat No. 417—Very popular with the gardeners in this section, who plant this variety during the late fall or early spring months, as it withstands inclement weather and cold better than the early varieties. A strong grower and very productive. Height about four to five feet. Must be staked.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 1b., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$10.50; 100 lbs., \$16.00.

FIELD PEAS Are Listed on Page 69

TOBACCO SEED—The seed should be sown as early as possible after danger of frost is over. It is customary to burn a quantity of brush and rubbish in the spring on the ground intended for the seed bed; then dig and pulverize the earth and mix with the ashes, after which the seed may be sown and covered very lightly. When the plants are about six inches high, transplant into rows four or five feet each way. Cultivate thoroughly with plow and hoe.

Improved White Burley No. 534—Our strain is grown on the famous limestone fields of Tennessee. Only the choicest plants are set in the seed plats and special care and cultivation insures well-matured seed of highest vitality.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; 1b., \$3.75, postpaid.

Big Havana No. 535—Heavy cropper; one of the earliest.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; 1b., \$4.00, postpaid.



Dwarf Telephone Peas



REUTER'S CHOICE PEPPER SEED

Culture—Peppers are most largely used for seasoning meat and vegetable dishes as well as for salads and mangoes. They are used also for making chow-chow and chili sauce. The culture is about the same as eggplants, and the plants need quite as much heat to perfect them. Sow the seed early in hotbeds during December and January or about the middle of spring, usually during March and April, in open seed bed, the soil being light and warm. When three to four inches high, transplant in rows about two and one-half feet apart and two feet apart in the row. Cultivate and keep free from weeds. Sow in June and July for a fall shipping crop. For insects spray with Arsenate of Lead or Bowker's Pyrox. 1 packet of seed will produce about 100 plants; 1 oz., about 1,500 plants; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. to the acre.

Reuter's Royal King No. 427

Illustrated in color and described on page 37 of this catalog.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$3.75 per lb.

Reuter's Ruby King No. 429—

This is the finest strain of the well-known Ruby King in cultivation. My stock is carefully grown and pleases thousands of customers throughout the entire South every year. It grows 5 to 6 inches long by 3 to 4 inches in diameter; flesh is very thick, sweet and so mild it is often sliced for a salad; also fine for stuffing. The plants are about $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, vigorous, compact and productive. Matures large well-shaped peppers in 130 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$3.75 per lb.

Reuter's Chinese Giant No. 428—

The largest variety known, monstrous in size and beautiful in appearance. Grows four to five inches broad at the top and of equal length. Quite uniform in size. Flesh is mild and as sweet as an apple. Color dark green, changing to glossy scarlet when ripe. Plants are strong, stocky, bushy, erect growth, 18 inches to 2 feet high. Extremely prolific. Without exception everyone of our customers who has ever grown the Chinese Giant has pronounced it the finest and largest pepper he has ever seen. Our seed supply this year is adequate, but the demand usually exceeds the supply. Order early.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$5.50 per lb.

New Pimiento No.

430—The fruits of this variety are exceptionally smooth and glossy, of good size, medium length and attractive color. The flesh is very thick and solid, mild and of very fine flavor. Desirable for not only salads and stuffed peppers, but it is also the sort so largely used by canners. It is so smooth and uniform in shape that the skin can be easily slipped off after burning over a hot fire a few

Prices: Pkt., 10c; 3 pkts., 25c, postpaid.



Reuter's Ruby King

seconds, or by boiling a few minutes. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$3.25 per lb.

Reuter's Ruby Giant No. 436

A large mild pepper, being a cross between our Ruby King and Chinese Giant, having the good qualities of both, yet without the undesirable features of either. It is a very attractive pepper, grows to a large size, is very mild, and when ripe, is of a bright scarlet color. Flesh exceedingly sweet, and mild enough to eat raw. It matures early; the plant is vigorous and upright, taller than the Chinese Giant, much more productive and an excellent large sweet pepper for stuffing. It is an all-around good pepper for either home or market. You make no mistake when planting this superlative variety, for it has never failed to give the utmost in satisfactory results.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.35; lb., \$4.25, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$4.00 per lb.

Long Red Cayenne No. 431—

A well-known medium early variety having a slender twisted and pointed pod about four inches long. Color deep green when fruit is young, bright red when ripe. Extremely strong and pungent flesh. A favorite with many of the gardeners in the South.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.40; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.

Bird's Eye No. 432—Small as the name implies. Very fine in flavor. Can be used fresh or dried. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.75; lb., \$6.00, postpaid.

Genuine Tabasco No. 433—This is the variety from known Tabasco Sauce, which has a national reputation for flavoring oysters, soups, meats, etc. The small, bright red peppers are extremely hot and fiery in flavor. Bush three feet high.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.40; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.

Anaheim Chili No. 434—from 8 to 10 inches long. It constitutes a staple crop in many sections of California, and is very popular throughout the Southwest. This is the best hot pepper we can offer you in this variety; fine dried for winter use.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.40; lb., \$5.00, postpaid.

Reuter's Mixed Peppers No. 435—Each season an ever increasing number of my customers have asked me to include with their garden seed order a packet or two of mixed pepper seed and this year I have decided to include this item in my catalog so that those who have decided to include this item in my catalog so that those who have desired this mixture may know I am prepared to supply it. The packet contains a small quantity of each desirable variety for home needs. Every home can use both sweet and hot peppers and this mixture will give you some of every variety listed on this page. The seed is all fresh, new stock, identical with that that goes to my extra critical commercial pepper growers. I never purchase "job lots" to fill my mixtures or collections. Only Reuter's best goes out under the Reuter name, whether it be a mixture or straight variety. Order one or more packets of this pepper mixture and you'll be highly pleased.



Chinese Giant Pepper



Pimiento Pepper



Reuter's Certified NORTHERN GROWN Seed Potatoes

I have arranged to again supply my good customers with Certified Seed Potatoes in Red Triumph and Irish Cobbler varieties. There are many reasons for planting none but Certified Seed Potatoes, but here are Four Good Reasons:

Reuter's Certified Seed Potatoes are Northern grown and quick maturing. The early maturing potato crop commands the best price, greater profits. Reuter's Certified Seed Potatoes are State Certified—meaning free from disease and varied mixtures, giving larger

yields and uniform maturities. Reuter's Certified Seed Potatoes are the product of years of hill selection of high producing seed. Result: Stronger and more productive seed. Like produces like. Naturally, you'll find the price slightly higher for this better seed, but common sense will tell you that the better quality and better yields will mean more profit to you.

Bliss Red Triumph—The most valuable early potato for the South. It's an extra-early, and with our Northern-grown Seed Stock, it's the surest and most dependable producer of all sorts, while its handsome appearance when first dug makes it a ready seller at top prices on any market. It withstands heat and drouth to a wonderful degree, and makes a good crop when other sorts burn and make nothing. Vines are smaller than other varieties, the strength of the plant going into making the potatoes rather than into the vine. Matures in 9 to 10 weeks from planting.

Prices: Wisconsin Certified Seed: peck (15 lbs.), \$1.40; bu. (60 lbs.), \$5.00; 2 bu. bags, \$9.00. Good, sound seed stock: Peck (15 lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$3.25; bag (150 lbs.), \$7.50. Prices subject to change. Write for market prices when ready to buy.

Irish Cobbler—In shape it's much like the Triumph; color of skin is creamy white, slightly netted with lighter color. Cooks quickly; is almost pure white, mealy, but not too dry. A good shipper and good keeper.

Prices: Wisconsin Certified Seed: Peck (15 lbs.), \$1.40; bu. (60 lbs.), \$5.00; 2 bu. bags, \$9.00. Good, sound seed stock: Peck (15 lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$3.25; bag (150 lbs.), \$7.50. Prices subject to change. Write for market prices when ready to buy.

White Star—This is one of the most popular varieties in the South. It is medium early and cannot be excelled for a main-crop sort. Vines are strong, of dark green color and very vigorous. Large, oblong, uniform tubers. A good shipper and a good keeper.

Prices: Good, sound seed stock: Peck (15 lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$2.75; bag (150 lbs.), \$6.00. Prices subject to change. Write for market prices when ready to buy.

PUMPKIN SEED Genuine Green Striped Cashaw

No. 445—This is one of the finest pumpkins in cultivation. It is a large crookneck variety, grown largely in Louisiana and other Southern states, and extensively by the local market gardeners. Fruits are very large, with crooked neck. Color creamy white, irregularly striped or traced with green. Flesh light yellow, very thick, rather coarse, but sweet. Very hardy, bugs seldom bothering them. Can be grown among corn and makes heavy yields. Fine for stock and table purposes. Our private stock of this variety is unexcelled.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.50 per lb.

Mammoth King No. 446—Also called the Big Jumbo. It is surely a grand, big variety, often measuring two feet in diameter and weighing two to three hundred pounds each. The skin is salmon-orange color, the flesh is thick, bright yellow and fine-grained, and of good quality. Notwithstanding its enormous size, it is one of the best pumpkins for table use. A splendid keeper and exceptionally valuable for feeding stock.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.25 per lb.

Sweet or Sugar No. 447—It is a small pumpkin, being about ten inches in diameter. It has deep orange yellow skin and fine-grained flesh. It is prolific and in every way desirable. The average weight is about five pounds. This is the variety the famous pumpkin pies are made of.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.00 per lb.

Tennessee Sweet Potato No. 448—A pear-shaped pumpkin. It is of medium size and slightly ribbed. Color, creamy white, sometimes lightly striped with green. Flesh light-colored, fine-grained, dry and of superior quality. When cooked, resembles a sweet potato in flavor. A good keeper.

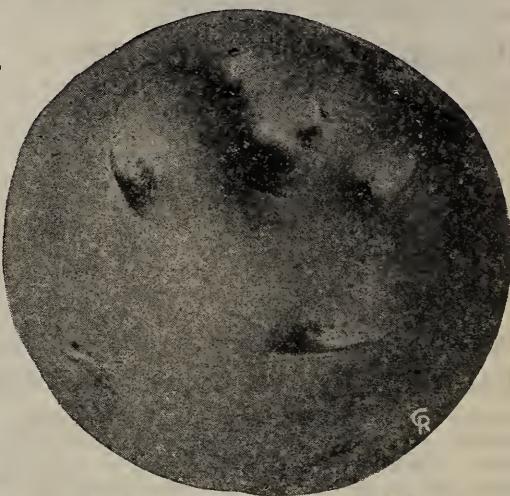
Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 45c; lb., \$1.50, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.25 per lb.

Large Cheese or Field No. 449—A large, round, flattened pumpkin. Very productive. Skin buff color; flesh yellow. The most popular for field or market use. Prices: Oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; lb., 75c, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 60c per lb.

Mammoth Field or Big Tom No. 450—This is one of the largest and most uniform growing and productive varieties known. The vines are strong, vigorous and wonderfully productive. The fruits average fifteen to twenty inches in diameter. The skin and flesh are of a deep rich, orange color, of excellent flavor for pies, etc., cooking soft and tender. Pkt. Prices: 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.00 per lb.

Japanese Pie No. 451—A distinct Japanese variety, adapted to all parts of the South. Very meaty and solid, and in general appearance resembles the Cashaw, but is earlier and larger.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.50 per lb.



Bliss Red Triumph (Certified)



Genuine
Green Striped
Cashaw



Reuter's White Icicle

White Vienna No. 468—A very fine long, white summer radish of excellent quality. The tops are of medium size, the roots clear white, slender, smooth and average about six to seven inches in length.

Scarlet Globe No. 469—Roots of this variety are slightly olive-shaped and are of a rich bright scarlet color. Fine for home use and market.

French Breakfast No. 470—A quickly growing, olive-shaped radish, about one and one-half inches long by five-eighths of an inch in diameter when fully grown.

Reuter's Improved Chartier No. 471—Distinct and exceedingly attractive sort; clear white at the tips. Grows to a large size very fast. One of the best long radishes for outdoor planting; extremely popular in many leading trucking sections of Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama. We sell thousands of selected American grown seed annually.

Prices on above: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1b., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over, at 65c per lb.

California Mammoth White No. 465—The Chinese truck gardeners in California grow this variety extensively. It is the largest of all winter radishes, growing from 10 to 12 inches long and from 2 to 3 inches in diameter. Pure white skin and flesh; solid, crisp and of good flavor. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1b., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.

Reuter's Early Bird Radish No. 475—This exceptionally desirable variety is thoroughly described on Page 38 of this catalog. Try it. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1b., \$1.60, postpaid.

Long Black Spanish No. 472—The roots are long, thick, almost black, somewhat wrinkled. The flesh is white, of firm texture, decidedly pungent, but well flavored.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1b., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.

Chinese Rose No. 473—Bright rose color. Excellent quality and one of the best winter varieties.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1b., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.

Half Long Scarlet



Reuter's Superb Radish Seed

Culture—Best results are obtained from a rich, moist soil. Sow the seed during September, October and November for a winter crop; December, January, February and March are also good sowing times. Sow the seed in drills 14 to 18 inches apart, and thin out the plants to prevent crowding. Successional sowings from one week to ten days apart will keep up a supply. Sow the seed one-half inch deep and cover with fine soil. Gather while young and tender. One ounce will plant a 100-foot row. 10-12 lbs. to acre. One to two months to mature the crop.

Reuter's Early Scarlet Turnip-White Tipped No. 461—

Illustrated in color and described on Page 38 of this catalog.

Long Brightest Scarlet No. 462—The finest long, bright scarlet radish in cultivation. Matures in twenty-five days from planting. Many of the New Orleans market gardeners plant this sort early in the season for local market use. The roots are smooth, slender, uniform in shape and very attractive. This sort has a pure white tip.

Reuter's Cincinnati Market or Glass Radish No. 463—

Illustrated in color and described on Page 38 of this catalog.

White Strassburg No. 464—Oblong tapering shape. Skin and flesh pure white. Crisp, firm, brittle and tender. Best variety for summer use, and largely planted by our market gardeners for local sale in summer.

Half Long No. 466—Roots of this desirable variety are of a deep rich red color, and are olive-shaped or half long, with somewhat tapering point.

White Icicle No. 467—Very attractive pure white radish. Is entirely distinct. Roots long, slender and pure white. Fine variety for market and home. Ready for use in 25 days.

Prices on above: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1b., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over, at 65c per lb.

California Mammoth White No. 465—The Chinese truck gardeners in California grow this variety extensively. It is the largest of all winter radishes, growing from 10 to 12 inches long and from 2 to 3 inches in diameter. Pure white skin and flesh; solid, crisp and of good flavor. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1b., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.

Reuter's Early Bird Radish No. 475—This exceptionally desirable variety is thoroughly described on Page 38 of this catalog. Try it. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1b., \$1.60, postpaid.

Long Black Spanish No. 472—The roots are long, thick, almost black, somewhat wrinkled. The flesh is white, of firm texture, decidedly pungent, but well flavored.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1b., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.

Chinese Rose No. 473—Bright rose color. Excellent quality and one of the best winter varieties.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1b., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$5.00, postpaid.

Choice SPINACH SEED

Culture—You can find no better vegetable to furnish an early supply of greens than spinach. Seed should be planted in very rich ground, the richer the better. Sow in drills 16 to 20 inches apart and thin to about six inches apart when the leaves are an inch wide. Sow early in January, also in February and March. The seed germinates freely in cold weather, and is a rapid grower. Under favorable conditions the leaves may be large enough for eating in eight weeks. In the South spinach seed is planted throughout the fall and winter months. One ounce to 100 feet of row; 10 pounds to the acre.

Reuter's Bloomsdale Savoy Spinach No. 502—

This sort is also known as the Norfolk Savoy Leaved. It is a very early variety and one of the best to plant in the fall for early spring use. The plant is of upright growth, with thick, glossy, dark-green leaves of medium size. Seed round. This is the leading variety used in Texas and Virginia. We sell many tons of this seed to commercial growers. Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; 1b., 50c; 10 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 25-lb. lots or over, at 35c lb.; 50-lb. lots, 30c lb.; 100-lb. lots, 25c lb.

Reuter's Broad Leaved Flanders No. 503—

The leading variety with the New Orleans market gardeners. An early and vigorous-growing, round seeded sort. It is the best variety to plant for bunching purposes, and stands inclement weather conditions very well. Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; 1b., 50c; 10 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 25-lb. lots or over, at 35c lb.; 50-lb. lots, 30c lb.; 100-lb. lots, 25c lb.

Reuter's Monstrous Viroflay No. 504—

This newcomer surpasses most other sorts. Plants are very hardy, with heavy foliage, the dark green leaves being the true Savoy appearance and of the finest quality. Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; 1b., 50c; 10 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 25-lb. lots or over, at 35c lb.; 50-lb. lots, 30c lb.; 100-lb. lots, 25c lb.

New Zealand No. 505—

During hot weather and in any soil, rich or poor. The leaves are comparatively small, broad and pointed. Plant three or four seeds in hills two feet apart each way. Germination of the seed can be hastened by soaking in warm water twenty-four hours. Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1b., \$1.00; 10 lbs. or over at 90c per lb., postpaid.



Broad-Leaved Flanders Spinach

REUTER'S SELECTED SUMMER SQUASH

Culture—The squash is one of the most nutritious and valuable of our garden vegetables. The summer varieties come to the table early in the season. Plants are tender and sensitive to cold, and planting must be delayed until settled warm weather. For the bush varieties, hills should be four or five feet apart each way; from six to ten seeds are sown in each hill, and the plants are thinned to a stand after the development of a couple of rough leaves. One or two shovels full of good manure worked into the soil to each hill is recommended. Keep the squash picked off as soon as they are ready, so as to keep the plants bearing longer. Seed required: One ounce to 25 hills; three pounds per acre.

Earliest White Bush No.

515—The earliest of all squashes and familiarly known as Patty Pan. Illustrated in natural color and described on Page 38 of this catalog.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.75; 5 lbs., \$8.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over at \$1.25 per lb.

Mammoth White Bush

No. 516—Identical with above, but larger in size

and more regular in garden variety. It is early, uniform in shape. A splendid shipper and home shape and very prolific. Has a clear white skin and flesh, grows 10 to 12 inches in diameter, and when picked young ships well. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.75; 5 lbs., \$8.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over at \$1.25 per lb.

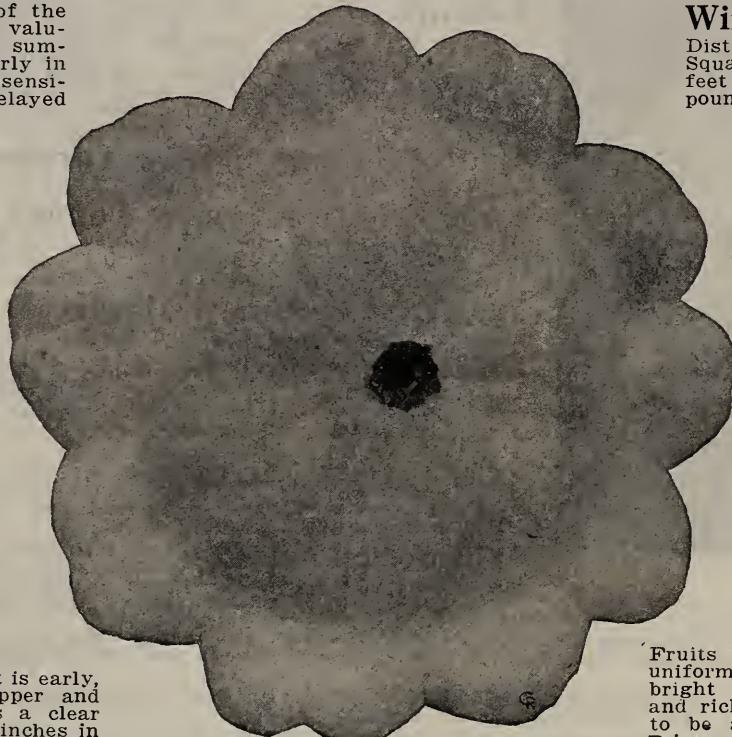
Italian Vegetable Marrow No. 517—

(Cocozella)—The fruits are large, much elongated, dark green at first, but as they mature, become marbled with yellow and lighter green stripes. Pick when 6 to 8 inches long. Becoming a commercial variety in Florida and other Southern States. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

Giant Summer Crookneck No. 518—

A mighty fine summer squash. The skin is yellow. The shape is shown in the illustration. The flesh has a deep golden orange color, and is dry and of most agreeable flavor. Measures from one and a half to two feet in length. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

These Squash
Grew from
Good Seed



Mammoth White Bush

Winter or Running Squash

Distinct from the Bush or Summer Squashes, the vines running from 10 to 12 feet long, and the squashes are 6 to 15 pounds in weight. The flavor is much richer than the summer sorts also. Should be planted later than the bush varieties. Distances vary from 8 to 10 feet in the rows, depending upon the fertility of the soil and the vigor of the varieties. Hoe frequently, but do not disturb runners, if possible.

Boston Marrow No.

520—This is a very productive fall and winter variety of medium to large size, oval shape and thin skin. It is much used for canning and making pies. The fruits when ripe are bright orange with a shading of light cream color. The flesh is of a rich salmon-yellow color, fine-grained and of excellent quality and flavor, but not as dry as the Hubbard. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs. or more at \$1.00 per pound, postpaid.

True Hubbard No.

521—One of the best winter squashes. The vines are vigorous and very productive. Fruits large, heavy hard shell. The skin is uniformly dark bronze green. The flesh is bright orange-yellow, fine-grained, thick, dry and richly flavored. It is esteemed by many to be as good baked as the sweet potato. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

Delicious No. 522—

A fall and winter variety of medium dark green, but sometimes lighter in color and mottled, and are without any hard shell. The flesh is thick, very fine-grained and bright yellow in color. I do not advise customers to plant any winter squashes for shipping purposes from the South, but these varieties are much better for home use. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.75, postpaid.

Mammoth Chili No. 523—

Grows to tremendous size. The outer skin is a rich orange-yellow. The flesh is yellow and very thick, and the quality is good and nutritious. Often attains a weight of 200 pounds, without losing its fine shape and quality. It is the right kind to grow for exhibition at the fairs. Its size makes it profitable to grow for stock feeding also. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.75, postpaid.

Reuter's Squash
Seed Will
Produce
Squash
Just Like
These.



REUTER'S Tomato Seed—Best for the South

All of our Tomato Seeds are from seed stocks carefully selected and saved from the very best specimens. Throughout Florida, Texas, Mississippi, Louisiana and even in Mexico and Cuba, Reuter's Peerless Tomato Seed has a wonderful reputation for purity, trueness to type, and prolificness. Thousands of pounds of our highly selected varieties are planted by commercial truckers as well as home gardeners every year.

Culture—The gardener who has the necessary hotbeds may begin sowing the seed fully six weeks before it would be safe to put the plants in the open ground. For sowing the seed, I recommend dirt bands, or boxes. Start the plants in hotbeds the same as early cabbage. The tomato plant is not as hardy as cabbage, so more attention should be given to airing and watering. When the plants are three to four inches high, they should be transplanted to another hotbed, or cold frame, in order to make the plants strong and sturdy. After the plants are growing well and the ground you intend putting them in is thoroughly prepared and fertilized, it is necessary to lay out the field in rows three to four feet apart, and set the plants along the rows two feet apart, and if the plants are to be staked, about eighteen to twenty inches apart. To insure best results a small handful of stable manure put over each tomato plant will enable it to take better root. Train and trim the vines. When the plants are six to ten inches high they will begin to throw out branches. Select the largest and most vigorous of these and pinch off all others except this one and the main stem. Do not pinch off fruiting branches. Clean cultivation is necessary. Don't cultivate when the first fruit commences to set. One ounce of seed makes about 1,500 plants; three to four ounces to the acre. One packet will sow a 100-foot row; or about three dozen plants will do the trick.

Livingston's Globe No. 545—Illustrated on this page and thoroughly described on page 36 of this catalog. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$3.50 per lb.

Reuter's June Pink No. 557—Illustrated in color and described on page 36 of this catalog. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$3.50 per lb.

Spark's Earliana No. 563—Our strain of this first early sort is earlier and decidedly superior to much that is sold as Spark's Earliana, and the extreme earliness of its large, smooth fruits makes it a very profitable tomato for market gardeners, as well as desirable for the home garden. The vines are small but vigorous and productive. The fruits are bright deep scarlet, medium to large, nearly round and exceptionally smooth for so early a variety. The fruits are borne in clusters near the base of the plant, and the bulk of the crop ripens very early. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50, postpaid.

Reuter's Matchless No. 546—A main crop variety that is a prize-winner. The fruits are very large, smooth, and symmetrical, ripening well to the stem. The flesh is rich, bright red in color and of fine quality. It is a strong and vigorous grower, with thrifty vines which produce unexcelled fruit. If you want a real large tomato, perfectly smooth, firm, beautiful, having long-keeping qualities and of the finest flavor, plant Reuter's Matchless. The skin is tough, which makes it a splendid keeper and shipper, and is less liable to crack in wet weather than any other large tomato. Unsurpassed for either table or market purposes. We can supply an extra choice stock of this variety.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$3.50 per lb.

Purple Acme No. 547—The vines are large, hardy and productive, ripening their first fruits very early, although not an extra early variety. The fruits are purplish-pink, round, smooth, and of medium size, free from cracks and stand shipment very well. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$3.50 per lb.



Livingston's Globe Tomato

Golden Queen No. 549—

A very handsome tomato that deserves a place in every garden in the South. It is the best large, smooth yellow tomato I know of. The meat is solid, sweet, with bright golden-yellow color. The flavor is superior to most tomatoes, the shape is uniform. Don't overlook planting some of these tomatoes this season.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

Reuter's Scarlet Chief

No. 550—We are slow to offer our trade any new thing that we are not thoroughly familiar with. Therefore we tried this tomato and can say it is far superior to the Stone for the market gardeners' main crop, because it is just the tomato for the table. It is not sour, but a delicious meaty variety. The type of vine and manner of growth is similar to the Stone. It makes a yield with our growers of thirty to fifty tons per acre and while their climate is somewhat different from the Southern States, our recent trials of this variety convince us that it is an absolutely safe variety for you to plant, and I offer this new tomato with a full assurance that it will please and give entire satisfaction. It is considerably larger and heavier than the Stone, very prolific and productive, brilliant scarlet in color, smooth and with a tough skin. For market, near or far, for canning, for home use, there is no other variety that gets near this splendid variety. Seed supply limited. Order early.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$4.50 per lb.

John Baer No. 552—(Bright Red)—An early tomato of recent introduction that produces beautiful, large, bright red, solid fruits. Almost seedless, a marvelous stem-setter, often making ten fruits in first cluster. It is solid and meaty and has just enough foliage. Every tomato will ripen evenly right up to the stem. When deep ripe they will not burst. No cripes, no scalds, no blight, no cracked, no wrinkled, no one-sided, uneven, scarred fruit. It is a perfect shipping tomato. Set the plants 3x3½ feet. As a canning variety it is unbeatable.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$3.50 per lb.

Reuter's Redfield Beauty No. 548—It is not necessary for me to elaborate on its description, for I think it is too well known in the South for me to speak of its good merits. I sell many hundred pounds of this distinct variety throughout Texas, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi and Louisiana. The fruits grow in clusters of three to five, and are as regular in shape and size as it is possible to produce. The color is its leading attribute, being a glossy red, the kind that makes tomatoes sell at sight. It retains all of its good qualities until picked. It is a good shipper, and less liable to rot than any other sort. The skin is tough, flesh solid. Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.50, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$3.00 per lb.



Redfield Beauty



REUTER'S MATCHLESS
TOMATO

A GREAT BIG RED MAIN CROP SORT

Reuter's Long Keeper No. 553—

As a drouth and heat-resisting variety, I don't believe there is another sort on the market that compares to Reuter's Long Keeper. It is an especially valuable variety for planting during the spring for furnishing a continuous supply through the long summers when other kinds die out. Its wonderful resistant qualities and adaptability to every section of the South makes it a prime favorite with every one. Fruits over three inches in diameter and are brilliant red in color. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid.

Duke of York No. 555—

In many sections of the South the growing of tomatoes is almost an impossibility on account of the Tomato Blight, which is a disease that affects the plant when the fruit begins to "set." There is no known remedy for this disease. It seldom appears on new land or land that has not been planted in tomatoes, but when it does appear, the only way to succeed is to plant a variety that is practically blight proof. The Duke of York is the only variety that I know of that is blight-proof. It is not quite as good in quality as some of the other sorts, yet a strong, vigorous grower; great cropper and stays bearing a long time. If you have ever been bothered with Tomato Blight, this is the variety you ought to plant. Genuine seed. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.35; lb., \$4.50, postpaid.

Wise gardeners will prepare at planting time for bugs and insect pests. See page 70 for dependable remedies.

Reuter's Perfect First Early No. 556— For years we have been searching for an early tomato that would eliminate every objectionable feature and possess all the qualities that combine to make a perfect early tomato. Our careful and painstaking growers of superfine tomato seed originated this superb stock, the selection of which they have been working on for more than seven years. Extreme earliness, large yields, superlative quality, dependability, are all big factors of this grand early tomato. Strictly speaking, it is a "short season" tomato—ripens in about 85 days under general conditions in the South. It is just the right size—not too large. The color is a brilliant, bright red that attracts immediate attention from the trade. Every tomato is smooth and perfect as the ones shown in the illustration. It is nearly round, with an average diameter of about three inches. Every tomato when ripe is red from blossom to the stem end. It is enormously prolific, and is, without an equal for either early or late planting. Contains very few seeds, is solid and meaty, and of the finest flavor. The fruits are borne continuously in large numbers. The flesh is solid, has a tough skin, thus making it an ideal shipping variety. Uniform in size. It is absolutely smooth and has no trace of navel in the blossom end. This new tomato embodies all that can be desired in both an early and late, all-round tomato.

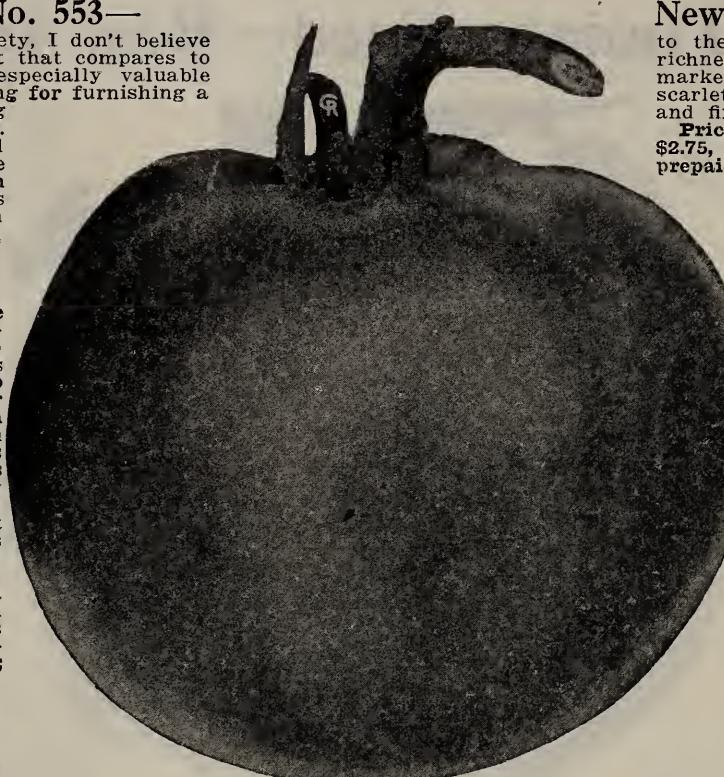
Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.50, postpaid.

Dwarf Champion No. 564— This is sometimes sold as the "Tree Tomato." It is a second-early, purplish pink variety, especially desirable where garden space is limited. The vines are about two feet high, vigorous, upright and compact-growing. The fruits are medium-sized, exceptionally smooth and of very good quality. Our stock is a very superior strain with more even, smoother fruit than the original. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.35; lb., \$4.50, postpaid.

Perfect First Early

Herbs — In making up your assortment of seeds for the year don't neglect to order a few varieties of herbs. The chief point is to harvest them properly, which should be done on a dry day when not quite in full bloom, dried quickly and packed closely and entirely excluded from air. Those marked with an asterisk (*) are perennial.

AINSE, No. 281—Seeds of agreeable aromatic taste. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 15c. **BASIL SWEET, No. 280**—For flavoring soups, stews, etc. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 20c. ***CARAWAY, No. 284**—Seeds are used for flavoring bread, etc. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 40c. **CHERVIL, No. 173**—Resembles parsley. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c. **CRESS, WATER, No. 286**—**Pkt.**, 10c; oz., 60c. **Curled, No. 297**—**Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 20c. **DILL, No. 298**—Used in making dill pickles. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25. ***FENNEL, SWEET, No. 287**—Leaves used in sauces. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 20c. ***HOREHOUND, No. 288**—For seasoning and cough remedy. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 25c. ***LAVENDER, No. 289**—Used as a perfume. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 30c. **MARJORAM, SWEET, No. 290**—For seasoning. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 25c. ***ROSEMARY, No. 291**—Aromatic leaves used for seasoning. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 60c. ***RUE, No. 292**—For medicinal uses; good for fowls. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 30c. ***SAGE, No. 293**—Much used for dressing. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 20c. ***SUMMER SAVORY, No. 294**—Used for flavoring. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 20c. ***THYME, FRENCH, No. 295**—Leaves and young shoots used for seasoning. **Pkt.**, 10c; oz., 75c. ***WORMWOOD, No. 296**—Used medicinally, and also for poultry. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 30c.



Reuter's Scarlet Chief

and enormously prolific. The color is intense, velvet, glowing scarlet red. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.10; lb., \$3.75, postpaid.

New Stone No. 565—This strain is superior to the Stone in solidity, productiveness and richness of color. A great favorite among market gardeners. Very large in size, bright scarlet in color, smooth and exceedingly solid and firm-fleshed. Quality is unexcelled. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.75, postpaid. In 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, \$2.25 per lb.

Improved Ponderosa No. 567—

A great big tomato that has won for itself first place among many of the most critical growers of this luscious vegetable. The color is purple crimson. It is the largest tomato in cultivation, the heaviest, and in addition to these two splendid features it is delicious in flavor. Shape is rather regular, considering its immense size, and makes a splendid slicing variety, having few seeds. If you are looking for something that is really a novelty, and at the same time a valuable variety, plant the Ponderosa. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.50, postpaid.

Yellow Ponderosa No. 561—

One of the most interesting novelties ever introduced. It equals our improved Ponderosa in size, but bears rich, golden-yellow fruits in abundance. This is a grand yellow tomato that has color alone to distinguish it from any other sort we know of. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.50, postpaid.

Reuter's New Wondermelon is described on page 18.

Bonny Best No. 559—

This variety is a vigorous grower and extremely prolific. The color is intense, velvet, glowing scarlet red. **Prices:** Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.10; lb., \$3.75, postpaid.

Giant Tree Tomato No. 569—A truly wonderful novelty, grows 10 to 15 feet tall—regular climbing trees. Bears from late spring until frost. A strong growing sort with fruit well above the ground, and early to mature very large fruit. Has to be well tied to a stake to keep from sprawling over the ground. Fruits very large, often two to three pounds and six inches in diameter. If you want to grow tomatoes that will be the envy of everyone in your neighborhood, try this sort. Not recommended for commercial purposes. **Prices:** Pkt., 15c; oz., 50c; postpaid.

Reuter's Big 7-Ounce Turnip Collection No. 900**25c POSTPAID**

This is the most popular of all collections and the biggest seller we have. It will give any family in the South a full supply of early, medium and late turnips. For only 25c we'll send you postpaid, one ounce each Purple Top White Globe, Pomeranian White Globe, Seven Top or Salad. Purple Top Strap Leaf, Large Amber Globe, Early Snowball and American Purple Top Rutabaga. You get seven distinct varieties, seven full ounces, delivered at your postoffice, for only 25c.

7 Ounces

7 Varieties

25c Postpaid

**Reuter's Selected Bird Seed**

Our bird seed stocks are carefully purchased, thoroughly cleaned and prepared for a most critical trade. You do not get job lots, screenings or trash such as is frequently offered. If you value your birds, give them good, clean seed.

100 Lbs.

	Postpaid	Not Prepaid
Canary Seed, Plain	25c	\$15.00
Canary Seed, Mixed	25c	12.00
Hemp Seed	25c	13.00
Millet Seed	20c	7.00
Sunflower Seed	25c	12.00

PLANT PLENTY OF SPRING TURNIPS

Culture— Spring plantings of turnips are important, although the general crop for winter is usually sown late in the summer or fall. For late spring use, sow the seed during January, February and March. Sow thinly in drills, according to the locality, covering the seed lightly. Thin early and keep free from weeds so that the young plants will not be checked in growth. It is important to get the spring crop started early so that the turnips may have time to grow up to a sufficient size before hot weather causes them to become tough and bitter. Plant seed one-half inch deep. The rows should be two feet apart. Sow one ounce of seed to 2 feet of row; 2 to 3 pounds to the acre. Ready for use in 45 to 70 days.

Reuter's Peerless Purple Top White Globe

No. 578— Our perfected strain of this splendid table variety is grown expressly for our critical market gardeners' and mail-order trade in America, and not to be compared with the usually inferior Turnip seed of the same variety imported from Holland, Denmark, and other European countries. Illustrated in color and described on Page 38 of this catalog.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1b., 70c; 5 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 50c per lb.

Early Purple Top No. 579— (Strap Leaved)—A very early, strap leaved variety, very extensively used for table. The roots are flat, of medium size, purple or dark red above ground and white below. The flesh is white, fine grained and tender. A fine early sort.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1b., 70c; 5 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 50c per lb.

Early White Flat Dutch No. 580— (Strap Leaved)—A very early white turnip, largely used for table. The roots are of medium size, flat, very white fleshed, fine grained and sweet. Does very well in the spring.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1b., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 45c per lb.

Early Snowball No. 581— An extra early white skinned and fleshed turnip. Flesh snowy white, crisp and tender. A grand spring variety.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1b., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 45c per lb.

Large Snow White Globe No. 582— Color is pure white, shape is round, of large size, solid and quick in growth. It is productive and hard and closely resembles the Purple Top White Globe in size and shape, but produces turnips considerably larger.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1b., 70c; 5 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 50c per lb.

Golden Ball (Orange Jelly) No. 583— One of the most delicious and sweetest yellow-fleshed turnips. Not of large size, but firm, hard and most excellent flavor. Keeps well and is superior as a table variety.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1b., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 45c per lb.



Early Purple Top Strap Leaved Turnip

Seven Top, or Salad No. 584— Cultivated extensively in the South for tops, which are used for greens. It is very hardy and will grow all winter, but does not produce a good root, and is only recommended for the tops.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1b., 70c; 5 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, at 50c per lb.

Extra Early White Egg No. 585— A quick growing, egg-shaped, perfectly smooth pure white variety. Very solid, firm and fine grained flesh, of sweet, mild flavor. Matures in about 50 days.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1b., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, at 45c per lb.

Yellow or Amber Globe No. 586— Of large size, globular shaped, solid, yellow flesh. The skin is smooth, firm and sweet, maturing in about 75 days. A splendid variety for either table or stock.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1b., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 45c per lb.

Yellow Aberdeen No. 587— A turnip of high merit. The flesh is yellow, tender, sugary and very solid. In color, the turnip is purple above and deep yellow below. Fine for either stock feeding or table use.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1b., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 45c per lb.

Long White Cowhorn No. 588— This variety is clear white, except a little shade of green at the top of the root, which grows similar to a cow's horn. The flesh is fine grained and well flavored. A rapid grower.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1b., 70c; 5 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 50c per lb.

Extra Early White Milan No. 589— A rapid grower, sweet and tender. An excellent extra early white flat turnip maturing in about 45 days. Mild flavor and fine grained. Desirable for spring sowing.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1b., 80c; 5 lbs., \$3.50, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 60c per lb.

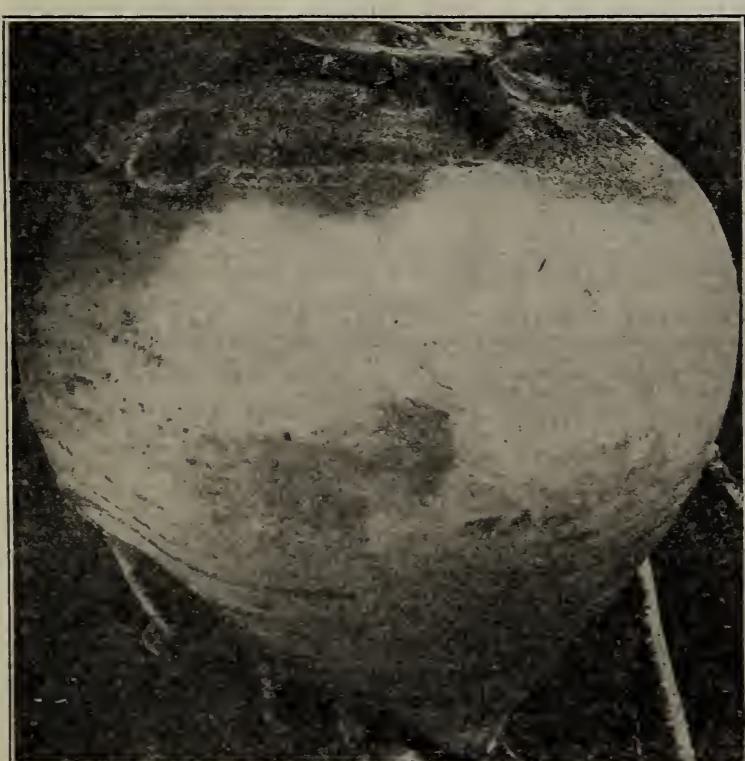
Pomeranian White Globe No. 590— This is one of the most productive kinds and in good soil the roots will frequently grow to 12 pounds in weight. It is globe-shaped and slightly flattened. The skin is very white and smooth.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1b., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 45c per lb.

Reuter's Improved American Rutabaga No. 591— This is one of the best and most valuable of all root crops. Rutabagas do best on new land or light, sandy soil, and for this reason are largely grown for breaking where, without cultivation, they produce bountiful crops of excellent quality. Rutabagas are grown for two purposes—for table use and for stock feed. Our seed is grown for us in England by specialists, whose life work has been the breeding and production of the highest type of Rutabaga. The aim has been to produce a root with a small top of uniform size and shape and with a single tap root, a root of high feeding quality, fine flavor and great productiveness.

With the kind of Rutabaga Seed I sell you it is possible to raise 15 to 25 tons of roots per acre. With ordinary seed, about one-half this amount, and sometimes less. My strain produces a variety with an exceedingly short neck, is very solid, of a beautiful orange or amber color, with a handsome purple top. Grows to extreme size and of the finest quality. It is short neck, small top, firm flesh, symmetrical shape, united with high-feeding value, great productiveness, hardness and long-keeping qualities; this describes the World's Best Rutabaga—Reuter's American Purple Top Globe.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1b., 70c; 5 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 50c per lb.



Reuter's Improved American Rutabaga



REUTER'S

Hardy Vegetable Roots and Plants

NOTE—No plant orders accepted from Florida, because of restrictions of the Plant Quarantine Law causing delays in plants arriving at destination.

Orders will be shipped approximately three to five days after arrival, weather conditions permitting. If plants do not

arrive as soon as you expect them, you may know that conditions beyond our control are responsible for the delay. Unnecessary correspondence and complaints do not alter weather conditions, but add extra expense and trouble to us and to you.

REUTER'S FROSTPROOF CABBAGE PLANTS

Mature Heads Two to Three Weeks Earlier Than Home Grown Plants and Double Profits

We are having grown for us in certain favored sections of Louisiana many million Frost Proof Cabbage Plants. The plants make a slow but steady growth, until at eight to ten weeks of age they are very tough and hardy, the buds are purple and the outer leaves a reddish brown. When in this condition they can be shipped to territory further North and planted in the open ground a month to six weeks sooner than the home-grown hot bed or cold frame plants.

Plants usually withstand the cold winter, say at least 6 winters out of 8, in Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama. In other territories, February and March are best months to plant. The word "Frost-Proof" does not mean "freeze-proof." However, you will be surprised at the amount of freezing weather the plants will stand. A temperature of 20 degrees above zero with sleet and snow seldom hurts them. Under favorable conditions, they stand it down to 13 above zero.

The top of the plant does not grow until regular spring weather opens up, but the roots grow from the time they are planted, and as soon as spring weather begins, the established root growth assimilates the fertilizer in the soil and the plants grow very fast, maturing headed cabbage two to three weeks sooner than you can mature it from hot bed and cold frame plants. You can figure for yourself the difference in profit if your crop is matured and marketed before the general crop from home grown plants is matured. To obtain the advantage of these Frost Proof Cabbage Plants they must be planted a month or six weeks earlier than you would plant home grown plants.

The plants when received will be somewhat wilted and have a hard, stunted appearance, which will be disappointing to persons who have never used these plants before. Regardless of appearance, they will produce splendid crop results. When we receive your order, we have to forward it to our growing station, and this requires several days. Plants are shipped direct to you from the growing station. Plants cannot be pulled or shipped when beds are wet. At times a week or ten days of continued wet weather will prevent shipment of plants. If you do not receive your plants as soon as you expect them, you will know that weather prevents shipment. Send your order two to three weeks before you expect to set the plants and you will get them on time. If the plants cannot be set out the same day they are received, take them from the crate immediately, dip the roots in water and heel out into the ground, spreading the bunches a little. In no case should they be left in the crate.

Varieties: Early Jersey Wakefield, Charleston Wakefield, Succession and Stein's Early Flat Dutch.

We fill orders from November 15th to May 1st. Remittances must accompany all orders. No plants shipped open account or C. O. D. Please do not ask us to break this very necessary rule.

Prices by Parcel Post: In lots of 100, 200, 300, or 400 plants, at 50c per 100 plants; 500 plants for \$1.75; 1,000 or more at \$3.25 per 1,000 plants, postpaid.

Orders are filled by the 100, not 250 or 350. These prices are for even quantities of one variety to a package; if you ordered 200 of one variety and 300 of another variety, you would remit at the 100 rate.

Prices by Express: Customer paying express charges. In lots of 1,000 to 4,000 plants at \$2.25 per 1,000; 5,000 or more at \$2.00 per 1,000. Plants packed for express shipment, 1,000 or 2,000 plants of a variety to a package, weigh about 25 pounds per 1,000 plants, packed for shipment.

For the past two years the express service has been congested and deliveries slow and unsatisfactory. We, therefore, advise shipment by Parcel Post.

REUTER'S TRUE-TO-NAME SWEET POTATO PLANTS

All Potato Plants Packed 100 to a Bundle

The Sweet Potato is one of the few money crops that may be profitably grown on so-called worn-out lands of the South, a fairly good yield being possible on lands that are too poor to make profitable crops of most farm products. Don't fail to include Sweet Potatoes in your 1921 farm plans. I can supply the following tested and tried varieties for home, market and stock food purposes in plants

only: **WHITE TRIUMPH**, large oval, white potato, grown principally for early hog and stock food, not a good home potato. **SOUTHERN QUEEN**, a heavy producer, very similar to the White Triumph, planted usually for early hog food. **YELLOW NANSEMOND**, an early, yellow fleshed, very attractive potato; a poor keeper, not as good as other yellow varieties, maturing last of August. **GOLD COIN**, a golden yellow, attractive, splendid market potato, a good keeper and most desirable as a shipper. **BUNCH YAM**, good yellow color, not much vine, very popular all over South, good keeper and suitable for home and shipping. **NANCY HALL**, the best eating potato that I know of, but not a good keeper. It yields well and matures in September and October, at the time of most other yellow sorts. **DOOLEY YAM**, a variety that seems to be a good keeper, maturing fairly early and a good yielder. **PORTO RICO YAM**, a variety that I think is best of all. It is a good eating potato, a fine keeper, matures late and yields well.

Special Notice—These plants are produced for me by a most reliable grower and shipment of all orders is made direct from his farm. Sweet Potato Plants cannot be shipped together with other items on your order. Deliveries will be started about April 1 and continue to July 1. None will be shipped before April and none after July. Weather conditions will govern the promptness of filling orders. The prices given below are subject to change without notice.

Prices: Parcel post, postpaid, 100, 75c; 500, \$2.50; 1,000, \$4.50. Not prepaid, by express per 1,000, \$4.00; 5,000, \$3.75.

OTHER VEGETABLE PLANTS AND ROOTS

Asparagus Roots—You can save from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 years' time in getting your Asparagus bed in condition by the use of our large 2 year old Asparagus roots.

Prices: 50 roots for 90c; \$1.50 per 100, postpaid. By express, not prepaid, per 100, \$1.25; per 1,000, \$9.00.

Rhubarb Roots (Pie Plant)—Plant early in the spring each way, in deep, warm and very rich soil. These stalks usually grow from 3 to 4 feet long and 3 inches thick. **Prices:** Good strong roots, 30c each; 3 for 75c; 6 for \$1.25, postpaid. Extra large Field grown clumps or roots (not divided), by mail, postpaid, 45c each; 3 for \$1.25. By express, not prepaid, 6 for \$1.75; 12 for \$3.00.

Horseradish Roots—Horseradish is used in most every household during the fall and winter months when the fresh product is ready. As soon as the ground can be worked in the spring set the roots in rows 6 inches apart, and about 6 inches apart in the rows; very little cultivation is needed. Late in the fall pull as many roots as will be required for your winter use, cut off tops, store them in a barrel and fill with sand, place them in a cool cellar, grate as wanted. **Prices**, by mail, postpaid: Dozen, 50c; 50 for \$1.00; 100 for \$1.50. By express, not prepaid, dozen, 40c; 50 for 75c; 100 for \$1.25.

Tomato Plants—**VARIETIES:** JUNE PINK, NEW STONE, EARLIANA, RED FIELD BEAUTY, GLOBE, DWARF CHAMPION, EARLY DETROIT AND PONDEROSA. Ready for shipment about March 1st. **Prices**, by mail, postpaid: dozen, 25c; 25 for 40c; 50 for 75c; 100 for \$1.25; 500 for \$4.00. Not prepaid, by express, per 1,000, \$7.00.

Pepper Plants—**VARIETIES:** RUBY KING, CHINESE GIANT, RUBY GIANT AND PIMENTO. Ready for shipment about March 1st. **Prices**, by mail, postpaid: dozen, 25c; 25 for 40c; 50 for 75c; 100 for \$1.25; 500 for \$4.00. Not prepaid, by express, per 1,000, \$7.00.

Eggplant Plants—**VARIETIES:** NEW YORK MARKET, NEW ORLEANS MARKET and FLORIDA HIGH BUSH. Ready for shipment about March 1st. **Prices**, by mail, postpaid: dozen, 25c; 25 for 40c; 50 for 75c; 100 for \$1.25; 500 for \$4.00. Not prepaid, by express, per 1,000, \$7.00.

Chayote, Mirliton, or Vegetable Pear—A among the fall and winter vegetables that can be easily grown in home gardens of the South the Chayote (pronounced chi-o-tay) has proved one of the best. This little-known vegetable, a native of tropical America, promises to become a profitable commercial crop in the sections of the South to which it is adapted for culture. It is produced on climbing vines with perennial roots. Spring planting of Chayotes is best, except perhaps in southern Florida, where the winter frosts, if they occur, are usually light. When planting, place the entire fruit on its side with the broad end slanting slightly downward; cover the lower end with not more than two inches of soil, leaving the small or stem end exposed. The fruits should be planted, one in a hill, 15 to 20 feet apart. Plants should be mulched with straw or litter. **Prices:** 15c each, 2 for 25c; per doz., \$1.25, postpaid.

Reuter's SPECIAL VARIETIES



CROSBY EGYPTIAN BEETS

I AM featuring on this and the following five pages of this catalog certain standard, proven, dependable types and varieties of vegetables that I know will give absolute satisfaction to either market, truck or home gardener. These varieties are planted every season by the most successful commercial gardeners throughout the Southern States who, from experience, have learned to know the most adaptable and profitable sorts to produce. Every variety will produce a product that will sell in big markets. Home gardeners wisely plant those sorts the markets want so that when a surplus is raised profitable marketing will help out the farm or home income. Your garden, whether a "back-yard" spot or a forty-acre truck farm, will be planted with the finest, purest, most adaptable, most productive and profitable varieties when sown with Reuter's Selected Market Gardeners' Varieties as shown on these pages.

Crosby Egyptian Beet No. 54—The Finest Strain in America Today. Reuter's Crosby Egyptian Beet has given excellent satisfaction with market gardeners and truckers throughout the entire South.

No other beet has so many real, genuine points of merit as this highly developed, closely selected, pedigreed strain of the famous Crosby Egyptian. A consistent demand from the same people year after year for this variety should be sufficient endorsement for all gardeners to know that in planting this grand beet they are planting the world's best beet, and a variety that owing to its small top makes it especially desirable for bunching. The roots are flattened globe shape and very smooth. The exterior color of the root is bright red. The flesh is bright vermillion red, zoned with a lighter shade, very sweet, tender and of excellent quality. French grown seed only.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over, 75c per lb.

Reuter's Black Valentine Bean No. 10—An Unexcelled Strain for Southern Market Gardeners. It is unquestionably one of the most attractive green beans in cultivation, and rivals them all for productiveness and shipping qualities. The pods are round, very handsome, and quickly salable in all markets. The pods are medium dark green and about six inches long.

Thousands of acres in Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas, and other Southern States are devoted during the spring and fall to the cultivation of this variety for early market purposes. Ready for picking in forty-five days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Giant Stringless Green Pod Bean No. 14—Perfectly Stringless, Attractive Long Green Pods. An exceedingly productive and very handsome sort. The plants are large, vigorous and spreading. The pods are large and nearly round, and of medium green color. They mature a few days later than Burpee's Stringless Green Pod, average one-fourth inch longer and are more nearly straight. This variety, illustrated in colors at bottom of page, has achieved unheard of popularity in Southwest Texas, where it has made good in every instance.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Wardwell's Kidney Wax Bean No. 23—Unsurpassed in Richness of Quality. One of the earliest, best, and hardiest of the wax sorts. The plant becomes loaded with long, broad, and flat, beautifully waxy colored pods which are stringless and of a rich, luscious flavor, and are exceedingly brittle; the dried beans are a distinct kidney shape.

The pods are about six inches long and of excellent quality. They always command a ready sale on all markets making the variety one of the most profitable for the trucker.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; 10 lbs., \$2.70, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$2.50; bu. (60 lbs.), \$9.00; 100 lbs., \$14.50.

A Regular Customer from Mississippi writes:

"I have never had orders filled more promptly, nor had better results from seed." You'll find that you may have the same prompt service and tested seeds if you send us your order.



WARDWELL'S WAX BEANS



BLACK VALENTINE GREEN BEANS



GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN BEAN

Reuter's Selected Seeds for Southern Gardens



Charleston Wakefield Cabbage

Reuter's Danvers Half Long Carrot No. 129

The Best Carrot for All Purposes. The most popular carrot for the market gardener and trucker, and for many years has led our whole list as the best seller. A half long orange carrot, grown largely on account of its great productiveness and adaptability to all classes of soil. It is a desirable second early carrot for the home garden and is also the best money-making variety for the market gardener and trucker. The tops are of medium size. The mature roots are of medium length, six to eight inches long, tapering uniformly to a blunt point. Grown extensively by market gardeners for bunching, and largely shipped to northern markets. Our strain is unbeatable.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over, 70c per lb.



Danvers Half Long Carrot



Evergreen White Spine Cucumber

Reuter's Charleston Wakefield Cabbage No. 83—The Finest Spring Cabbage for the South. Standing pre-eminent as the finest spring cabbage for the South, Reuter's Charleston Wakefield has contributed much towards placing cabbage from the Sunny South on the northern markets during the spring months. The heads when matured average 10 to 12 pounds each and sometimes more. For sureness in heading and regularity of growth, Reuter's Charleston Wakefield Cabbage is the acme of perfection. It is unquestionably the best variety to plant during the early spring months for either home use or market. The heads are of equal size and as hard and as solid as a cannon ball. The most severe weather ever known in this section hardly inflicts any injury to Reuter's Charleston Wakefield. The type is remarkable for its quick-growing habits, fully two weeks earlier than the flat-headed varieties. The plants owing to their compact growth and few outer leaves can be set close together and yield an enormous crop per acre. Unusually crisp and sweet for home use. Long Island grown seed only.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00; 5 lbs., \$13.75, postpaid.

Reuter's Extra Dark Evergreen White Spine Cucumber No. 215—The Ideal Variety to Plant for General Crop.

A black-green cucumber that holds its color better than any other sort. If you want a real dark green White Spine variety, plant this one. The rich color holds for several days after reaching the markets in Northern cities, and on account of this profitable characteristic it is largely planted by market gardeners and truckers. It is extremely prolific, an unbeatable shipper, and very early. It is crisp and tender and retains its fresh appearance long after being gathered. The fruit is from eight to nine inches long, and two to three and one-half inches in diameter. It is unsurpassed as a table and market cucumber. It has all the good points that a cucumber should have and none of the bad ones, and will be found satisfactory for both market and home use.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over, 90c per lb.



Eggplant

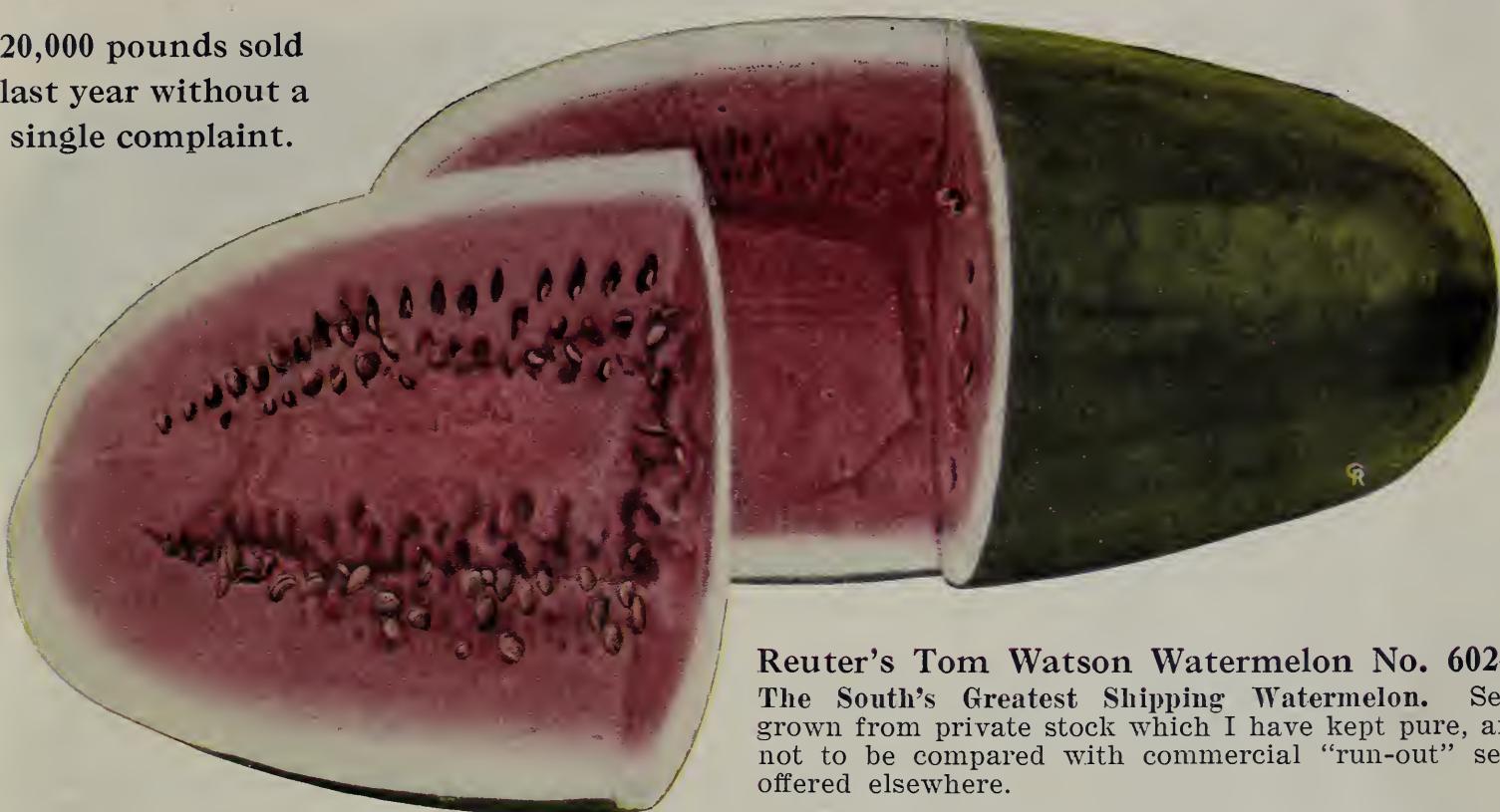
Reuter's New Orleans Market Eggplant No. 236

The Finest Home and Shipping Variety. A long, dark purple variety that is absolutely distinct, being perfectly adapted to the South in every respect. The seed is produced in New Jersey from my own personal stock seed. No eggplant on the market combines such wonderful characteristics for the market gardener and trucker. These eggplants will carry to any market in the United States or Canada without spoiling. Their keeping quality is a profitable asset. The plants grow large and high, sometimes five feet, and bear fruit entirely off the ground. Being an upright grower, it resists heat and drouth. Its color is deep purple, sometimes showing a tinge of red, very large in size, oval in shape, absolutely spineless, and of the finest quality. If you are going to plant eggplants this spring, and are in doubt as to what variety to sow, don't hesitate to plant this one by all means. No one else can offer you the same stock. The shortness of the present seed crop urges early ordering.

Prices: Pkt., 20c; oz., 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.50; lb., \$5.50, postpaid.

REUTER'S Special Market Gardeners' Varieties

20,000 pounds sold
last year without a
single complaint.



Reuter's Tom Watson Watermelon No. 602—
The South's Greatest Shipping Watermelon. Seed grown from private stock which I have kept pure, and not to be compared with commercial "run-out" seed offered elsewhere.

melon, either for home use or shipping purposes, being extra long, of attractive appearance, uniform in shape, size and quality. The average melons weigh from 40 to 50 lbs., and often as high as 75 lbs., and measure 28 to 30 inches long and 12 to 14 inches in diameter. The skin is dark green with thick netting all over, quite distinct from other sorts. My seed is saved from extra big, juicy, sweet Tom Watson Watermelons that are grown exclusively for our critical trade. The growing crops are carefully inspected by ourselves, and every effort is made to furnish me with the purest, finest and highest grade Watson melon seed obtainable, irrespective of price. We honestly believe that our stock is superior to any strain of this variety offered in the South. You don't know what a good Tom Watson melon is until you plant my superlative seed. Large melon growers and associations should write us for special prices on large quantities, as we supply many of the largest commercial melon growers in the South year after year.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50; 10 lbs., \$8.00; 20 lbs., \$15.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 50 lb. lots or over, at 60c per lb.

Reuter's EDEN GEM Cantaloupe No. 109—

The Greatest Rockyford Melon for the South (Green Fleshed)—This well-known strain of the famous Rockyford Cantaloupe has made good in every section of the South, and today ranks as one of the foremost and dependable varieties. It is a heavy yielder, nearly all of the melons are solid net, the meat deep and of excellent quality. The melons are of standard size, being but few too large and less too small. The Eden Gem is a sure money maker for the cantaloupe grower for shipping to the big markets, and is also a highly desirable sort for the home gardeners.

The flesh of these melons is green, lusciously sweet and melting; it can be eaten close to the rind. The seed cavity is extremely small. The average weight of the melon is about one and one-half pounds, and the largest per cent of the crop is of such size as to pack 45 melons to the standard crate (12 x 12 x 24 inches). The netting is extremely well developed, closely laced, of gray color, covering the entire fruit. Reuter's Eden Gem is one of the best early strains, and more prolific and rust-resistant than nearly any other variety.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$7.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over, at \$1.25 per lb.



Reuter's Selected Seeds for Southern Gardens

Reuter's Mammoth Big Boston Lettuce No.

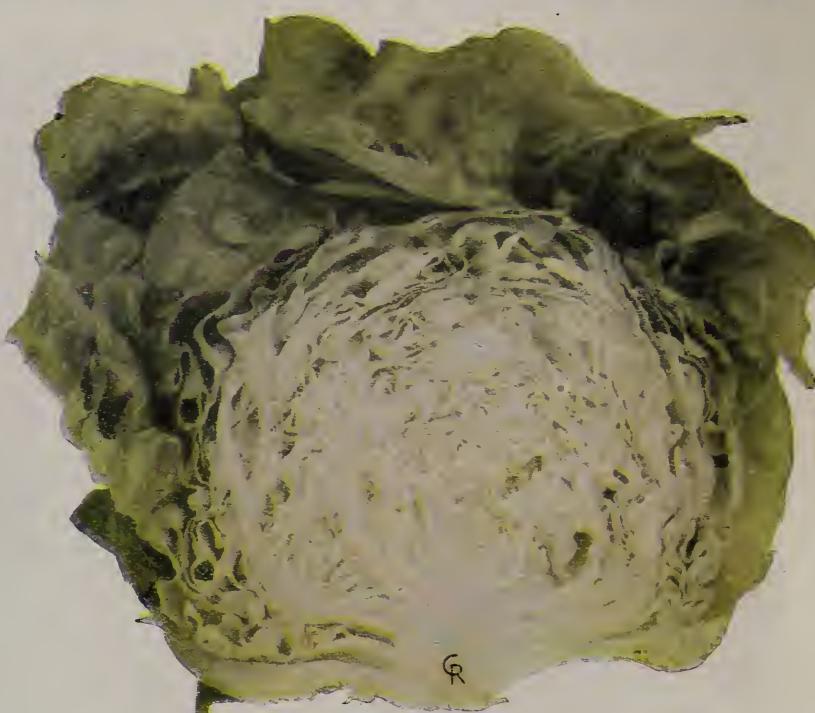
319—The King of All Lettuces. A perfected strain of the Big Boston type that is far superior to any other variety whether sown for market purposes, for shipping trade or for the home garden. It is a certain header, slightly larger in its growth than the Big Boston, but otherwise identical in its characteristics. It is slow to run to seed, is not easily affected by hot weather, absolutely free from bitterness, and matures a solid head of crisp, tender, delicious lettuce. My own exclusive strain of this perfected variety will mature earlier than even my regular strain of Big Boston and the heads will all be of exceptional size and unsurpassed quality. The supply of this strain of seed, entirely controlled by me, is never plentiful and I urge you, whether you be market or home gardener, to send your order in early and not be among those disappointed. If you have never before planted this particular strain of Big Boston you will find it so desirable that you will sow it every season and recommend it to your neighbors. It will bring extraordinary profits to the commercial gardener and supply the family table with the finest lettuce you have ever produced. Truckers in many gardening sections sow this strain exclusively. Isn't that a sufficient recommendation for you to include it in your order?

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 65c; lb., \$2.00, postpaid.

Reuter's Peerless June Pink Tomato No. 557—

Unexcelled for Home Use and Shipping. A highly developed strain that will produce an attractive purplish-pink tomato of the finest quality as early as the Earliana. The fruits are large, nearly round, very smooth and solid. The fruits grow in clusters and fairly load down the plants with an abundance of uniform tomatoes. As smooth as the Stone and as seedless as the Ponderosa. It is a splendid shipper and a great favorite among the large commercial tomato growers in South Texas. Each year many car-loads of tomatoes are shipped out of Texas to all portions of the United States, the fruit all grown from Reuter's June Pink Tomato seed. These growers tell us that our stock of this variety is not equalled by any other seedsmen and they annually support this statement by placing their orders for increasing quantities of this seed far in advance of the season. As this catalog is being written, booked orders for this variety from market gardeners total more than 1,500 pounds. Whether you order for a back-yard garden or to plant for market, you can make no mistake in ordering this splendid sort.

Prices: Pkt., 10c.; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.



Reuter's Mammoth Big Boston Lettuce

Livingston's Globe Tomato No. 545—

Distinct in Shape, Firm and Blight Proof. This is a standard variety for shipping purposes among the growers of Florida and we annually dispose of thousands of pounds of this seed in that State, as well as supplying hundreds of truckers in Mexico, Cuba and a number of Southern States. Our stock is grown for us with exceptional care from the original strain and kept pure by the most rigid selection. It is an absolutely globe-shaped variety, ripens very early, color is a glossy red, tinted with purple. The vines are very vigorous and productive. Bears fruit in clusters of from three to seven fruits, so that it can be truthfully stated that the plants are literally loaded with beautiful tomatoes. This variety is especially valuable to long distance shippers and it cannot be recommended too highly for this purpose. It is of splendid quality and of delightful flavor. Its blight-proof qualities are exceptional. Should be included in every order of seeds for market gardens and will supply extra fine, firm, well-flavored home salad tomatoes.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$1.00, postpaid.



June Pink Tomatoes

From the Secretary of a Growers' Association

"We bought our seed from you last season and I want to say that your Radish seed were fine; also your Tomato. I raised one cluster of eight Tomatoes that weighed 10 pounds. Your Watson melons were the finest I have ever raised. I sold loads of them that brought me from \$1.00 to \$1.50 each."

REUTER'S SPECIAL MARKET GARDENERS' VARIETIES

Reuter's Garden Seed Peas

Reuter's Alaska (Earliest of All) No. 404—You want to plant an acre or so of this extra-early pea, which matures in about 30 days. Be sure, however that you procure Reuter's Northern Grown Pea Seed. By careful selection and growing, we have developed a stock of this smooth blue pea of unequalled evenness in growth and early maturity of pods, which are filled with medium sized green peas of good flavor. The vines are medium in height, about two and one-half to three feet. The pods are of good size, about two and one-half to two and three-fourths inches long. This sort matures all of its crop at once and is a valuable variety for market gardeners and canners.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.



ALASKA PEAS

Prolific Early Market No. 408—A smooth white-seeded extra early sort, with pods one-third larger on vines, six inches taller and about 5 days later than Reuter's Peerless Extra Early, but of remarkable productiveness, giving a yield of 30 to 50 per cent more pods than any other strain of extra earlies of which we know. The quality is the very best, one of the sweetest and finest flavored of the earliest smooth varieties.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.65, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$3.00; bu. (60 lbs.), \$11.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00.



PROLIFIC EARLY MARKET PEAS

Reuter's Royal King Pepper No. 427—A Regal Beauty—Immensely Popular. A wonderful pepper for commercial truckers who ship to northern markets. For three years we have sold a limited quantity of this seed to a few of our market gardeners and the results have been more than we even anticipated. We expect to sell more seed of this variety than all others combined, and justly so, due to its superb qualifications, which puts Royal King head and shoulders over any pepper introduced within the past ten years. Unequalled for home use, but more especially adapted to truckers and market gardeners who ship their products, due to its uniformity of size and shape, making it a most excellent sort for this particular purpose. Its fine appearance on arrival in markets will insure its being sold at top prices at all times. This new sweet pepper was developed and perfected in the South, and will in time take the place of all other sorts planted in a commercial way. It is very prolific, fruit of brilliant color, very glossy, of large size; the flesh is very thick and mild. Our stock runs remarkably true to type, producing strong, stocky plants of erect growth. If you were to ask me for the one pepper to plant in the South for home garden or shipping, I would unhesitatingly recommend Reuter's Royal King. The flavor is exceedingly mild, can be eaten raw, and when stuffed and cooked, it has no equal. This is a money-making pepper for anyone sowing a large or small acreage.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.25; lb., \$4.00, postpaid.



REUTER'S ROYAL KING PEPPER

Likes Reuter's Cotton Seed

A Texas Planter writes: "My yield of cotton from the seed I got from you was fine. It was the best cotton grown in this section. I take pleasure in recommending your seed."

Reuter's Selected Seeds for Southern Gardens



Peerless Purple Top White Globe Turnip

Reuter's Peerless Purple Top White Globe Turnip No. 578—A large, rapid-growing turnip with globular shaped roots. Flesh is pure white of finest quality and excellent flavor. The crown is purplish red and the remaining portion clear white. A heavy cropper and fine market sort. We sell thousands of pounds of our selected stock to the New Orleans market gardeners.

Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over, at 50c per lb.

New Crop Radish Seed

From transplanted roots. Our Stocks of Radish seed are of superlative quality and will meet the most discriminating requirements of the most critical market gardener.



Cincinnati Market Radish



Early Scarlet Turnip White Tip Radish

Reuter's Early Scarlet Turnip White-Tipped Radish No. 461—

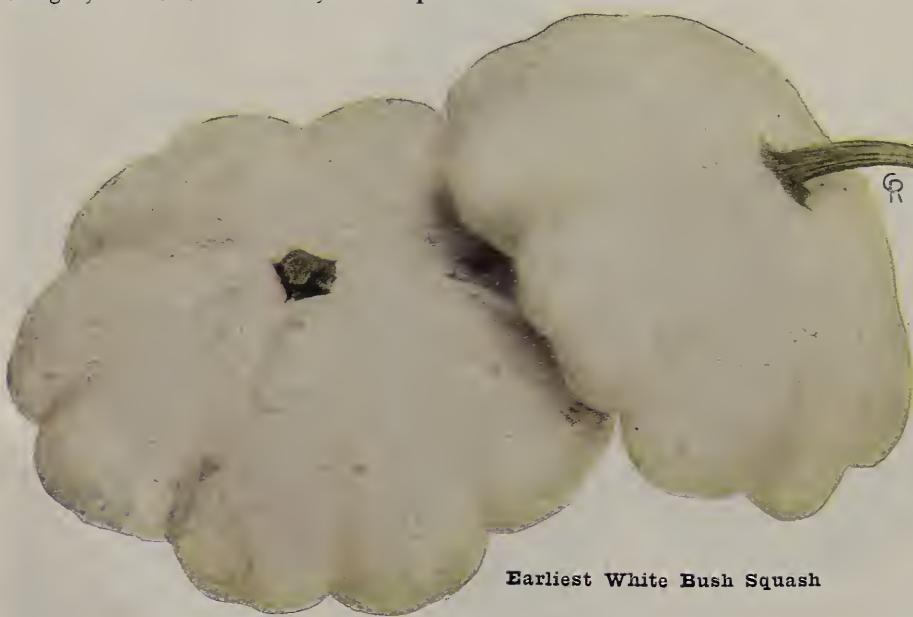
The Best and Quickest Round White-Tipped Sort. If you wish to have the finest and first round white-tipped radishes, sow this splendid strain. The skin is of a rich scarlet color, tipped white. It is extremely quick to mature, being ready for table in 20 days from time of sowing the seed. It is an invaluable market-gardeners' type. The skin is very smooth, and its flavor excellent. You'll find this a quick-selling sort at good prices, always above ordinary stocks, and it is no less satisfactory in the home garden.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over, at 65c per lb.

Reuter's Cincinnati Market RADISH No. 463—The Finest of the Early Long Radishes.

This is the finest long radish to plant for shipment to Northern markets. I annually sell tons of this seed to customers along the Gulf Coast. It is the standard market radish in a number of Southern trucking centers, and is without a doubt the most profitable long variety in cultivation. The skin is scarlet colored, and very thin; the flesh is crisp, brittle, and of a delightful flavor. The roots are slender and before becoming pithy are often six to eight inches long by about five-eighths of an inch in diameter at the shoulder. I am proud of my superior seed, which is grown expressly for me under contract in the far North, enabling our stock to produce marketable radishes earlier than other stocks offered.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over, at 65c per lb.



Earliest White Bush Squash

Reuter's Early Bird Radish No. 475—

An Extra Early Sort of Exquisite Quality. This is an exceptionally early and quick growing radish, ready to pull in sixteen to twenty-one days. Strikingly rich scarlet color, flesh snow-white, always crisp, juicy and mild. Slightly elongated globe in shape. Small top, quick growth, attractive color and high quality make this a most profitable sort for the market gardener and a desirable variety for the home table.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.60, postpaid.

Reuter's Earliest White Bush Squash No. 515—The Earliest of All Squash. (Patty Pan.)

This is the earliest squash we know of. The vines are vigorous and very productive. The fruits are of medium size, somewhat flattened and scalloped. The color is creamy white and comparatively smooth surface. For many years we have found our stock earlier than others and producing more uniform fruits. You will be pleased with this strain.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75; 5 lbs., \$8.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over, at \$1.25 per lb.

REUTER'S PEERLESS FLOWER SEEDS

Southern families are rapidly coming to know that in Reuter's Flower Seeds they are getting the highest quality, the choicest selections, and the dependable novelties that have long characterized the varieties in Garden and Field Seeds that Reuter has developed into the "Standard for the South." Farmers and Gardeners throughout the South now realize, in ever increasing numbers, that Reuter's Seeds are superior in every way to those commonly marketed in competition. So it is with Flower Seeds—Reuter offers you none but varieties that are known to be thoroughly adaptable to the South and that have been carefully selected, grown and cared for in the most expert manner.

Our Flower Seed items have been carefully revised this season, a number of sorts that have not stood up well under Southern conditions have been withdrawn, and quite a number of standard and novelty items that we have given thorough try-outs in our trial ground and gardens added to our lists.

Much of the dissatisfaction with Flower Seeds has undoubtedly been caused by the inexperience and lack of sufficient knowledge in planting and caring for the flowers. To assist in spreading practical information about the growing of flowers throughout the South, we have prepared a brief bulletin that gives careful and dependable suggestions as to planting and cultivating a Flower Garden. This bulletin will be sent with every flower seed order and should be of great assistance to those with little or no experience in raising beautiful flowers.

Note:—Flower Seed prices are postpaid.

Ageratum—(Floss Flower)—A hardy annual easily raised from seed. Bushy growth, reaching a height of 8 to 12 inches, producing an abundance of woolly flowers that practically hide the foliage. Excellent bedding and edging plants. The pretty blue flowers and the ease of growing make them desirable for pot culture. **Culture:** Sow the seed about $\frac{1}{8}$ of an inch deep in open ground in finely prepared seed bed and transplant young plants 6 inches apart in permanent location.

Blue Perfection No. 1105—Dark blue dwarf variety. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c. **Imperial Dwarf No. 1108**—Compact growth and clear blue flowers. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c. **Princess Victoria Louise No. 1110**—Bright blue with white center. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c. **Mixed Colors No. 1114**—**Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 40c.

Alyssum—(Mad Wort)—A very popular annual producing white or yellow flowers in clusters. One of the best plants for beds, borders and rock work.

Culture: Sow seeds thinly about $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch deep in open ground after all danger of frost has passed, either in seed beds for transplanting or in permanent location. Transplant or thin out to about 5 to 6 inches apart. A sunny location is best.

Maritimum (Sweet Alyssum) No. 1120—Trailing habit with white flowers. **Pkt.**, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 35c.

Little Gem (Snow White Carpet Plant) No. 1123—A dwarf variety of compact growth about 6 inches high. Plants are thickly covered with white blossoms and when sown in mass resemble a carpet of snow. Best variety for bedding and edging. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 35c; oz., 60c.

Saxatile Compactum (Gold Dust) No. 1126—Perennial variety with bright yellow flowers. When sown early they will bloom the first year. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 85c.

Amaranthus—Annual plants growing up to 4 feet high. Their stately habit, brilliant foliage and curious racemes of flowers make them very useful as backgrounds for borders or as a center for large mixed beds.

Culture: Sow seeds thinly about $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch deep in open ground, after danger of frost has passed, and thin out to 2 to 3 feet apart. Prefer a warm, sunny location.

Atropurpureus No. 1135—Beautiful dark purple flowers. **Pkt.**, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c.

Caudatus (Love Lies Bleeding) No. 1138—Hanging crimson flowers and yellowish green foliage. **Pkt.**, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c.

Tricolor (Joseph's Coat) No. 1140—Brilliant foliage ranging in colors from bronze, scarlet and green to yellow. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c.



African Daisy



Balcony Queen Petunia



English Daisy

Antirrhinum—(Snapdragon)—The Snapdragons are among the most popular garden favorites for their brilliantly colored flowers on tall spikes make a beautiful showing, whether used for cutting or left in the garden. The tall varieties are best for cutting and the half-dwarfs are excellent bedding plants. Our seed of this family is grown for us by a celebrated European specialist and will be found unsurpassed in quality.

Culture: Sow the seeds about $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch deep in permanent location after all danger of frost is over, or in seed beds for later transplanting, and thin out to, or transplant, about 8 to 12 inches apart.

Tall Coral Red No. 1155—Deep rose. **Pkt.**, 10c.

Tall Queen Victoria No. 1158—Pure white with lemon colored lips. **Pkt.**, 10c.

Finest Tall Mixed No. 1160—A splendid mixture of tall growing varieties. **Pkt.**, 10c.

Half Dwarf Aurora No. 1163—Cinabar scarlet with white throat. A beautiful variety. **Pkt.**, 10c.

Half Dwarf Fireball No. 1166—Bright dazzling scarlet. A splendid sort. **Pkt.**, 10c.

Half Dwarf Queen of the North No. 1170—Large pure white flowers. **Pkt.**, 10c.

Half Dwarf Finest Mixed No. 1172—A very fine mixture. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.



Mourning Bride

Cover not more than $\frac{1}{6}$ of an inch and keep the soil moist. Transplant after all danger of frost is over. Will bloom the first year. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

Arabis Alpina—(Rock Cress) No. 1185—Perennial spring plant, excellent for edging and rockeries, with grayish foliage and covered with a sheet of pure white flowers. Plants grow about 8 inches high, are of creeping habit, and are among the most popular bee plants.

Culture: Sow the seeds about $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch deep, in the open ground after danger of frost has passed, and thin out to 8 to 10 inches apart. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 35c; oz., 60c.

Asparagus Sprengeri—(Emerald Feather)

No. 1190—This variety is grown for its bright green, loose and delicate tendrils, which, under proper culture, easily reach a length of 4 to 5 feet and are highly decorative. It produces white flowers placed in racemes which are followed by red berry-like seed pods. It is the most popular plant for suspended baskets, window boxes, vases, etc.

Culture: Sow the seeds $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ of an inch deep in boxes in light sandy soil; keep the soil moist. Transplant young plants to baskets, boxes or vases, etc., as soon as they are large enough to handle. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 60c.



Reuter's Peerless Fuchsia

the seed about $\frac{1}{2}$ of an inch deep in the open ground after all danger of frost has passed, and thin out to 8 to 10 inches apart.

Meteor No. 1252—Large double orange-yellow flowers with light streaks. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 30c. **Mixed Colors No. 1256**—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

Calliopsis—An annual, growing from 1 to 2 feet high, with beautiful flowers in yellow and brown shades, borne on thin, wiry stems. The tall varieties are excellent for cut flowers, while the dwarf are best for bedding and borders.

Culture: Sow the seed thinly, about $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch deep, in the open ground after danger of frost is over, and thin out to 6 inches apart for the dwarf varieties, and 12 inches for the tall. Prefer a sunny location.

Dwarf Varieties Mixed No. 1262—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

Tall Varieties Mixed No. 1266—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

Double Varieties Mixed No. 1270—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c.

Canary Bird Flower—No. 1275—A graceful annual climber, reaching a height of 10 to 20 feet, and entirely covered with beautiful small, canary colored flowers resembling a bird with a half expanded wing. A very attractive climber for trellis or for making pyramids on the lawn. Should be planted more extensively. **Culture:** Plant the seed about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep and 5 to 6 inches apart, in the open ground as early as weather conditions permit. Like a shady location. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.



Salvia Splendens

Asters—These flowers are so widely known that a description should not be necessary. They are splendid bedding plants and during the late spring and early summer supply a mass of pretty flowers that are fine for cutting.

Culture: The seeds can be sown in open ground after danger of frost is over, but it is better to start the culture indoors in January and February in boxes filled with finely prepared soil. Cover the seeds very lightly and transplant to the open when the plants have reached a height of about 3 inches.

Queen of the Market—The best early aster in cultivation. **White No. 1195**, **Pink No. 1198**, **Scarlet No. 1200**, **Blue No. 1202**. Pkt., 10c; 1 pkt. of each color, 35c. **Mixed Colors No. 1205**—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c. **Giant Ostrich Feather**—The largest and best type of asters, with curled and waved petals. **White No. 1210**, **Pink No. 1212**, **Crimson No. 1215**, **Blue No. 1218**. Pkt., 10c; 1 pkt. of each color, 35c. **Mixed Colors No. 1222**—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

Balloon Vine—(Love in a Puff) No. 1230—A rapid growing annual climber that reaches a height of 10 to 15 feet, with white flowers that are followed by seed vessels that resemble miniature balloons. Splendid for porch and screens.

Culture: Plant the seed in the open ground after all danger of frost is over, placing 2 seeds to a depth of $\frac{1}{2}$ inch, and about 12 to 15 inches apart. The best plant should be permitted to remain. Prefer light soil and a warm location. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c.

Balsam Apple—No. 1238—A handsome and curious climbing vine with ornamental foliage and yellow flowers, followed by golden yellow, round, apple-shaped fruits which open when ripe, showing blood

red inside. An excellent climber for covering trellis, rockwork, stumps and other unsightly objects. Grow to 12 feet high.

Culture: Sow the seeds in the open ground after danger of frost is over, to a depth of about $\frac{1}{2}$ of an inch and about 12 to 15 inches apart. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 55c.

Balsam Double—(Lady Slipper) No. 1245—An old garden favorite easily raised from seed, growing into bushes about 2 feet high.

Produces a mass of gorgeous double flowers with waxy tint, and is an excellent plant for borders and groups. Also desirable as a pot plant. The variety we offer is an excellent mixture of all colors.

Culture: Sow the seed about $\frac{1}{2}$ of an inch deep, after all danger of frost is over, either in seed beds or direct in permanent location. Transplant or thin out to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart to allow ample room for development of individual plants. Prefer a sunny location and require plenty of water. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 35c.

Calendula—(Pot Marigold) A free-flowering, easily grown, annual with conspicuously large and brilliant showy flowers in different shades of yellow and orange. Reaches a height of 1 to 2 feet and are used in beds or borders where large effects are desired. Also worth while as a pot plant and for cutting. **Culture:** Sow

the seed about $\frac{1}{2}$ of an inch deep in the open ground after all danger of frost has passed, and thin out to 8 to 10 inches apart.

Meteor No. 1252—Large double orange-yellow flowers with light streaks. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 30c. **Mixed Colors No. 1256**—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

Calliopsis—An annual, growing from 1 to 2 feet high, with beautiful flowers in yellow and brown shades, borne on thin, wiry stems. The tall varieties are excellent for cut flowers, while the dwarf are best for bedding and borders.

Culture: Sow the seed thinly, about $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch deep, in the open ground after danger of frost is over, and thin out to 6 inches apart for the dwarf varieties, and 12 inches for the tall. Prefer a sunny location.

Dwarf Varieties Mixed No. 1262—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

Tall Varieties Mixed No. 1266—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

Double Varieties Mixed No. 1270—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c.

Canary Bird Flower—No. 1275—A graceful annual climber, reaching a height of 10 to 20 feet, and entirely covered with beautiful small, canary colored flowers resembling a bird with a half expanded wing. A very attractive climber for trellis or for making pyramids on the lawn. Should be planted more extensively. **Culture:** Plant the seed about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep and 5 to 6 inches apart, in the open ground as early as weather conditions permit. Like a shady location. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

Canary Bird Flower—No. 1275—A graceful annual climber, reaching a height of 10 to 20 feet, and entirely covered with beautiful small, canary colored flowers resembling a bird with a half expanded wing. A very attractive climber for trellis or for making pyramids on the lawn. Should be planted more extensively. **Culture:** Plant the seed about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep and 5 to 6 inches apart, in the open ground as early as weather conditions permit. Like a shady location. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

Candytuft—One of our best annuals for general planting. Hardy, easily grown and produces a profusion of flowers in white, red, and purple shades, in clusters. Grows from 8 to 12 inches high; good for borders and edging, though used best when massed in beds.

Culture: Sow the seed about $\frac{1}{2}$ of an inch deep, from February to May, in the open ground, and thin out to 6 to 8 inches apart. Blooms in about 2 months. To have flowers throughout the spring and summer several sowings should be made, about a month apart. **White, No. 1278**, **Carmine, No. 1281**, **Purple, No. 1283**, **Mixed Colors, No. 1286**—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

Hyacinth Flowered White No. 1289—This variety is the best known white Candytuft. It produces a mass of flowers in clusters, of a hyacinth-like shape. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30c; oz., 50c.

Canna—(Indian Shot) No. 1292—A well known plant throughout the South, with ornamental foliage and large, brilliant flowers of many different colors and shades coming on the end of strong stems. Valuable for planting in garden groups.

Culture: Sow the seeds in boxes filled with finely prepared soil, during January and February. Cover about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch and keep the soil warm and moist. When the plants show 3 to 4 leaves they can be transplanted about 2 feet apart in the open if danger of frost is over. Before sowing file or cut through the hard black skin of the seed until the white flesh shows or soak the seed in warm water for about 24 hours. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c.

Canterbury Bells—(Campanula Medium)—An old biennial garden favorite which can be treated as an annual in the South. Grows into bushes 2 to 3 feet high and bears on stately stems large, graceful, bell-shaped flowers in white, rose and blue shades. A splendid plant for borders and groups.

Culture: Sow the seeds about $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch deep in shady seed beds of finely prepared soil, as soon as all danger of frost has passed. When the weather is dry give the beds a thorough watering each day about sunset. When the



Sweet Peas



Nasturtium



A Corner of Miss Bessie C. Jacobs' Annual Flower Garden, Marfa, Texas, Raised From Reuter's Peerless Flower Seeds

young plants are large enough to handle transplant them to the border or bed, setting them from 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart.

Finest Single Mixed No. 1300—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.

Finest Double Mixed No. 1305—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

Carnation—One of the most popular of all flowers. Planted in borders or beds in the garden or used as a cut flower indoors. The large, fragrant flowers, in many colors and shades, are borne on long, strong stems. Do well in any rich garden soil and should be in every home flower garden.

Culture: The seed may be sown in shady beds after all danger of frost is over, but it is best to start culture indoors in January or February, in boxes of finely prepared soil. Cover about $\frac{1}{8}$ of an inch. Keep the soil moist and when the plants show 5 to 6 leaves transplant them to the open, about 6 to 8 inches apart.

Finest Doubled Mixed No. 1312—A splendid mixture producing a wealth of extremely large double flowers in the most beautiful colors and shades. Pkt., 20c.

Grenadin No. 1315—This is a dwarf growing variety with flowers of a bright, glowing scarlet color and are used in massed beds or borders for large effects. Pkt., 20c.

Grenadin Pure White No. 1318—The same as the above except in color. A good pendant to the scarlet. Pkt., 20c.

Marguerite Mixed No. 1322—An ever-bloomer and the most popular amateur Carnation. Produces large double fringed flowers in many beautiful colors. Pkt., 15c.

Celosia—(Cockscomb) — An odd and very decorative free flowering annual. We offer two different types. The cristata or dwarf varieties produce large crested heads of flowers resembling a cock's comb. They grow about 1 foot high and are excellent for borders. The plumosa, or feathered cock's comb, are stately plants of pyramidal form, growing from $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet high. They bear long, loose heads of flowers that are plume-like, in white, yellow and red colors and shades. A very desirable plant for beds and for groups, as well as for cut flowers. The dried plumes may be used in winter bouquets.

Culture: Sow the seed very thinly in beds of finely prepared soil after all danger of frost is over. Cover not more than $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch, keep the soil moist and transplant to the open when 2 to 3 inches high.

Cristata Nana Mixed No. 1323—Splendid mixture of dwarf growing varieties. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c.

Cristata Nana Glasgow Prize No. 1331—Showy dark crimson flower combs, extra fine for borders. Pkt., 10c.

Cristata Nana Yellow No. 1334—Pretty yellow comb. Pkt., 10c.

Plumosa Pyramidalis No. 1336—Good mixture of many colors. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

Pulmosa Thompsoni Magnifica No. 1339—Extra fine mixture producing larger, looser and wavier plumes than the ordinary pyramidalis. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c.

Centaurea—(Dusty Miller) **No. 1345**—With silver white, broadly cut foliage, it is a very decorative plant for use in borders or for edging. A splendid effect can be obtained by planting them in beds with dark leaved flowers. Grow about 1 foot high. Perennial.

Culture: Sow the seed during January or February, in boxes of finely prepared soil. Cover about $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch and keep the soil moist. Transplant to the open, about 10 to 12 inches apart, after all danger of frost is over. Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 65c.

Cornflower—Also known as Bachelor's Button. An attractive and graceful annual plant growing about 2 feet high and easy to grow. Flowers are of white, pink and blue shades, borne on long slender stems. Fine for cutting and for massing in beds. **Culture:** Sow the seeds about $\frac{1}{2}$ of an inch deep, in the open as soon as weather conditions permit, and thin out to 6 inches apart. **Single Mixed No. 1348**—**Double Mixed No. 1350**—Each, per pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 35c.

Sweet Sultan No. 1355—A splendid annual, admirably adapted for cutting, with large, beautiful, fragrant, fluffy flowers in white, rose, lilac and pink colors, borne on long, strong stems. If cut when just open they will last in vases for several days. Grow about 2 feet high. **Culture:** Sow the seed thinly about $\frac{1}{3}$ of an inch deep, in the open as soon as weather permits, and thin out to 9 to 10 inches apart. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 35c.

Chrysanthemum—

The varieties listed here are hardy, free-flowering, annual, summer Chrysanthemums and should not be confused with those grown by florists. They reach a height of 2 to 3 feet and produce graceful, brilliant flowers. Fine for beds, borders and to cut.

Culture: Sow the seed from February to May, in the open, to a depth of about $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch, and thin to 8 to 10 inches apart.

Single Mixed No. 1362—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c. **Finest Double Mixed No. 1366**, **Double White No. 1368**, **Double Yellow No. 1370**—Each, per pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c.

Cobaea Scandens—

(Cathedral Bells) **No. 1382**—A beautiful, rapid-growing, annual climber, which will reach, during the season, a height of 25 to 30 feet. Produces an abundance of large, bell-shaped flowers, purple in color. Valuable climber for covering porches, fences and trellises.

Culture: The seed can be sown in open ground in March and April, but it would be best to start culture earlier in boxes indoors. The seeds are flat and thin and should be planted on edge and covered from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ of an inch, and the soil kept moist. Transplant when the weather is warm, about $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet apart. Care should be taken not to disturb the roots in transplanting. Pkt., 10c.



Canterbury Bells, Single

Clarkia Elegans Double—

No. 1376—Very popular and attractive annual, growing about 2 feet high, with double flowers in many beautiful shades. Fine for borders and to cut.

Culture: Sow the seed from February to May, in the open, to a depth of $\frac{1}{4}$ an inch, and thin to 8 inches apart. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c; oz., 45c.

Coleus—**No. 1385**—Splendid for bedding, grouping and for pot culture. Attractive colors and foliage, ranging through all shades of green, yellow, pink, red, white and black. Our mixture is selected from the finest and most desirable colors.

Culture: Sow the seeds thinly, in January and February, in boxes filled with finely sifted rich soil mixed with one-third sand, cover not more than one-eighth of an inch and keep the soil moist. When the plants are about 3 inches high transplant to the open, after weather is warm and settled, setting them about 10 to 12 inches apart. It is well to cut the top of the plants when two or three pairs of leaves have appeared, as this will tend to make larger and more beautiful plants. **Pkt.**, 20c.

Cosmos—**(Cosmea)**—One of the most beautiful annuals, producing artistic flowers in white, pink, crimson and yellow shades. Foliage is light and may be used for decoration in place of ferns. Grow up to 5 feet high and may be used as a background for borders. Attractive as cut flowers. **Culture:** Sow the seed thinly to a depth of one-third of an inch, in the open ground as soon as danger of frost is over, thin to about 1 foot apart, and when the plants are about 1 foot high pinch the top off to induce a bushy growth. Prefer a light soil.

Early Dawn No. 1400—White tinged with rose. **Pkt.**, 10c. **Klondyke No. 1403**—Golden yellow. A beautiful variety. **Pkt.**, 10c. **Lady Lenox No. 1406**—Gigantic deep pink colored flowers. **Pkt.**, 10c. **Mammoth White No. 1408**, **Mammoth Pink No. 1410**, **Mammoth Mixed Colors No. 1415**. **Pkt.**, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 35c.

Double Flowering—A new and highly desirable variety, as yet but little known in the South. Flowers vary from semi-double to quite double, being very beautiful. Plants grow heavier than single varieties. **White No. 1418** and **Crimson No. 1422**. **Each, per pkt.**, 25c.

Cyperus Alternifolius—**(Umbrella Plant) No. 1432**—Originated in Madagascar. Grows from 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet high. Bears on long stems a rosette of narrow leaves, from the corner of which small flowers appear. Prefers a moist location.

Culture: Sow the seed in January and February in boxes of finely prepared soil mixed with one-fourth sand. Cover about one-fourth of an inch and keep moist. Transplant to pots when large enough to handle, and about May, when the weather is warm and settled, transplant to the open. **Pkt.**, 10c.

Cypress Vine—**(Ipomoea Quamoclit)**—An annual vine that has become very popular in the South. Reaches a height of 15 to 20 feet, with fernlike, delicate, dark green foliage, produces an abundance of small, star-shaped flowers in white and red colors. Splendid for porches, trellis and for pyramids on the lawn. Prefer a sunny location.

Culture: Plant the seeds 2 or 3 together to a depth of $\frac{1}{2}$ inch about 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, in the open after danger of frost is over. Let the best plant remain. It is best to soak the seeds in warm water 3 to 4 hours before sowing. Water the ground thoroughly when

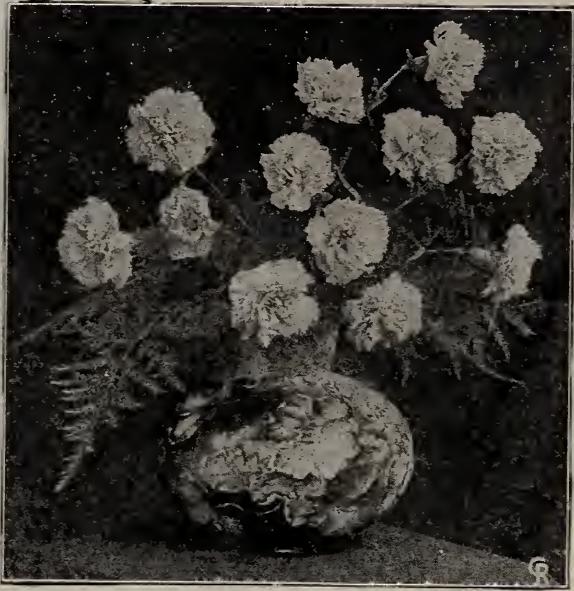
the weather is dry.

Scarlet No. 1436, **White 1439**, **Mixed Colors No. 1442**. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c.

The Cardinal Climber No. 1445—A beautiful variety with cardinal red flowers borne in clusters of 6 or 7, each flower measuring about 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. **Pkt.**, 15c.

Dahlia—

Grows into a stately bush about 4 feet high and produces during spring and early summer large single or double flowers in all colors and shades. Used as a background for borders, a center for beds, or before shrubbery they are very effective.



Reuter's Double Carnation

Culture: Sow seeds thinly in boxes in February and March, about one-third of an inch deep; transplant to open after last frost, setting 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet apart. Give thorough watering about twice a week at sunset. They develop into bulbs which, if covered lightly during winter, will bloom the next year.

Single Mixed No. 1452—**Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.

Double Mixed No. 1455—**Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

Cactus-Flowering Mixed No. 1458—**Pkt.**, 10c.

Daisy Double English—

Perennial, about 6 inches high, with double flowers in white and rose colors. Blooms in early spring and late fall; good for edging and rockwork.

Culture: Sow seeds in January and February in boxes, covering about $\frac{1}{8}$ of an inch; keep soil moist. When plants are large enough to handle and frost is over, transplant to the open.

Double Mixed No. 1462—**Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

Giant Flowering English Daisy—A developed variety that produces but few flowers, but these of enormous size. Highly recommended. Blooms in early spring and late fall. Illustrated in natural colors on Page 39. **Giant Double White No. 1465** and **Giant Double Rose No. 1467**. **Each, per pkt.**, 25c.

Daisy Shasta—

No. 1470—Well known perennial about 2 feet high. Beautiful flowers with pure white petals encircling a golden yellow center. Effective for borders but especially grown for cut flowers. **Culture:** Sow seed about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep in open ground in shady seed beds after last frost. Transplant to 1 foot apart. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 45c.

Datura Cornucopia—

(Horn of Plenty) No. 1475—Beautiful branching annual, 2 to 3 feet high, bearing colossal trumpet-shaped and fragrant flowers showing white inside and purple outside.

Culture: Sow seed after last frost in beds, about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep. Transplant and set about 2 feet apart. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c.

Dianthus or **Pinks**—

Really a biennial but do best treated as an annual. Grow about 1 foot high and produce a mass of charming and fragrant flowers, single or double, in all colors and shades.

Culture: Sow seeds to a depth of $\frac{1}{4}$ inch after last frost, in shady beds or direct in the open. Transplant or thin out to 6 to 8 inches apart. Prefer sunny location.

Chinensis (Double Chinese Pink) No. 1480—Splendid mixture of double varieties. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30c; oz., 50c.

Hedgewigi (Single Japanese Pink) No. 1484—Mixed colors. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c; oz., 40c.

Hedgewigi, The Bride No. 1487—Single white flowers with purple center. **Hedgewigi Mourning Cloak No. 1490**—Double blackish crimson flowers fringed with white. **Hedgewigi Snowball No. 1493**—Large double white flowers. **Each, per pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

African Daisy—

Dimorphotheca—New Hybrids No. 1498—Very showy hardy annual from South Africa, grows into bushy plants about 1 foot high. Pretty daisy-like flowers are 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches or over in diameter and vary in colors from delicate white through all shades of yellow and orange to rich salmon. All have a dark center. Bloom greater part of summer and fall. **Culture:** Sow seed to depth of $\frac{1}{4}$ inch after last frost and thin to 6 to 8 inches apart. Prefer dry, sunny location. Supplied only in mixed colors. Illustrated in natural colors on Page 39. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

Eschscholtzia—

(California Poppy)—A great favorite, about 1 foot high, with finely cut bluish foliage and abundance of large, brilliant bell-shaped flowers.

Culture: Sow in early spring, about one-third inch deep, in the open and thin to 6 or 7 inches apart. Will not stand transplanting well. Prefer poor, sandy soil.

Californica No. 1505—Bright yellow flowers. **Pkt.**, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; 25c. **Carmine King No. 1508**—Beautiful carmine rose color. **Crocea No. 1511**—Deep orange. **Each, per pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c.



Helichrysum



Larkspur—Tall Branching

(*Digitalis gloxiniaeiflora*) No. 1526—Stately and ornamental perennial, with long spikes thickly set with large, hanging, bell-shaped blotted flowers in all colors. Grow about 4 feet high.

Culture: Sow after last frost in open ground, in shady beds, very thinly and about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep. Keep soil moist and transplant to 1 to $\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. Prefer half shaded location. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.**

Gaillardia—(*Blanket Flower*)—Very showy and easily grown, about 2½ feet high, with large, brilliant single or double flowers in yellow, orange and red shades. Fine for cut flowers and borders. Varieties offered are single perennial and double annual.

Culture: Sow after last frost either in beds or in the open, thinly and about one-third inch deep. Transplant or thin to 10 to 15 inches apart. Do well in poor soil.

**Giant Flowering Single Mixed No. 1530—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 15c.
Double Mixed No. 1533—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 15c.**

Geranium—(*Pelargonium*) No. 1538—Well known and admired and easily raised from seed. Beautifully marked leaves and large clusters of flowers in all shades from pure white to deep red. Excellent for window boxes, pots or for massed beds together with such plants as the Heliotrope. About 1½ feet high.

Culture: Sow in January and February in boxes indoors, in good soil and to a depth of $\frac{1}{4}$ inch. Transplant to permanent location. **Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.**

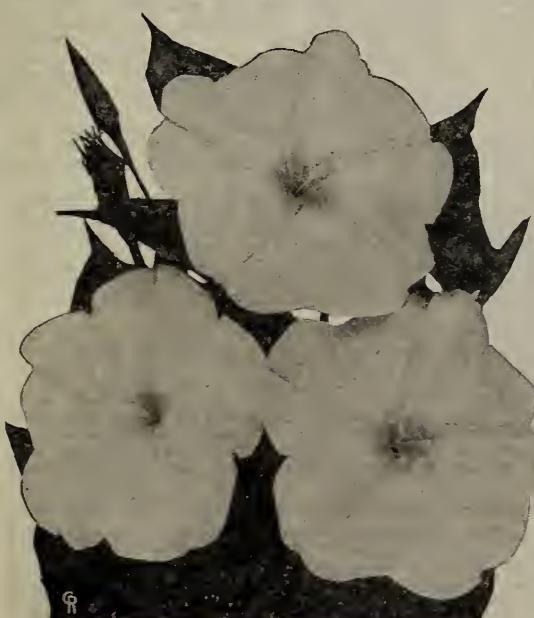
Gilia

No. 1542—Common hardy annual of easy culture, 1½ to 2 feet high, producing star-shaped flowers in all colors and shades. Good bee plant and useful for beds, borders and for cutting.

Culture: Sow about one-third inch deep in the open after last frost and thin to 6 to 8 inches apart. **Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.**

Globe Amaranth—

(*Gomphrena*) No. 1545—Popular everlasting flower, about 1½ feet high, with clover-like flower heads in many colors. Excellent bedding plants, and if cut and carefully dried before they



White Moonflower

Forget-Me-Not

(*Myosotis Alpestris*)

No. 1516—Hardy biennial of bushy growth, about 10 inches high. Plants covered with star-shaped blue flowers; fine for either borders, beds or in pots.

Culture: Sow from February to May, about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep, in open seed beds or in permanent location. Sow thinly and transplant or thin to 6 inches apart. Prefer shady place and when weather is dry water thoroughly 3 to 4 times a week at sunset. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.**

Four O'Clock—

(*Mirabilis Jalapa*) No. 1522—Handsome annual, growing rapidly from seed into bushes 2 to 3 feet high, bearing flaring trumpet-shaped flowers of all colors, which open in cloudy weather or late in evening and close again early in morning.

Culture: Plant seed about 1 inch deep after last frost, 2 seeds at a time and about 18 inches apart. Let the best plant remain. Roots change into tubers which can be lifted, stored and planted the next spring. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.**

Foxglove—

(*Digitalis gloxiniaeiflora*) No. 1526—Stately and ornamental perennial, with long spikes thickly set with large, hanging, bell-shaped blotted flowers in all colors. Grow about 4 feet high.

Culture: Sow after last frost in open ground, in shady beds, very thinly and about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep. Keep soil moist and transplant to 1 to $\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. Prefer half shaded location. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.**

Gaillardia—(*Blanket Flower*)—Very showy and easily grown, about 2½ feet high, with large, brilliant single or double flowers in yellow, orange and red shades. Fine for cut flowers and borders. Varieties offered are single perennial and double annual.

Culture: Sow after last frost either in beds or in the open, thinly and about one-third inch deep. Transplant or thin to 10 to 15 inches apart. Do well in poor soil.

**Giant Flowering Single Mixed No. 1530—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 15c.
Double Mixed No. 1533—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 15c.**

Geranium—(*Pelargonium*) No. 1538—Well known and admired and easily raised from seed. Beautifully marked leaves and large clusters of flowers in all shades from pure white to deep red. Excellent for window boxes, pots or for massed beds together with such plants as the Heliotrope. About 1½ feet high.

Culture: Sow in January and February in boxes indoors, in good soil and to a depth of $\frac{1}{4}$ inch. Transplant to permanent location. **Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.**

Gilia

No. 1542—Common hardy annual of easy culture, 1½ to 2 feet high, producing star-shaped flowers in all colors and shades. Good bee plant and useful for beds, borders and for cutting.

Culture: Sow about one-third inch deep in the open after last frost and thin to 6 to 8 inches apart. **Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.**

Globe Amaranth—

(*Gomphrena*) No. 1545—Popular everlasting flower, about 1½ feet high, with clover-like flower heads in many colors. Excellent bedding plants, and if cut and carefully dried before they

are quite open, will last through the winter. **Culture:** Sow one-third inch deep after last frost and thin to 8 inches apart. **Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 15c.**

Godezia—Hardy annuals that deserve wider use. About 1 to 1½ feet high, bushy growth, entirely covered with large, showy flowers in a variety of colors. **Culture:** Sow about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep after last frost and thin to 1 foot apart.

Duchess of Albany No. 1550—Compact growth with white satiny flowers. **Lady Albermarle No. 1553—**Bright crimson. **The Bride No. 1556—**White and crimson. **Whitney No. 1560—**Brilliant carmine color. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.** **Mixed Colors No. 1564—**Extra fine mixture. **Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 35c.**

Gourds—(*Cucurbita*)—Interesting and attractive rapid growing annual climber reaching height of 15 feet; grown for decorative foliage and curiously shaped and colored fruits. Prefer warm location and rich soil, and if weather is dry give a thorough watering 3 to 4 times a week at sunset.

Culture: Sow the seeds 2 at a time, about 1 inch deep, after last frost and in warm ground, about 2 feet apart. Let best plant remain.

Dish Cloth No. 1572—The inside may be used as a sponge. **Sugar Trough No. 1575—**Very large fruits. **Hercules Club No. 1578—**Green fruits, measuring up to 4 feet, which are sweet and may be eaten like squash. **Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.** **Mixed Varieties No. 1582—****Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.**

Gypsophila—(*Baby's Breath*)—Annual, easily grown, 1 to 1½ feet high, small flowers in white and rose colors, on feathery stems.

Culture: Sow February to May, about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep, and thin to 6 inches apart. A succession of sowings, about a month apart, will give a plentiful supply. **White No. 1587—**Pink No. 1590—Each, per pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 20c.

Helichrysum—

(*Straw Flowers*)—Hardy annual and everlasting. Grows 2½ feet high with large, strawlike glistening flowers in white, yellow, red, violet and brown colors. Attractive in beds and borders and if cut before yellow center shows they may be dried and will last throughout the winter.

Culture: Sow thinly, about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep, after last frost, and thin to 1 foot apart.

Bracteatum No. 1595—Mixture of single flowering varieties. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c.**

Monstrosum No. 1598—Mixture of double flowering sorts. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c.**

Heliotrope—

No. 1605—Beautiful and delightfully fragrant and easily raised from seed. Grow about 1½ feet high, bearing during spring and summer a mass of flowers in clusters, in all shades of white, blue and purple. **Culture:** Sow in January and February in boxes indoors and cover lightly. Transplant to the open, setting about 1 foot apart, when weather is warm. For later blooming seed may be sown in the open after last frost. Prefer sunny location. **Pkt., 20c.**



Japanese Morning Glory

Hibiscus

—(*Marshmallow*) No. 1610—A branching ornamental, growing 3 to 4 feet high, with an abundance of large, bell-shaped flowers, ranging in color from white and rose to deep scarlet.

Culture: Sow thinly to a depth of $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in seed beds after last frost and transplant to 1½ to 2 feet apart. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30c.**

Hollyhock

—(*Althea*)—Stately perennial, 5 to 6 feet high, double rose-like flowers in all colors and shades. Every garden should include them.

Culture: Sow in January and February, about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, in boxes indoors, or in open ground after last frost. Transplant when 3 to 4 leaves show, setting 2 feet apart. Prefer moist location.

White No. 1615—Pink No. 1618—Maroon No. 1621—Scarlet No. 1624—Yellow No. 1627—Each, per pkt., 10c; 1 pkt. of each color, 40c.

Finest Double Mixed No. 1630—Many beautiful colors. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 55c.**

Honesty—(*Satin Flower*) No. 1635—Biennial which may be treated as an annual in the South. Grows about 2 feet high and produces large purple flowers, followed by curious looking seed vessels, which are large and quite flat and when ripe are a glistening silver white color and very attractive.

Culture: Sow thinly to a depth of $\frac{1}{2}$ of an inch in the open after last frost and thin to 1 foot apart. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 15c.**

Humulus Japonicus

—(*Japanese Hop*) No. 1640—Rapid growing annual climber reaching a height of 25 feet in a season. Densely covered with ornamental leaves in colors ranging from almost white and deep green marbled and blotched with silver white tinged with yellow to almost green. Never injured by insects or heat.

Culture: Sow thinly to a depth of $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in the open after last frost and thin to 1 to 1½ feet apart. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.**

Finds Reuter's Flower Seeds Best of All

Mrs. Olive Millsaps, Fayette, Miss., writes: "I find your flower seed the best and most beautiful of all."

Hunnemannia — (*Mexican Poppy*) No. 1645—Annual closely allied to *Eschscholtzia*. Bushy growth about 2 feet high, finely cut bluish foliage, with large poppy-like flowers of bright yellow color. **Culture:** Sow about $\frac{1}{8}$ inch deep in the open when weather is warm and thin to 1 foot apart. Prefer sunny location. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c.

Hyacinth or Jack Beans — (*Dolichos*)—Old fashioned rapid growing annual climber reaching a height of about 10 feet, with attractive foliage and hyacinth-like clusters of flowers followed by ornamental seed pods. **Culture:** Sow thinly to a depth of $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in the open after last frost and thin to 1 foot apart. May also be started earlier in pots indoors and transplanted later. **White No. 1650**—**Purple No. 1652**—**Each, per pkt.**, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c. **Mixed Colors No. 1655**—**Pkt.**, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10c; oz., 20c.

Kenilworth Ivy — No. 1660—Trailing perennial with pretty foliage and small lilac flowers produced throughout the season. Especially good for hanging baskets, pots or porch boxes. **Culture:** Sow indoors in boxes in January and February and keep soil moist. Transplant to pots or boxes or in the open after last frost. Require lots of moisture and prefer a shaded location. **Pkt.**, 15c.

Kochia Atrichophilla — (*Mexican Burning Bush*) No. 1665—Annual, easily grown, and quickly forms a cypress-like plant of perfect symmetrical form. Fine foliage of bright green which changes into a deep crimson in fall. **Culture:** Sow thinly from February to April about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep in the open or in beds for later transplanting. Thin or transplant to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. **Pkt.**, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

Larkspur — Well known rapid growing annual with long, erect spikes of beautiful double flowers of all colors and shades. **Culture:** Sow thinly in February or March to depth of $\frac{1}{2}$ inch and thin out to 6 inches apart for dwarf varieties and 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet for the tall. **Dwarf Mixed Colors No. 1670**—Grows a single stem, lower portion covered with finely cut foliage and upper thickly set with double flowers. Flower spike resembles a hyacinth. 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet high. **Pkt.**, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 35c. **Tall Mixed Colors No. 1675**—Reach a height of 3 feet, of branching growth and long flower spikes. Blooms later than the dwarf. **Pkt.**, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 35c.

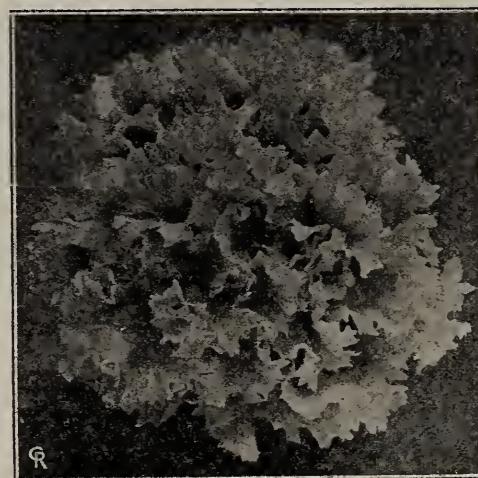
Linum — (*Scarlet Flax*) No. 1680—Hardy little annual with delicate foliage and pretty single flowers of bright scarlet color. Grows 1 foot high; splendid for massing in beds or patches in borders. **Culture:** Sow to a depth of $\frac{1}{8}$ inch when weather is warm and thin to 5 to 6 inches apart. **Pkt.**, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

Lobelia — Small annuals of compact growth covered with clear blue flowers. **Culture:** Sow in January or February in boxes indoors in finely prepared soil, barely covering the seed and keep soil moist. When about 2 inches high, transplant to open, about 6 inches apart. **Blue Emperor No. 1685**—Compact grower with sky blue flowers and light green foliage, about 6 inches high. **Pkt.**, 10c. **Chrystal Palace Compacta No. 1688**—Dark foliage and deep purple flowers. **Pkt.**, 10c. **Gracilis No. 1692**—Light blue flowers. Trailing habit making them adapted to hanging baskets, pots, etc. **Pkt.**, 10c.

Lupinus — No. 1696—Free flowering easily grown annuals with long graceful spikes of pea-shaped flowers of many colors. About 2 feet high. **Culture:** Do not stand transplanting well, and should be sown in the open about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, 2 to 3 inches apart and thinned to 8 inches apart. **Pkt.**, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10c; oz., 20c.



Nicotiana Affinis



Double Petunia

8 to 10 inches apart. For pot culture, drop 15 to 20 seeds in a circle about the edge of the pot and thin to 5 to 6 plants to the pot. **5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c. Machet No. 1723**—Large flower spikes of reddish color; best for pot culture. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c. **Parson's White No. 1726**—Pure White. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 35c.

Moonflower — Rapid growing annual climber very popular throughout the South for porches, trellises and arbors. Reaches a height of 25 feet. Plants carry a profusion of large, fragrant, trumpet-shaped flowers in blue or white colors, measuring 4 to 5 inches in diameter which open only at night or during cloudy weather. **Culture:** Sow about 1 inch deep after last frost, about 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart or culture may be started indoors and transplanted to the open when plants show a couple of well developed leaves. Require plenty of water. Seeds are hard and to insure germination cut or file through the outer shell before sowing. **Bona Nox No. 1732**—Beautiful sky blue flowers. **Grandiflora No. 1735**—The true white variety. Fine pendent to Bona Nox. **Each, per pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30c; oz., 50c.

Morning Glory — Free flowering annual climber, reaching a height of 15 feet, bearing a mass of trumpet-shaped flowers in delicate and beautiful colors which close at night and during a rain. **Culture:** Sow thinly, about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, after last frost, and thin to 6 inches apart. Prefer a sunny location. Soak seeds about 2 hours before sowing. **Mixed Colors No. 1740**—Well-known old fashioned Morning Glory. **Pkt.**, 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10c; oz., 15c. **New Japanese Mixed No. 1743**—Wonderful variety with partially marked foliage and gigantic flowers, ranging in color from snow white to black-purple, many spotted, striped or marbled. **Pkt.**, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c.

Nasturtium — So well known that a description is unnecessary. We offer the Tall and Dwarf varieties. The Tall is a climber reaching a height of 6 to 8 feet; the Dwarf grows into compact bushes about 1 foot high. **Culture:** Sow to a depth of about 1 inch and 2 to 3 inches apart after last frost and thin to 6 inches apart for tall varieties and 8 to 10 inches for the dwarf. Prefer sunny location. Do best in rather poor soil. **Dwarf Crystal Palace Gem No. 1750**—Yellow and carmine. **Dwarf Empress of India No. 1753**—Dark foliage with deep crimson flowers. **Dwarf King of Tom Thumb No. 1756**—Dark leaved variety with dark scarlet flowers; best of the dwarf varieties. **Each, per pkt.**, 5c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c. **Dwarf Mixed No. 1760**—Tall **Mixed No. 1765**—**Each, per pkt.**, 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 65c; lb., \$2.25.



Reuter's Spencer Sweet Peas

Reuter's Wild Garden Mixture — No. 2130—Selected varieties, especially adapted to Southern culture. A wide variety of different shaped and colored flowers that make a most attractive showing. Should be included in every flower seed order. **Culture:** Broadcast seeds very thinly over surface and work them into the soil with rake and press firmly. It is well to mix the seed with sand before sowing to prevent a too plentiful planting. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.25.



Phlox, Peerless Mixed

Oxalis Tropaeoloides—No. 1780—Small annuals growing about 4 inches high with clover-like, dark brown foliage and deep yellow flowers. **Culture:** Sow in January or February in boxes indoors or in the open after last frost. Cover lightly and transplant when 2 to 3 inches high to 4 to 5 inches apart. **Pkt., 10c.**

Pansy—Among the oldest plants in cultivation and extremely popular. **Culture:** Sow thinly to a depth of about $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch, in shady seed beds after last frost and when plants are about 3 inches high transplant to about 6 inches apart. Prefer a rich soil. **English Mixed No. 1785**—Our mixture consists of the best English varieties. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.** **French Mixed No. 1788**—A splendid mixture of large flowering French varieties. **Pkt., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 70c.** **Blotched and Striped Mixed No. 1790**—A high-grade mixture producing endless variation and striking combinations. **Pkt., 15c; 3 pkts., 35c.**

Reuter's Peerless Mixed No. 1795—No better mixture can be obtained. Flowers of enormous size and in wonderful colors and shades. Illustrated in natural color on page 40 of this Catalog. **Pkt., 25c; 3 pkts., 65c.** Separate colors: **Candidissima No. 1798**—Pure white. **Cardinal No. 1800**—Red. **Golden Queen No. 1803**—Pure yellow. **King of the Blacks No. 1806**—Black. **Lord Beaconsfield No. 1810**—Deep purple, the upper petals shading to white. **Purple No. 1813**—Each, per pkt., 15c; 1 pkt. of each color, 75c.

Petunia—Popular, easily grown, hardy annual, unaffected by heat, rain or drouth. About 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, large trumpet-shaped flowers in conspicuous colors. **Culture:** Sow thinly in boxes indoors or in the open in shady seed beds after last frost, in finely prepared soil. Cover lightly and transplant when about 2 inches high, setting 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. **Giant Flowering and Double Flowering sorts** should be sown in boxes for later transplanting. **Peerless Mixed No. 1820**—A grand mixture of all colors. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 55c.** **Countess of Ellesmere No. 1823**—Dark rose with fine white throat. **Pkt., 10c.** **Howard's Star No. 1826**—White star on purplish crimson ground. **Pkt., 10c.** **Kermesina No. 1830**—Large flowers of deepest crimson. **Pkt., 10c.** **Snowball No. 1833**—Compact growth and clear, paper-white flowers. **Pkt., 10c.**

Giant Flowering Violet (Balcony Queen) No. 1835—Excellent balcony plant with enormous flowers measuring 5 to 6 inches in diameter, of a dark violet color. Used among Geraniums, they will make a wonderful appearance. Illustrated in natural color on Page 39 of this Catalog. **Pkt., 25c.**

Large Double Flowering Mixed No. 1840—Excellent mixture that comes to us from a high-grade Petunia specialist. **Pkt., 25c.** **Note:** Good Double Petunia seed is difficult to obtain and is expensive. The best of seed will produce only 30 to 40 per cent of double flowers and as these usually come on weaker plants, such plants should be carefully protected and cared for.

Phlox Drummondii—

Easily grown annual, 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, with large clusters of flowers in wide range of colors and shades. **Culture:** Sow thinly about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch deep, in open seed beds after last frost and transplant to 1 foot apart. Prefer sunny location

Nicotiana Affinis—

(Tuberose Flowered Tobacco)

No. 1770—Decorative annual of slender growth reaching a height of about 3 feet. Large white tubular flowers which open early in the evening and close again in the morning, and are very fragrant. **Culture:** Sow indoors in boxes in January or February, or in the open after last frost, sprinkling seeds thinly over the soil and covering lightly. When plants are 3 to 4 inches high transplant about 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. Prefer good, rich soil. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c.**

Nigella (Love in a Mist or Devil in the Bush) No. 1775—Annual growing 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet high, with fresh, green finely cut foliage and bright blue flowers, surrounded by mossy fibers. Flowers followed by curious looking seed pods. **Culture:** Sow about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep after last frost and thin to 8 inches apart. **Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 35c.**

and in dry periods a good watering 2 to 3 times a week at sunset should be given. **Peerless Mixed No. 1845**—All shades and combinations will be found in this mixture. **Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 70c; oz., \$1.25.** **Grandiflora Alba No. 1848**—Snow white. **Grandiflora Rosea No. 1850**—Pink. **Grandiflora Kermesina No. 1853**—Crimson. **Grandiflora Coccinea No. 1856**—Brilliant scarlet. Each, per pkt., 10c; 1 pkt. of each, 35c.

Poppies—

Favorite annual, 2 to 3 feet high, large showy single or double flowers of many colors. Especially desirable massed in large beds, but can be used in mixed borders. Perennial variety is best for cutting, but the annual flowers if cut just before they expand may be kept fresh about 2 days. **Culture:** Annual varieties do not stand transplanting and should be sown in permanent location. Sow thinly from February to April, barely covering the seed. Thin to 4 to 6 inches apart. Perennial sorts may be sown in seed beds and transplanted. **Superb Mixed No. 1862**—Splendid mixture of double flowering poppies. **Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.** **Carnation Flowered Mixed No. 1865**—Mixture of large double carnation-like flowers. **Peony Flowered Mixed No. 1868**—Large double peony-like flowers in many colors and shades. Each, per pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

Rhoeas Shirley Mixed No. 1872—Mixture of single flowered poppies in beautiful colors of warm and soft shades. **Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 20c; oz., 30c.** **Iceland Poppies Mixed No. 1875**—Dwarf perennial with single flowers in white, yellow and orange colors. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.**

Tall Nasturtium



Japanese Sunflower

Portulaca (Sun Plant)—Low growing annual of spreading habit with single or double flowers in profusion in many colors. **Culture:** Sow thinly in shady seed beds in the open after last frost, barely covering seed. Transplant to 1 foot apart. Prefer sunny location and light sandy soil. **Single Mixed Colors No. 1880**—**Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.** **Double Mixed Colors No. 1883**—Flowers resemble small roses. **Pkt., 10c.**

Rhodanthe (Swan River Everlasting)—Annual reaching height of 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet, with satiny single flowers in white and rose colors with yellow center. Cut before they are expanded and dried they provide decoration throughout the winter. **Culture:** Sow to a depth of $\frac{1}{4}$ inch in the open after last frost and thin to 6 inches apart. Prefer light, but good, soil and sunny location. **White No. 1888**—**Pink No. 1890**—**Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 35c.**

Ricinus (Castor Oil Bean)—Tropical annual growing 8 to 12 feet high, stately, with decorative foliage. Leaves are green but frequently shaded with red or bronze. **Culture:** Sow 1 inch deep after last frost, about 3 to 4 feet apart. **Borboniensis Arboreus No. 1895**—Tall variety with green and reddish shining leaves. **Zanzibariensis No. 1898**—Pyramidal growth with enormous leaves. A single plant on the lawn is sufficient. Each, per pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

Salvia Splendens (Scarlet Sage) No. 1905—Decorative perennial 2 to 3 feet high. Foliage makes a compact bush, with a profusion of long, erect spikes and beautiful glowing scarlet flowers. Illustrated in natural color on Page 40 of this Catalog. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.**

Scabiosa (Mourning Bride)—An excellent annual that should be more widely planted in the South. Plants are about 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet high and bear on long slender stems large half-ball shaped flowers in beautiful colors and shades. Valuable for beds and borders and makes splendid cut flowers. Illustrated in natural colors on Page 39 of this Catalog. **Culture:** Sow about $\frac{1}{2}$ of an inch deep after last frost and thin to 8 to 10 inches apart. **Finest Mixed No. 1910**—Large assortment of beautiful colors. **Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 25c; oz., 40c.** **Azalea Fairy No. 1913**—Lavender blue; a favored color. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.** **King of the Blacks No. 1916**—Attractive black-purple color. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.** **White No. 1920**—Pure white. **Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c.**

Silene—(Catch Fly) No. 1925—Free flowering hardy annual, 1 to 1½ feet high, with erect stems carrying small clusters of flowers in white and rose shade. **Culture:** Sow about ¼ of an inch deep after last frost and thin to 5 to 6 inches apart. **Pkt.**, 5c; ½ oz., 20c.

Smilax—(Medeola) No. 1930—Graceful perennial climber, 8 to 10 feet high, with decorative foliage. Leaves are small, heart-shaped, glistening and of fresh green color. Produces small unsightly flowers, followed by red berry-like seed pods. Good for hanging baskets, and also as cut flowers for bouquets or table decoration. **Culture:** Sow seed ½ of an inch deep in boxes of well prepared soil. Keep boxes in warm place and soil moist. When plants are about 2 inches high transplant to pots or hanging baskets, 3 to 4 plants to each. Keep in shade as sun is likely to mar the fresh appearance of leaves. It is well to soak the seed a few hours in warm water before sowing. **Pkt.**, 10c; ¼ oz., 20c.

Sunflower—Annual, well known in the South and of easy culture. We offer two types, a single flowering and a double flowering, both excellent for any garden. **Culture:** Sow about 1 inch deep after last frost, spreading seeds of the single variety thinly in rows, thinning out to 6 to 8 inches apart; the double variety should be sown 2 seeds at a time about 2 to 3 feet apart and let the best plant remain. **Double Japanese No. 1935**—Also known as Chrysanthemum Flowered Sunflower. Tall, stately, with large perfect double golden yellow flowers resembling the famous varieties of Chrysanthemums. 5 to 6 feet high. **Pkt.**, 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 40c. **Stella No. 1938**—Lower and more branching sort, with long-stemmed single pure yellow flowers with black center. 3 feet high. **Pkt.**, 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 45c.

Stocks—No. 1945—Variety offered grows about 1 foot high, bushy growth, with large spikes thickly set with fragrant double flowers of many colors. **Culture:** Sow in January and February in boxes of finely prepared soil, indoors, sprinkling the seeds thinly over the surface and covering about ½ of an inch. Transplant after last frost about 8 inches apart. **Pkt.**, 10c.

Sweet Peas—Probably no other flower is more popular. Easily raised and supply beautiful and fragrant flowers in innumerable colors and shades. Splendid for trellis or fence or staked up. Cut flowers frequently to prolong the bloom and in dry periods water 2 or 3 times a week. **Culture:** Sow as early as weather permits, thinly in drills about 6 inches deep, covering the seed only ½ to 1 inch. Thin to about 3 inches apart. Leave the drills open so as to attract and hold the moisture while young plants are forming and later fill them up.

Reuter's Choice Grandiflora Sweet Peas—**America No. 1952**—Bright red and white stripes. **Blanche Burpee No. 1955**—Pure white. **Blanche Ferry No. 1958**—Rose red with bluish white wings. **Black Knight No. 1960**—Very dark maroon. **Countess of Radnor No. 1963**—Beautiful lavender color. **Dorothy Eckford No. 1966**—Large pure white flowers. **Helen Pierce No. 1969**—Bright blue, mottled on pure white. **Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon No. 1972**—Large primrose yellow. **King Edward No. 1975**—Pure red flowers. **Lord Nelson No. 1978**—Deep blue color. **Lovely No. 1980**—Soft shell pink color. **Miss Willmott No. 1983**—Enormous orange pink flowers. **Navy Blue No. 1986**—Indigo blue and violet. **Othello No. 1990**—Deep maroon. **Prima Donna No. 1993**—Bright rose pink. **Salopian No. 1996**—Bright scarlet and will not fade in sunshine. **Prices on any of above varieties:** **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 65c; lb., \$2.25.

No. 1998—A collection of our choice of the best 10 varieties. **1 Pkt.** of each, 40c. **Grandiflora Mixed No. 2000**—**Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.75. **Reuter's Peerless Mixed No. 2005**—A mixture carefully blended by our own expert from the finest colors. Cannot be surpassed for color effect. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

Reuter's Spencer Sweet Peas—**Asta Ohn No. 2010**—Large soft pinkish lavender color. **Dobbies Cream No. 2013**—Deep cream color. **Enchantress No. 2016**—Silvery pink color.



Single Sweet William

Florence Nightingale No. 2020—Soft, clear, rich lavender color. **Helen Lewis No. 2023**—Orange pink. **Helen Pierce No. 2026**—Marbled blue white. **King White No. 2030**—Giant snow white flowers. Best white variety. **Othello No. 2033**—Deep maroon. **Royal Purple No. 2036**—Rich warm purple color. **Vermilion Brilliant No. 2040**—Bright scarlet color. **Zephyr No. 2043**—Fine blue color. **Prices on any of above varieties:** **Pkt.**, 10c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 95c; lb., \$3.50.

No. 2045—A collection of 10 of above varieties, our selection. **1 Pkt.** of each, 75c.

Reuter's Peerless Spencer Mixed No. 2048—Selected and mixed with extraordinary care. A superior mixture. **Pkt.**, 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 85c; lb., \$3.00.

Reuter's Dwarf Mixture No. 2050—Differs from other mixtures in that the plants grow low and require no stakes. Preferred by many. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

Sweet William—Old fashioned perennial, best treated in the South as an annual or biennial. Grows into bush form about 1½ feet high, with large number of flowers in all shades from white to dark red. **Culture:** Sow thinly in open seed beds after last frost or start in boxes indoors, covering not more than ¼ of an inch and keeping the soil moist. Transplant about 1 foot apart. **Single Mixed No. 2055**—**Double Mixed No. 2058**—Each, per **Pkt.**, 10c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 60c.

Thunbergia—(Black Eyed Susan) **No. 2062**—Beautiful slender rapid growing annual climber, reaching a height of 4 to 5 feet, with numerous round flowers in white, light yellow and deep orange, all with black center. **Culture:** Sow thinly after last frost or in boxes indoors in January or February, covering about ½ inch and transplanting or thinning to 4 to 5 inches apart. **Pkt.**, 10c; ½ oz., 40c.

Torenia—**No. 2066**—**Culture:** Sow about ¼ inch deep after last frost in open seed beds or in boxes indoors in January and February, and transplant to 6 to 8 inches apart. **Pkt.**, 15c.

Verbena—**Culture:** Sow early in boxes indoors, but may be planted in the open after last frost. Cover about ¼ inch, press the soil firmly and water sparingly. Transplant 1 foot apart. **Reuter's Peerless Mixed No. 2070**—Fine mixture of the largest flowering Verbenas. **Pkt.**, 10c; ½ oz., 40c; oz., 75c. **White No. 2072**—**Pink No. 2075**—**Striped No. 2078**—**Blue No. 2080**—**Red No. 2082**—**Each, per Pkt.**, 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; 1 **Pkt.** of each of the five colors, 40c.

Vinca—(Periwinkle)—Free flowering, shrubby bushes 1 to 1½ feet high, single flowers of round form, often measuring 2 inches in diameter. **Culture:** Sow in the open when weather permits or in boxes indoors earlier, covering about ¼ inch, and transplant or thin to 1 foot apart. In dry periods water good 2 or 3 times a week at sunset. **White No. 2086**—**Pink No. 2089**—**Mixed Colors No. 2092**—**Each, per Pkt.**, 10c; ¼ oz., 30c; ½ oz., 50c.

Violet—**No. 2095**—**Culture:** Sow early in open seed beds, about ¼ inch deep, transplant to 4 to 5 inches apart. Seeds are very slow to germinate, sometimes requiring 3 to 4 months or more. **Pkt.**, 15c; ¼ oz., 60c.

Wallflower—**No. 2098**—Biennial, but the variety offered here is such a rapid grower that it can be treated as an annual. Grows from 1½ to 2 feet high, bears long spikes of single fragrant flowers in yellow, brown and red shades. **Culture:** Sow about one-sixth inch deep in boxes in January or February, or in open seed beds when weather permits and transplant when about 3 inches high to 1 to 1½ feet apart. **Pkt.**, 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 40c.

Zinnia — (Old Maids)

Culture: Sow to a depth of ½ inch from February to March and thin to 6 inches apart for the dwarf varieties and 1 foot apart for the tall. **Elegans Double Mixed No. 2105**—Fine mixture of all colors, large flowers. **Pkt.**, 5c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50. **Elegans Double in Separate Colors:** **White No. 2108**—**Scarlet No. 2112**—**Yellow No. 2115**—**Each, per Pkt.**, 10c; ½ oz., 40c; oz., 75c. **Robusta Mixed No. 2120**—Excellent mixture producing giant flowers. **Pkt.**, 10c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 65c. **Liliput Mixed Colors No. 2125**—Dwarf growing variety with smaller flowers. **Pkt.**, 10c; ½ oz., 30c. **Liliput Red Eiding Hood No. 2128**—Flowers of a glowing red color. **Pkt.**, 10c; ½ oz., 40c.



Zinnia



Verbena

REUTER'S SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS

Our stock this year has been most carefully selected and the varieties that we list on this page will surely supply you with just the assortment that you want. Any of them will furnish an abundance of beautiful flowers throughout the lower and middle South and will last for years in the open ground and require but little protection. All Prices on this Page are Postpaid.

Caladium—**Elephant's Ear**—A fast grower, reaching in a season a height of 5 to 6 feet, producing immense leaves often measuring up to 3 feet in length, and resembling an Elephant's Ear in shape. **No. 2150**, good strong bulbs, 25c each; \$2.25 per doz. **No. 2153**, extra large stock, 35c each; \$3.50 per doz.

Fancy Leaved—All of them are of great beauty with an endless range of colorings and shadings. Well adapted for porch boxes, and in the open, when partially shaded from the hot sun and provided with plenty of water. **No. 2156**, large mother bulbs, 45c each; \$4.75 per doz. **No. 2160**, monster bulbs, 60c each; \$6 per doz.

Reuter's Large Flowering Cannas—They have tropical-like foliage, showy flowers, many of which are truly orchid like. Should be planted in rich soil, with a liberal portion of well rotted stable manure when possible.

6 Magnificent Giant Cannas—**Austria**—**No. 2165**—Beautiful shade of lemon yellow with a few traces of small, reddish-brown spots in the center of the two inside petals. **Eureka No. 2168**—Best white flowering canna yet introduced; foliage green. **King Humbert No. 2172**—Bronze colored leaves and orange scarlet flowers, appearing in large trusses. **Yellow King Humbert (Queen Helen) No. 2175**—A "sport" from the ordinary King Humbert. Foliage is a deep green color and a mass of orchid-like, rich, yellow flowers, slightly spotted and blotched with red. **Louisiana No. 2178**—Green foliage and trusses of pretty scarlet flowers. **Venus No. 2182**—Flowers are a beautiful rose pink with creamy yellow borders.

Prices: Good strong roots, 25c each; 3 for 70c. **No. 2185**—For \$1.25 we will send 1 each of the above 6 varieties.

Reuter's Magnificent Dahlias—

Dahlias are enjoying a well deserved popularity. Cultivation is very simple, and while they prefer a light soil, they will thrive and bloom under most conditions.

6 Extra Fine Show Dahlias—**The Show Dahlia** is a type very much admired for its large, ball-shaped flowers. Excellent for cutting. **Black Beauty No. 2190**—Deep purple color. **Gloria No. 2193**—Beautiful snow-white flowers. **A. D. Livoni No. 2196**—Delicate pink color. **Merlin No. 2200**—Orange scarlet color. **Millionaire No. 2203**—Very attractive lavender rose pink. **Queen Victoria No. 2206**—Lemon Yellow. A continuous bloomer.

Prices: Large stock, 35c each; 3 for \$1. **No. 2210**—For \$1.85 we will send 1 each of the above 6 varieties.

Calla Lily—**(New Godfrey)**—Unquestionably the finest variety ever offered in a Calla Lily. Blooms all winter, and compared with the ordinary Calla Lily, it will produce three to one in blooms. Flowers are snow-white and perfect in form. We offer pot grown bulbs. **Prices: No. 2265**—Good bulbs, 45c each; 3 for \$1.25; 6 for \$2.25. **No. 2268**—Large, well developed bulbs, 75c each; 3 for \$2; 6 for \$3.75.

Reuter's Genuine Easter Lilies—

We can supply the genuine Creole stock. This is also known as Madonna Lily, the Bourbon Lily, St. Joseph's Lily, and under many other names. Our bulbs are grown in our own nurseries and I doubt if any other concern can supply the superior stock that we are prepared to ship this year. **Prices: No. 2275**—Mother bulbs, started stock, 45c each. **No. 2278**—Monster bulbs, 65c each.



particular customers. It includes all the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Madeira Vine—**No. 2282**—An old, rapid growing, and very popular vine. Usually used for covering porches and arbors. Produces a mass of small, dark green, thick and glossy leaves, and long, hanging clusters of small, fragrant white flowers. It is not affected by insects. **Prices: 15c each; 12 for \$1.50.**

Montbretia Mixed Colors—**No. 2286**—A Mexican plant that is but little known in the South. Grows about 2 feet high and resembles the Gladiolus in growth, but is lighter and more delicate. Produces long flower spikes, the upper half of which are set with beautiful flowers in yellow, orange and red shades. Should be treated as the Gladiolus.

Prices: 6 for 45c; 12 for 80c; 100 for \$5.75.

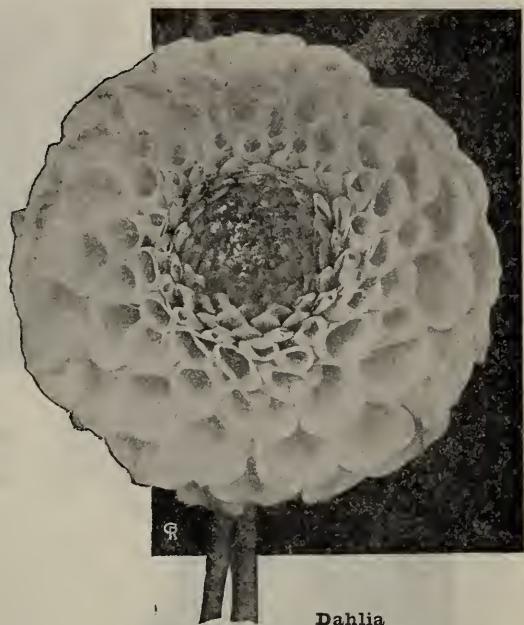
Tuberoses—Very popular throughout the South. Easily grown and produce long flower spikes, thickly set with snow-white flowers. Admirable for cut flowers and house decoration, but adapted to culture either in pots, boxes or in the open. **Mexican Everblooming No. 2295**—The best variety for the South.

Prices: 15c each; 6 for 75c; 12 for \$1.25; 100 for \$8.50.

French and Dutch Flowering Bulbs

We have a large supply of these bulbs, choice named varieties and wonderful mixtures, for shipment during the late fall and early spring months. Our stocks include **NARCISSUS**, **CHINESE SACRED LILIES**, **TULIPS**, **HYACINTHS**, **FREE-SIAS**, **CROCUS**, **JONQUILS**, **ETC.**

If you are interested in any of the above bulbs for early spring planting, we will be glad to send you our **SPECIAL BULB PRICE LIST** which describes and prices all kinds of Bulbs suitable for late fall and early spring planting.



Dahlia

Reuter's Superfine Gladiolus—

Among the most attractive summer flowering bulbs. They can now be had in innumerable colors and shades. Flowers often measure 4 inches across, are placed on long, strong stems. Easily grown, but prefer a rich soil. In borders or groups they will make an attractive show. Excellent for cutting. If the spikes are cut when the flowers are open and placed in water, changed daily, the remaining buds will open. The assortment we offer this year is made up of the finest varieties, representing all of the best colors, and we feel sure, will please those who order them. **America No. 2220**—A highly prized sort with immense flowers of a soft, lavender pink color. **Europe No. 2224**—Snow-white flowers. **Halley No. 2228**—Large flowers of a salmon pink color, with a soft yellowish tint in the throat. **Baron Hulot No. 2232**—Flowers of a rich purple color with a lighter shade in the throat. **Mrs. Francis King No. 2236**—One of the most decorative Gladiolus known. Strong growth and large, light scarlet flowers. **Klondyke No. 2240**—Clear yellow color, blotched with crimson-maroon in the throat. **Princeps No. 2244**—Wide open immense flowers of a dazzling scarlet color, marked with white in the throat, intensifying the brilliancy of the scarlet. **Primulinus "Sunbeam" No. 2248**—The leading yellow variety. Strong growth, graceful form, and pretty clear yellow flowers.

Prices: On any of the above, 12c each; $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 65c; doz., \$1.20; 100, \$7.50. **No. 2255**—A collection of 1 each of the above 8 varieties, 85c.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

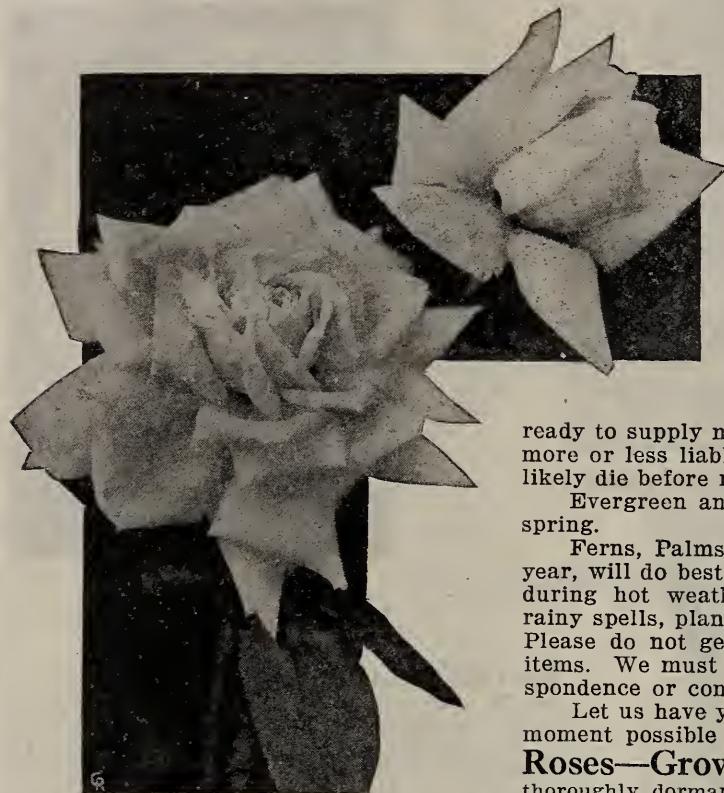
part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ doz., 45c; doz., 85c; 50 for \$3.25; 100 for \$6.

Reuter's Extra Fine Mixture No. 2258—This mixture is carefully made up by our own experts, and should not be compared with the many mixtures of doubtful value prepared for selling purposes only. We can recommend this to our most

part of the many beautiful shades in white, rose, yellow, scarlet and blue, as well as the striped and spotted varieties.

REUTER'S SOUTHERN GROWN ROSES



Kaiserin Augusta Victoria

12 Tea-Scented Varieties

Alexander Hill Gray—Flowers are of a solid deep yellow color. **Blumenschmidt**—Citron-yellow flowers with outer petals turning to rose. **Duchess de Brabant**—Strong grower with flowers of a light crimson color. **Etoile de Lyon**—Beautiful chrome-yellow, shading to golden-yellow in the center. **Louis Philippe**—Rich, velvet crimson. **Madame Lombard**—Free bloomer, of good form, with large, bright rose colored flowers. **Maman Cochet, Pink**—Light pink in color and one of the leading pink varieties. **Maman Cochet, White**—Creamy white, tinged with blush. A grand second to the famous Pink Cochet. **Marie van Houtte**—Canary-yellow flowers, the border of the petals being tipped with bright rose. **Mrs. Benj. R. Cant**—Color is a deep rose with inner petals soft silvery shaded. **Souvenir de la Malmaison**—Very large flowers of a blush-white color. **William R. Smith**—Color is a soft blending of salmon-pinks and rose pinks. A popular variety.

Prices on above varieties: 2-Year Old Stock, 75c each; \$6.75 for 10, postpaid. 3-Year Old Stock, \$1.25 each; \$10 for 10, postpaid.



Red Radiance

10 Hybrid Tea Varieties—**Etoile de France**—Flowers are of velvety red-crimson color, borne in profusion. Foliage is green-bronze. **Helen Gould**—Strong grower with bright red flowers. A first-class rose. **Kaiserin Augusta Victoria**—One of the best white roses. Beautiful, fragrant flowers. **Killarney White**—Best pure white rose for general use. Free bloomer. **La France, Pink**—Profuse bearer of large silvery-pink blooms. Called the Queen of Roses. **Madame A. Chatenay**—Carmine rose, shaded salmon; long pointed bud. **Madame Caroline Testout**—Very large and showy flowers of a clear satiny pink color. **Mrs. Aaron Ward**—Foliage dark; flowers deep golden orange, shading to creamy yellow. **Pink Radiance**—Extra large and fragrant blooms of a bright carmine pink color. **Red Radiance**—Clear cerise red which does not fade. An excellent variety.

Prices on above varieties: 2-Year Old Stock, 75c each; \$6.75 for 10, postpaid. 3-Year Old Stock, \$1.25 each; \$10 for 10, postpaid.

Los Angeles—New Hybrid-Tea Rose—One of the most desirable roses ever introduced. Produces a continuous succession of long-stemmed flowers of a beautiful flame-pink, toned with coral. Buds are long and pointed. Price: Good strong plants, \$1.25 each, postpaid.

4 Hybrid-Perpetual Varieties

American Beauty—Cannot be surpassed. The massive blooms are of a dark rich crimson color. **Black Prince**—Flowers are borne in great profusion on long strong stems; color blackish crimson. **Paul Neyron**—Strong grower with large, deep-rose colored flowers. **His Majesty**—Color deep crimson, shading to deep vermilion-crimson towards the edges.

Prices on above varieties: 2-Year Old Stock, 75c each; \$6.75 for 10, postpaid. 3-Year Old Stock, \$1.25 each; \$10 for 10, postpaid.

Special Offer—The hybrid perpetuals are considered the most valuable roses because they bear the largest and most brilliantly colored flowers, and are extremely hardy and vigorous.

One strong 2-year old plant of each of the above 4 varieties, for only \$2.85, postpaid. One 3-year old plant of each of the above 4, for \$4.25, postpaid.



Mrs. Aaron Ward

FOR SOUTHERN HOME GARDENS

Baby Rambler Roses—Dainty, dwarf-growing, hardy roses, forming compact bushes about 2 feet high. Produce throughout the entire season immense trusses of small flowers. Excellent for bedding to form low hedges, to border a walk, or for pot growing.

Baby Rambler—The original Baby Rambler. Flowers are of bright crimson color and are borne in large clusters. **Catherine Zeimet**—Known as White Baby Rambler. The pretty double flowers are of a pure white color. **Clothilde Coubert**—Excellent bedding rose. Color ivory white, shading to bright ivory-pink. **Orleans**—Color is a deep cerise or geranium pink, with distinct snowy center of pure white.

Prices on above varieties: 2-Year Old Stock, 75c each; \$6.75 for 10, postpaid. 3-Year Old Stock, \$1.25 each; \$10 for 10, postpaid.

Old-Fashioned Moss Roses—Because of the beauty of the buds and the delicious fragrance of the blooms these roses will always be great favorites. **Henri Martin**—A very desirable rose, with large deep pink buds well mossed. **Toussaint**—Pure white flowers, buds heavily and beautifully mossed.

Prices: 2-Year Old Stock, 75c each; \$6.75 for 10, postpaid. 3-Year Old Stock, \$1.25 each; \$10 for 10, postpaid.

2 Grand Climbing and Rambling Roses

Clothilde Soupe—

Identical with the bush variety except that this is a true climber. **Pink Dorothy Perkins**—

Beautiful pink blooms borne in large clusters. **Red Dorothy Perkins**—Finest of all crimson

ramblers. Color intense crimson-maroon, the petals tinged with scarlet. **White Dorothy**

Perkins—A pure white "sport" of the well-known Dorothy Perkins. **Gruss an Teplitz**—

Flowers are of bright crimson color, with fiery-red center. **Kaisserin Augusta Victoria**—Hardy

absolute climber with pure white, fragrant flowers. **Marie Guillot**—A pure white rose of

exceptional merit. **Reve D'OR**—A strong grower, yellow in color; does well in most places.

Solfatare—Extra fine, large flowers of a clear sulphur-yellow color. **Yellow Rambler**—Bears

immense clusters of bright yellow flowers which change to canary-yellow. **Velchenblau**—

The blue rose. Upon first opening the color is bright rose, turning soon to a steel blue.

Prices on above varieties: 2-Year Old Stock, 75c each; \$6.75 for 10, postpaid. 3-Year

Old Stock, \$1.25 each; \$10 for 10, postpaid.

Mareschal Niel—One of the best yellow roses in cultivation. It does not do well when grown on its

own roots, and the plants we offer are extra fine budded or grafted stock.

Prices: Plants, 2-3 feet high, \$1.50; 3-4 feet high, \$2; 4-5 feet high, \$2.25, each; postpaid.

6 Superfine Climbers

The following assortment included the finest climbers known. **Climbing**

American Beauty—Same dark rose-crimson color and exquisite fragrance

as the regular American Beauty. **Etoile de France**—Beautiful shade of clear, red-crimson. Very fragrant.

Gainsborough—A delicate color of almost white and as lustrous as satin. **Helen Gould**—First-class

climber with flowers of a rich, warm red color. **Maman Cochet**—In color and shape a true pendant to

the famous pink bush variety, except that it is a climber. **White Maman Cochet**—Same as above except the

flowers are white, tinged pink.

Prices: 2-Year Old Stock, \$1 each; 3-Year Old Stock, \$1.50 each; postpaid.

Tausendschoen or 1,000 **Beauties**—An entirely distinct, very desirable, rapid growing, almost thornless rose. Its innumerable flowers are very large, fully three inches in diameter, and the color, upon

first opening, is a most delicate shade of pink, changing to rose-crimson. A climber without equal.

Prices: Good strong plants, \$1.25 each, postpaid. Extra large plants, \$1.50 each, postpaid.

ROSES BY EXPRESS

When large orders for roses are placed with us, we suggest that we be permitted to ship them by express.

Because of more liberal regulations, we are able to pack the plants more securely, and the shipment is more apt to reach its destination in good condition for transplanting. We have found that mail shipments are quite satisfactory for smaller packages, but, with heavier shipments, the parcel post regulations frequently prevent acceptance of large packages through the mails. If your post office is different from your express station, be sure to include both on your order blank, so that we may have full information, if it should be best or necessary for us to ship by express. Prices on all roses quoted in this catalog are prepaid, whether shipment is made by parcel post or express.

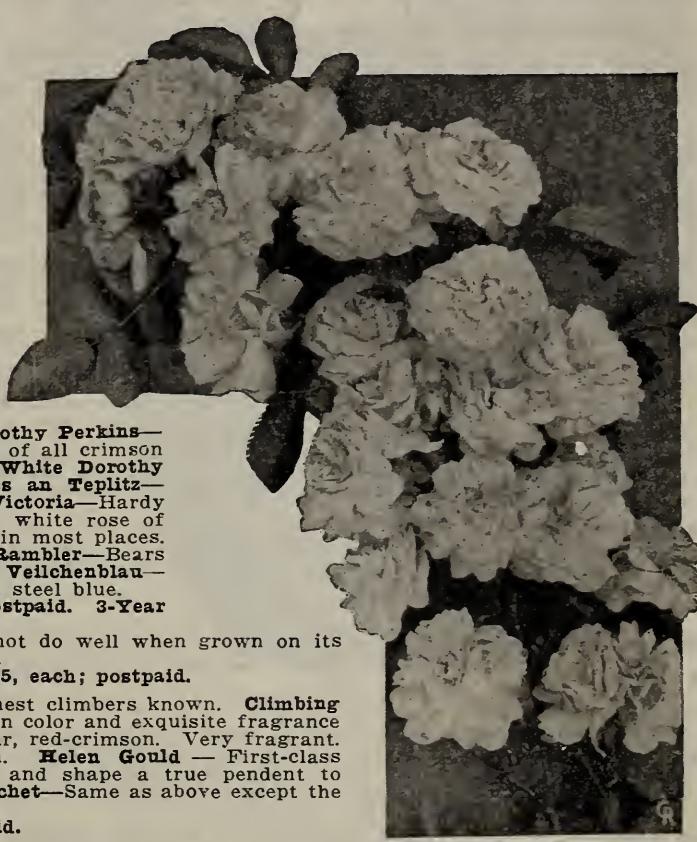


Etoile de Lyon

A Collection of 8 Roses offered at a Remarkably Low Price

Illustrated in Actual Colors and Described on Third Cover Page

Although there is a critical shortage throughout the country of dependable nursery stock, and good, sturdy rose plants in particular, we are prepared to supply roses, grown in the open ground in our own nurseries, in sufficient quantity to enable us to make a most remarkable collection offer to our customers. Our special-value Rose Collection, fully described and illustrated on Third Cover Page, is an unusual opportunity for those seeking a number of beautiful roses for planting at one time. The plants offered at this bargain price are selected stock, true-to-name and all field-grown. Turn at once to the inside back cover page and become familiar with the eight varieties included in this special collection. The varieties offered afford a sufficiently wide assortment to please most of our customers who desire a collection for general home beautification. Do not overlook this big-value rose collection.



Tausendschoen



Dorothy Perkins

HARDY, NURSERY GROWN FRUIT TREES

OUR LIABILITY—We exercise all possible care to have stock well rooted, well grown, healthy, true-to-name, properly packed and shipped according to instructions. It is, however, mutually agreed between the purchaser and ourselves that our liability under the foregoing is limited in the amount to original price received. No guarantee expressed or implied that trees will live or grow.

SHIPMENTS—Unless otherwise instructed, orders received during the shipping season will be forwarded as soon after receipt as possible, depending upon weather conditions. Orders without shipping instructions will be shipped as we believe is safest, cheapest and best for our customers' interest. Should shipment be ordered by freight, and we find that express rates for the size package is nearly or quite as cheap, we will forward by express. When trees or plants are ordered by Parcel Post, unless sufficient money is enclosed to prepay charges in addition to that required for the order, I will ship either smaller plants than those ordered, or withhold enough to meet the postal charges.

SHIPMENTS AT PURCHASER'S RISK—Our responsibility ceases when we deliver trees to forwarding company. Claims for loss or damage must be made to them. We will, however, trace, if requested, and use every means at our command to secure prompt delivery, and recovery in case of damage or loss.

Certificate of inspection, showing freedom of my stock from San Jose Scale and other injurious insects and diseases, attached to all shipments.

To Florida Customers: Because of State Regulations I am not permitted to ship plants into the State of Florida and regret that I cannot accept any plant orders for Florida delivery. I hope to be favored with your orders for Seeds, Insecticides, Tools, etc.

On account of the present regulations of the Department of Agriculture in Louisiana, in its efforts to control Citrus Canker, I am not permitted to ship Citrus Stocks, including Oranges, Lemons and Grapefruit, outside of the State of Louisiana.

Prices on all trees in this catalog are f. o. b. New Orleans, customers paying transportation charges. We recommend express shipments on all orders for trees, unless shipments are for local points.

Oranges—**SATSUMA**—Unquestionably the hardiest orange, and this, in combination with its early ripening makes it an indispensable variety. The fruit is of medium size, deep orange color, fine grained, tender, juicy, sweet and delicious. The tree is thornless. It ripens during October and November.

WASHINGTON NAVEL—The fruit is very large and somewhat oval. The flesh juicy, sweet and highly flavored.

MANDARIN—One of the most profitable Louisiana varieties. Fruit is of medium size, and deep yellow; the flesh is very firm and a dark orange yellow.

Prices on Trifoliata Stock: 2 to 3 feet each \$1.75; 12 for \$17.00; 3 to 4 feet, each \$2.50; 12 for \$22.00.

KUM-QUAT—A dwarf-growing shrubby tree, bearing a mass of hundreds of small, bright fruits about the size of a pigeon's egg.

Price: Bearing size trees, ready to fruit, \$1.75 and \$2.75 each, depending on size and age.

Grape Fruit—**DUNCAN**—More largely planted in Louisiana and along the Gulf Coast than any other. Exceptionally resistant to frost damage. Its fine quality, productiveness and good appearance strongly recommend it as a leading variety.

Sizes and prices same as for Oranges.

Lemon—**PONDEROSA**—Sometimes called American Wonder Lemon. The fruit is exceptionally large, often weighing from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. Prices: 2 to 3 feet, \$1.50 each; 3 to 4 feet, \$2.50 each.

Pecan—A good pecan orchard is the best investment a farmer can make. The only known drawback is that it takes a number of years for a pecan orchard to give paying returns on the money invested. The trees should be planted 50 feet apart each way.

DELMAS—A very large nut of excellent quality. Trees are healthy and strong, and it is the earliest bearing of all Pecans.

SCHLEY—One of the finest pecans grown. The nuts are of large size and thin shell, separating easily from the kernel.

FROTSCHER—Large oblong nuts, very thin-shelled, full, plump kernel. A rapid grower and an abundant bearer.

SUCCESS—This is the leading variety in Southern Mississippi and Alabama. The nuts are very large and the shells are thin. The kernel is plump and of a rich flavor.

STUART—One of the most popular pecans. The nuts are somewhat shorter than some of the other varieties. The kernel is plump and of good quality.

VAN DEMAN—A paper shell variety of great merit. The nuts are long and pointed at both ends.

Prices: 3 to 4 feet, \$2.25 each, \$20.00 per dozen; 4 to 5 feet, \$2.75 each, \$27.00 per dozen; 6 to 7 feet, \$3.25 each.

Apricots—**RUSSIAN**—The best variety for the south. Prices: 3 to 4 feet, \$1.50 each; 5 to 6 feet, \$1.75 each.

Figs—No Southern home or garden should be without one or two of these valuable trees. They bear one of the most popular and pleasant fruits we know of for eating raw, and no other fruit adapts itself better for preserving purposes. The trees begin to bear very young, and with a little care will bear a heavy crop every year.

BRUNSWICK—The fruit is very large; the pulp is thick, soft, and of very good quality, and of a dark brown color.

BROWN TURKEY—This is one of the most desirable varieties we know of. The fruit is of medium size, the flesh is of a light pink color and of excellent quality.

CELESTE—Sometimes called the Sugar Fig on account of its sweetness. Fruit is of medium size and flesh is solid, sweet and juicy.

MAGNOLIA—This is the most popular variety for canning purposes. The trees are very vigorous growers and bear profusely. The fruit is large and of a light-greenish color.

Prices: 2 to 3 feet, 75c each, \$7.00 per dozen; 3 to 4 feet, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

We have some extra large, 5 to 7 feet, trees, \$2.25 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

Apples—**EARLY HARVEST**—This variety is a very vigorous and robust grower. The fruit is large and yellow-skinned.

RED JUNE—It is a great favorite with the planters of the South Texas section. The fruit is of medium size and bright crimson color. The flesh is very tender and of fine flavor. One of the earliest ripening varieties.

JONATHAN—Like the Red June, this variety is one of the standbys in the South. It is a robust grower and a prolific bearer. The fruit is large and red. Grand marketing and splendid eating variety.

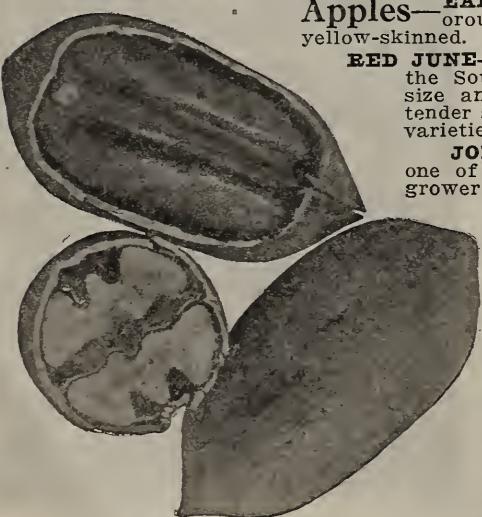
BEN DAVIS—An exceedingly robust and vigorous grower and an abundant bearer. The fruit is large and handsome.

WINESAP—One of the best varieties for general winter use. The fruit, which is marbled-red on a white ground, is fine for keeping. The flesh is firm and highly flavored.

Prices on Apples: 3 to 4 feet, \$1.00, \$10.00 per dozen; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.50, \$15.00 per dozen; 5 to 7 feet, \$1.75, \$17.50 per dozen.

Grafting Wax—For pruning and grafting. Excellent when trimming trees and shrubbery. Comes in sticks, easily handled.

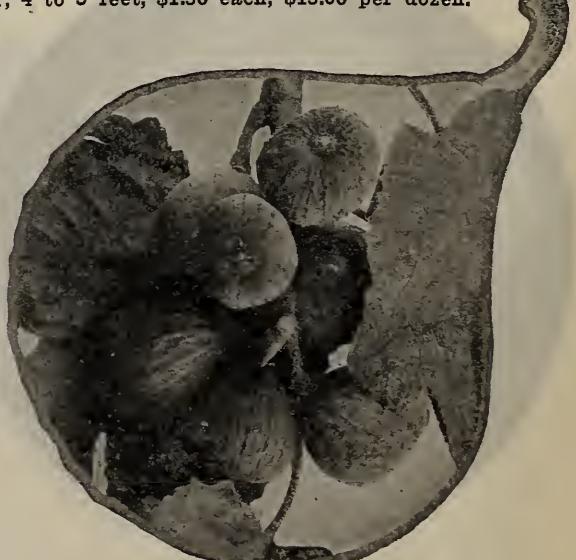
Prices: postpaid: $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 60c.



New Big "Z" Pecan



Moore's Early Grape



Celeste Fig

Pears — **BARTLETT** — This is undoubtedly the best-known and most popular pear grown, but when grown on its own stock is subject to blight. The trees we offer are Le Conte stock. This gives the trees a much more robust character, and therefore able to fight blight.

LE CONTE — A very prolific bearer, with large fruits of a pale yellow color, very juicy and melting. It is a shipper without a rival.

KEIFFER — This is a very vigorous grower, and bears profusely. The fruit is large and of bright yellow color. The flesh is tender and juicy, with a flavor all its own. Fine for preserving purposes.

Prices: 2-3 ft., \$1.25, \$11.00 doz.; 4-5 ft., \$1.75, \$16.00 doz.; 5-7 ft., \$2.25, \$20.00 doz.

Peaches — **ELEERTA** — This, I believe, is the most popular of all peaches. It is a freestone, and an early ripener. The fruit is large, of a rich yellow, with red cheeks. Good for shipping, canning or the table.

MAMIE ROSS — This is undoubtedly one of the finest as well as the earliest peaches grown, and one of the best for Gulf Coast planting. It is a cling bearing large fruit with white flesh, very juicy and of excellent quality.

CHINESE CLING — The fruit is very large, skin of a yellowish-white, mottled red. The flesh is juicy and of unsurpassed quality.

ANGEL — One of the most desirable canning peaches. A prolific bearer very young. Fruit is large and yellow. Flesh is white and very sweet.

JEWEL — One of the finest of shipping peaches. The fruit is large, oblong, of a yellow color. The flesh is juicy and melting sweet, of excellent quality, with a delicious flavor.

BELLE OF GEORGIA — Large, showy, clear creamy white, tinted red. Flesh white and firm, excellent quality. Freestone.

Prices on Peaches: 2-3 ft., 75c, \$7.50 doz.; 3-5 ft., \$1.50 each, \$14.00 per doz.; 5-7 ft., \$2.00 each, \$20.00 doz.

Plums — **ABUNDANCE** — One of the most profitable and early plums. The fruit is large, of a greenish-yellow color, with a heavy bloom. They are sweet, with a slight Apricot flavor.

KELSEY — The largest plum grown. Color, greenish-yellow, covered with a thick, bluish bloom, flesh light-yellow, flavor rich, pleasant. Very prolific and bears when quite young.

BURBANK — One of the best shippers. The fruit is very large, of a clear, rich red, with violet bloom. It is very juicy and sweet.

RED JUNE — This variety is called so on account of its color and its early ripening. It is, I believe, the earliest plum on the market. The fruit is large, of a vermilion-red color, covered with a delicate bloom. The flesh is light-yellow, sweet, with a pleasant flavor.

EXCELSIOR — Produces an abundance of medium-sized fruits of a purplish-red color, covered with a heavy bluish bloom. The flesh is of a yellowish color and excellent flavor.

WICKSON — Large, deep maroon red. Flesh firm; deep amber yellow, small pit. Ripe in July. **Prices:** 3-4 ft., \$1.50 each, \$14.00 doz.; 4-5 ft., \$1.75 each, \$17.00 doz.; 5-7 ft., \$2.00 each, \$20.00 doz.

Grapes — **CONCORD** — Very rapid grower and heavy bearer. Nothing could be more tempting than the large bunches of blue-black berries. The flesh is very sweet and tender.

DELAWARE — The bunches and berries of this variety are smaller than the concord. They are light-red in color and exceedingly sweet.

MOORE'S EARLY — The berries are large, round, black and covered with a heavy bloom.

NIAGARA — The best of the light-colored grapes. The berries are greenish-yellow in color and are very sweet.

Scuppernong — The best of the Muscadine grapes. Large bronze-colored berries, flesh sweet and pulpy. Scuppernong wine is considered one of the best amber wines.

WHITE AND BLACK — Popular grapes on all Southern markets. Makes very fine wines and grape juices. Well adapted to the South.

CHAMPION — Very early; bunch and berry medium in size.

Prices: 50c each, \$5.00 doz., postpaid; extra heavy 3-year-old plants, 80c each, \$8.00 doz., prepaid.

MISCELLANEOUS FRUITS — **Japanese Persimmons** — **TANE-NASHI** — Perhaps the best of the Persimmons; vigorous growers and prolific bearers. Skin light yellow, flesh yellow and seedless, quality very fine.

YEDDO-ICHI — An excellent Persimmon, bearing an abundance of large red-colored fruits. Flesh is very dark brown, sweet, rich and crisp.

TAMOPAN — New Chinese Persimmon. Fruit is large, somewhat flattened and with a compressed ring around it as though a string had been tied around the fruit while growing. Color beautiful golden red; skin quite thick and tough.

Price: 2-3 ft., \$1.00 each; 3-4 ft., \$1.50 each.

Quince — **CHAMPION** — A vigorous grower; fruit is large and oblong. Makes excellent jelly.

ORANGE — A strong-growing variety, one of the best for preserves. Fruit is large, golden-yellow, flesh firm and excellent flavor. **Prices:** 2-3 ft., \$1.00 each; 3-4 ft., \$1.50 each; 4-5 ft., \$1.75 each.

Pomegranate — **SPANISH RUBY** — Fruit is very large, with a smooth, thick skin. Flesh is a beautiful crimson, highly aromatic and very sweet. **Price:** 4-5 ft., \$1.50 each.

Banana — A rapid-growing plant, of great value, both as a fruit and decorative plant. Likes a rather moist situation, with plenty of fertilizer. **Prices:** Each, 80c and \$1.25.

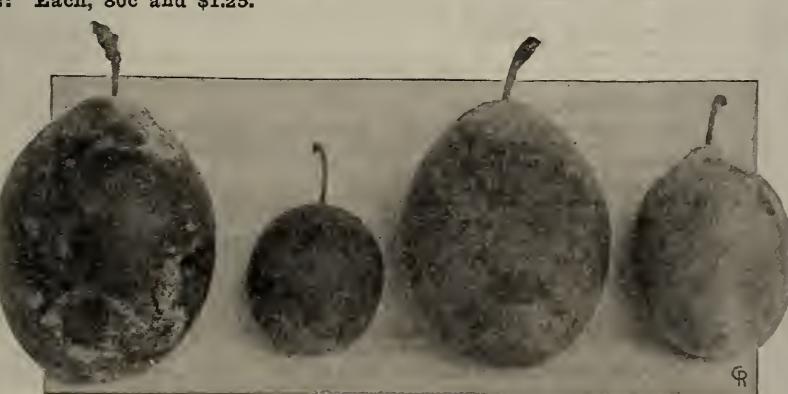
Mulberry — **HICKS** — Fruit sweet, tree grows rapidly and bears young, is very prolific. Bears four months of the year.

MULTICAULIS — (Silk-worm-tree) — A very vigorous grower, extensively used for shade.

WHITE — A white fruited variety, very hardy and prolific.

Prices: 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per doz.; 6 to 7 ft., \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per doz.; 8 to 10 ft., \$2.50 each.

The production of perfect, profitable fruit depends much on clean, healthy trees. See pages 70 and 71 for Insecticides and Sprayers.



Southern Plums



Le Conte Pear

Japanese Walnuts — Better adapted to and more productive than any other variety. An ornament to any grounds.

Prices: 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50 each; 5 to 7 ft., \$2.00 each.

Blackberries — **HAUPT BERRY** — A valuable berry coming in before any of the wild berries, being the earliest known variety. Said to be a cross of a Dewberry and a Blackberry. Very prolific and of the finest quality.

Prices: By mail postpaid, 40c each, \$4.00 per doz.

Don't neglect to order Reuter's New Wondermelon early. See page 18.

Ornamental and Shade Trees for the South



Honeysuckle

The following list of Shade and Ornamental Trees are thoroughly acclimated to the South. All these trees have been grown in our own nursery, are well pruned and have good bodies and tops. All have been transplanted once, and have therefore good roots.

Ligustrum Japonicum—Japan Privet

—It is an evergreen shade tree with beautiful dark green foliage. It can be trimmed into pretty symmetrical shape like the umbrella china.

Prices: 4-5 ft., \$1.25; 5-6 ft., \$1.50; 6-8 ft., \$2.25.

Oak—**Live Oak**—Popular shade tree. None but nursery grown trees should be planted as they give so much better results than trees lifted from the woods.

Prices: 5-6 ft., \$2.75; 6-8 ft., \$3.75 each.

Umbrella China—A rapid growing tree, umbrella-shaped and of beautiful proportions. They are not suited for planting for permanent shade on account of their short lives, but should be planted alternately with some of our other and more permanent trees, such as Elms.

Prices: 4-5 ft., \$1.25 each, \$11.00 per doz.; 5-6 ft., \$1.75 each, \$17.00 per doz.

Mulberry—**Teas Weeping**—A very attractive tree and makes a very pleasing effect on a lawn, with its long pendent branches.

Prices: \$4.00 and \$5.50 each, depending on size and age.

Elms—**American**—One of our finest shade trees, large-leaved and rapid growing. Will grow in any location or soil.

Prices: 6-8 ft., \$1.75 each; 8-10 ft., \$2.75 each.

Camphor—A handsome shade tree for planting on the lawn or street. No plant makes a finer windbreak than the Camphor; are also useful as screens for hiding out buildings, etc. The Camphor tree grows better along the Gulf Coast than anywhere else in the world.

Prices: 2-3 ft., \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per doz.; 4-5 ft., \$1.75 each, \$17.50 per doz.; 5-7 ft., \$2.75 each, \$25.00 per doz., by express or freight collect.

Magnolia Grandiflora—The queen of the flowering broad-leaf evergreen trees; and well known throughout the entire South. Their proper place is on the lawn, where they show to fine advantage in contrast to the green.

Prices: 2-3 ft., \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per doz.; 3-4 ft., \$2.00 each, \$18.00 per doz., by express or freight collect.

HARDY CLIMBING VINES—**Ampelopsis Veitchii**—**Boston Ivy**—One of the best climbers known for quickly covering unsightly walls or other objects.

Prices: Good young plants, 45c each; extra strong plants, 65c each, postpaid.

QUINQUEFOLIA—**Virginia Creeper**—Very similar to the foregoing, with rich colored foliage, like the other variety changing in autumn to a bright red.

Prices: Good young plants, 45c each; extra strong plants, 65c each, postpaid.

ANTIGONON LEPTOPUS—**(Rosa Montana, Mountain Rose or Queen's Wreath)**—A lovely flowering vine, bearing most profusely immense racemes of beautiful rose colored flowers. Will be killed down by frost, but come up from the ground again the next spring.

Prices: Good young plants, 45c each; extra strong plants, 65c each, postpaid.

BIGNONIA—**Laurifolia**—**(Trumpet Vine)**—A beautiful vine for growing on porches, trellis, etc. It has pretty glossy foliage and flowers of a nice lavender color.

Prices: 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50 each, postpaid.

Tweediana—A very hardy climber, producing early in the season an abundance of bright yellow flowers.

Prices: Good young plants, 45c each; extra strong plants, 65c each, postpaid.

BOUGAINVILLEA—**(Japanese Paper Vine)**—Gorgeous magenta-red, paper-like flowers which last well. A very strong grower and quickly reaches a great height. With care in pruning this plant can also be grown as a bush.

Prices: Good young plants, 60c each; extra strong plants, \$1.00 each, postpaid.

CLEMATIS—**Paniculata**—**(Virgin's Bower)**—A most desirable climber which, in the late summer and fall, is one mass of lovely small flowers with a delicious fragrance.

Each 40c, 75c, \$1.00, postpaid.

Jackmanii—One of the most popular varieties of clematis, bears immense flowers of a dark rich purple. Each \$1.00, postpaid.

Henrii—Similar to the foregoing except in color of flower. This one bears flowers of a creamy-white color.

Each \$1.00, postpaid.

Coccinea—Another large flowering variety of clematis, bearing profusely, flowers of a bright scarlet. Each \$1.00, postpaid.

ENGLISH IVY—An invaluable plant for covering brick and stone walls and houses. Self-clinging. Does best in a slightly shaded situation.

Each, 40c, \$4.00 per doz.; extra strong plants, each, 75c, \$7.00 per doz., postpaid.

FICUS REPENS—A gem for covering walls, stone pillars or other masonry. Clings very closely and requires no training. Evergreen and hardy.

Each, 30c, \$3.00 per doz.; extra strong plants, 50c each, \$5.00 per doz., postpaid.

HONEYSUCKLE—**Hall's Japan**—No vine will make as dense a covering for trellis, porch or for hiding unsightly buildings, as the honeysuckle. This variety has dark green, glossy foliage, the flowers



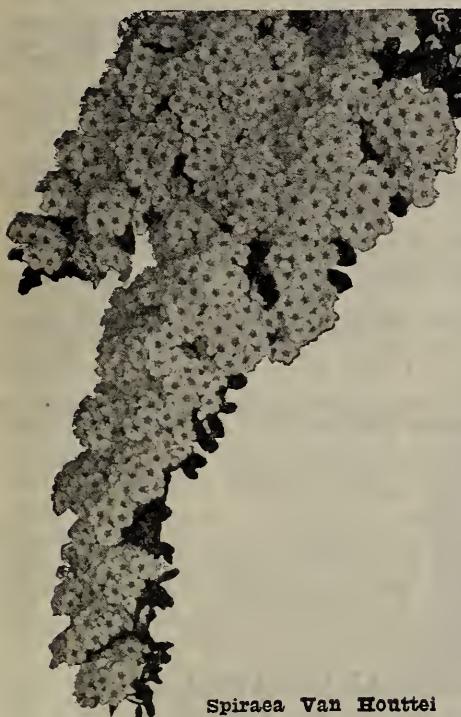
BIGNONIA—TRUMPET VINE



WISTERIA



Clematis Paniculata



Spiraea Van Houttei

are white and buff and are very highly scented. Each 45c, postpaid.

Coral Bed—A very rapid growing variety, with bright red trumpet-shaped flowers. Each 50c, postpaid.

IPOMEA—Leari—(Blue Moon-flower).—A handsome climber with large deep blue flowers. Makes a beautiful porch climber, giving a dense shade as well as being ornamental. Each 30c and 50c, postpaid.

NOCTIFLORA—(White Moon-flower)—The large snow-white blooms sometimes measure six inches across. Good pendent to the blue. Each 30c and 50c postpaid.

PASSION FLOWER—Hardy climber of rapid growth and very attractive when covered with large, handsome flowers. Each 50c and 75c, postpaid.

WISTERIA—Magnificent strong growing vine, perfectly hardy, the flowers are borne in large, pointed clusters in the early spring. I have both the white and purple varieties.

Each \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50, prepaid. Extra heavy plants, \$2.25, prepaid.

FLOWERING AND ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS—Althea—(Rose of Sharon)

—Splendid flowering shrubs bearing a profusion of single or double flowers. They also make very pretty and desirable hedge plants. I carry in stock double white, pink and purple, and single white, pink and purple. Good strong plants, \$1.00 and \$1.50 each, postpaid.

Brugmansia—(Angels' Trumpet)—Grows easily and blooms freely. The plant has large tropical leaves, which gives a fine tropical effect to the garden.

Good strong plants, \$1.00 and \$1.50 each, postpaid.

Buddleia—(Butterfly Bush)—The flower racemes are composed of many little blossoms in the shape and color of lilac. They have created a sensation wherever grown. This plant is called the Butterfly bush on account of the apparent preference these insects have for it. Strong plants, 50c each; extra strong plants, \$1.00 each, postpaid.

Deutzia—(Pride of Rochester)—A very showy shrub, particularly valuable on account of its compact growth, luxuriant foliage and free flowering qualities. Large double white flowers with a slight tinge of pink on the under side of the petals.

Strong plants, 60c each; extra strong plants, \$1.00 each, postpaid.

New French Hydrangeas—Mousseline—The famous blue flowered Hydrangea. The best of all the blue varieties.

Radiant—Very carmine in color, quite distinct.

Hills of Snow—The most valuable hardy shrub ever introduced. It makes a perfectly round symmetrical bush that is covered all summer with handsome, large, pure white flowers.

Ontaska—A strong, vigorous growing variety, producing large masses of deep blue flowers.

I offer the above Hydrangeas, pot grown plants, blooming sizes: Strong plants, 75c each; extra strong plants, \$1.00 each; large heavy plants of extra size, \$1.50 each, postpaid or prepaid.

Jasmines—The jasmines are amongst the prettiest and most fragrant of our southern shrubs and ought to find a place in every garden. I have the following varieties: **Confederate or Mayalan**—A strong climbing variety, flowers very fragrant. **Cape Jasmine**—The double pure white flowers are delightfully fragrant. This variety is known to a great many as the Gardenia. **Grand Duke of Tuscany**—A magnificent plant with large, double creamy white flowers with a delicious fragrance. **Maid of Orleans**—This variety certainly ought to be grown by everyone. The flowers are large, double waxy-white and delightfully scented. **Night-Blooming**—Very free flowering and fragrant at night. **Yellow**—Also known as the Carolina Jasmine. This is a graceful, slender and rapid growing climber. An evergreen with dark green leaves and yellow flowers which are deliciously fragrant. **Prices of above Jasmines:** Strong plants, 50c each; extra strong plants, \$1.00 each, postpaid. Three extra strong plants, your selection, \$2.50, prepaid. **Special**—One each of the above six varieties of Jasmines, all strong flowering plants, \$2.25.

Magnolia Fuscata—(Banana Shrub)—The flowers of a brownish-yellow are highly fragrant with a strong banana odor, it carries its broad leaved foliage all the year round. Each \$1.25, \$1.75, \$2.25, prepaid.

Oleanders—A flowering shrub that does exceptionally well along the Gulf Coast. The foliage is long and narrow and the bright showy flowers are produced in great profusion. They are also evergreen. I have them in white, pink, and red at 60c, \$1.00 and \$1.50 each, postpaid, depending on size.

Oleo Fragrans—(Sweet Olive)—A very desirable flowering shrub with bright, glossy foliage and small white sweetly scented flowers. Strong plants, \$1.00 each; extra strong plants, \$1.50 each, postpaid or prepaid. Extra big bushy stock \$2.00, prepaid.

Philadelphus Syringa—

(Mock Orange)—A fine old fashioned sweet-scented shrub carrying its snowy white flowers very early in spring.

Strong plants, 60c each; extra strong plants, \$1.00 each, postpaid.

Spiraea—**Anthony Waterer**—A thick dwarf growing variety, with foliage in various shades of yellow, red and dark green. The dark crimson flowers are borne in great profusion throughout the entire summer.

Strong plants, 60c each; extra strong plants, \$1.00 each, postpaid.

Van Houttei—One of the best Spiraeas, producing pretty white flowers in clusters.

Strong plants, 60c each, postpaid; large plants, \$1.00 each, postpaid.

Weigelia—A dwarf compact grower with very light green foliage. Bears its white flowers in great profusion. Strong plants, 60c each; extra strong plants, \$1.00 each, postpaid.



Althea



Hydrangea



Deutzia



Fern

Asparagus
Plumosus

Boston

EVERGREENS AND HEDGINGS—All stocks are priced according to size, age, and quality. Customers pay transportation charges unless otherwise specified.

Evergreens—*Arbor Vitae*—American—A tall growing sort, splendid shaped, foliage light green, habit compact and dwarf.

Prices: \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.25 each.

Bamboo Japanese—(Tall and Dwarf)—Produces very attractive plants. They are useful as ornamental plants around the home, and the tall variety is especially adapted for screens, windbreaks or hedges, etc.

Prices: 75c and \$1.25 each.

Boxwoods or Buxus Japonicus—Beautiful ornamental evergreen shrubs of spreading habit with light green foliage.

Prices: 4-6 inches, 40c; 6-10 inches, 60c; 10-15 inches, \$1.00; 15-20 inches, \$1.50 each.

Hedge Plants—*Privet Amoor River*—Probably the best all round hedge plant. A true evergreen in our southern climate retaining its bright green foliage the entire year. It can be trimmed into almost any shape and at any season. It is a rapid grower and will grow in almost any soil.

Prices: 18-24 inches, \$2.00 per doz., \$12.50 per 100; 24-36 inches, \$2.75 per doz., \$18.00 per 100; 36-48 inches, \$3.00 per doz., \$24.00 per 100, postpaid or prepaid.

The two last named sizes are 2-3 year old stocks and will make immediate hedge. Order these sizes for quick results. Plant these sizes about 18 inches apart. Smaller sizes one foot apart.

Plumbago—Nothing could be more attractive or showy than a hedge of plumbago. They produce freely throughout the entire summer and fall months large trusses of bright blue flowers. This plant in our latitude is quite hardy, though farther North they require winter protection. I know of some plumbago hedges in New Orleans that withstood our past severe winter in a most remarkable manner without any protection. The tops were killed back but when the warm spring weather came they started fresh from the roots and now look prettier than they were before.

Prices: 35c and 50c each, postpaid.

PLANTS FOR THE HOME AND GARDEN—The following pages comprise our list of plants that are most desirable for the Sunny South. All plants are thoroughly acclimated and are perfectly adapted to our climate and soil conditions.

Orders Filled From Our Own Nursery—We do not have mail-order dealers in Ohio, Illinois and Northern States fill our plant orders. Every plant order is filled from our own New Orleans nursery.

Ferns—These wonderful plants which do so well in the South cannot be too strongly recommended and every home ought to have at least a few of them. Grown in pots or boxes and placed on a half-shaded spot on your porch, they will make a nice appearance. They are very easy to grow, but they should have a good soil and good drainage. Lack of drainage and too much watering will, in the course of time, make the soil sour which will cause withering of the leaves. Fill your pots or boxes with enough charcoal to cover the bottom and if your soil is clay, mix it with a little mashed charcoal. Be careful with your watering, keep the soil moist but not too wet. These are the most important rules in growing ferns and by following them good results will be obtained.

Boston—This is a standard and popular variety. Our stock is unbeatable. Can be used as a house plant in winter and under shade trees in summer.

Prices: Fine young plants, 25c; larger plants, 50c; large plants, \$1.00; extra strong plants, \$1.50 and \$2.50 each, postpaid.

Roosevelt—Similar to the Boston; fronds are more finely cut.

Prices: Fine young plants, 25c; larger plants, 50c; extra strong plants, \$1.50 and \$2.50 each, postpaid.

Smithii—The finest of all cut ferns. This fern is a wonderful distinct sort and does not divert back in shape to the Boston.

Prices: Fine young plants, 25c; larger plants, 50c; large plants, \$1.00; extra strong plants, \$1.50 and \$2.50 each, postpaid.

Superbissima—(Fluffy Ruffles)—One of the prettiest ferns.

Prices: Fine young plants, 25c; larger plants, 50c; large plants, \$1.00; extra strong plants, \$1.50 and \$2.50 each, postpaid.

Sword—A very fine fern for growing under palms and other shady places.

Prices: Fine young plants, 25c; larger plants, 50c; large plants, \$1.00; extra strong plants, \$1.50 to \$2.50 each, postpaid.

Teddy Jr.—A superb dwarf-growing variety. Best of its type.

Prices: Fine young plants, 25c; larger plants, 50c; large plants \$1.00; extra strong plants, \$1.50 and \$2.50 each, postpaid.

Maiden Hair Varieties—*Cuneatum*—A small-leaved, dark green, old-fashioned variety.

Hybridum—One of the best and hardiest for general purposes.

Croweanaum—An improved variety of the Maiden Hair. Leaflets are larger than some other sorts.

Capillus Vernis—One of the hardiest Maiden Hair Ferns.

Prices of above: Fine young plants, 40c each; larger plants, 75c; extra strong plants, \$1.30 each, postpaid.

Above four Maiden Hair Ferns, fine young plants for \$1.50 postpaid.

Farleyense—One of the easiest grown of the strong robust varieties. It is the best Maiden Hair Fern ever introduced.

Prices: Strong plants only \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.25 each, postpaid.

Special Note—We have a large assortment of beautiful specimens of practically all Ferns—wonderful stocks. Prices: By express, collect, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.50 each.

Asparagus—*Plumosus*—(Lace Fern)—An excellent plant for home decoration. Is very valuable for cutting or marking bouquets. Do not expose them to the strong sun, as the fine foliage will wither very easily.

Prices: Fine young plants, 30c; larger plants, 50c; extra strong plants, \$1.00 each, postpaid.

Sprengeri—One of the best and hardiest plants. It produces beautiful long loose tendrils which under the right treatment easily reach a length of 6 feet or more. Like the former, do best in a shady position. Splendid for growing in pots, hanging baskets, porch and window boxes.

Prices same as above.

Aspidistra—*Lurida*—Easiest of all decorative plants to grow. Their long, glossy leaves are very attractive.

Prices: \$1.25 and \$2.00 each, postpaid.

PLANTS FOR SOUTHERN HOMES AND GARDENS (Continued)

Australian Tree—A rapid growing and handsome fern.

Prices: Fine young plants, 75c each; strong plants, \$1.50; extra strong plants, \$2.00 each, postpaid.

Rubber Plant—*Ficus Elastica*—The old time Rubber Plant and a general favorite for house growing.

Prices: 8-10 inches, 75c each; 18-20 inches, \$1.00 each; 24-30 inches, \$1.75 each, postpaid or prepaid.

Ficus Pandurata

One of the finest foliage plants. Its gigantic leaves frequently measuring 10 inches across by 15 inches long, are of a deep rich green color.

Prices: \$1.00 and \$1.50 each, postpaid.

Euphorbia—(Crown of Thorns)—A very curious and remarkable plant. It is a strong grower and can be trained in any desired form. It has bright scarlet flowers of rare and startling beauty. It is said that it was from this plant the Crown of Thorns, worn by our Savior, was made, hence the name.

Prices: Each 45c and 65c, postpaid.

Dracaena—*Fragrans*—Used as a center piece for vases, beds, etc. It will stand exposure to sun, and its long, narrow, graceful foliage contrasts strongly with other plants.

Terminals—Another good Dracaena. Rich crimson foliage.

Prices: Each 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50, postpaid.

Cyperus Alternifolius—(Umbrella Plant)—A very attractive plant. The long narrow leaves are placed in a rosette on the end of the stems, this giving the plant a resemblance to an umbrella. Requires a great deal of water. Can be grown as an aquatic plant in ponds, fountains, etc.

Prices: 50c, 75c each, postpaid.

Sanservia—(Tiger Plant)—Also known as the Zebra Plant. Leaves are beautifully striped crosswise with white variegations. Can be grown either in sunlight or in dark parts of the room and stands dust and drying out without damage.

Prices: 30c, 60c and \$1.00 each, postpaid.

FIVE BEST PALMS FOR OUTDOOR PLANTING

Five Young Plants, one each sort, \$2.25, postpaid.

Sabal Black Bumeania—Dwarf growing, very hardy for palm, does exceptionally well in the South, especially South Texas.

Extremely hardy.

Phoenix Canariensis (Canary Island Date Palm)—Large, graceful recurved leaves, growth remarkably rapid.

Washingtonia Robusta—Leaves large, deep green; very hardy.

Cycas—(Sago Palm)—Dwarf palm with very dark glossy green leaves. Fine for lawn planting.

Lataenia-Borbonica—(African Fan Palm)—Leaves large, fan-shaped and of a bright green color.

Prices: Young plants, 50c and 75c

each; strong plants, \$1.25 and \$1.75 each, postpaid; by express collect, extra strong plants for immediate effect, \$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.50 and \$6.00 each.

These are nice shapely plants. Good values.

THREE FINEST PALMS FOR INDOOR PLANTING

One of each sort, \$1.25, postpaid.

Areca Lutescens—One of the most

graceful and beautiful palms.

Plumosa—Tall-growing palm. Perfectly hardy on the Gulf Coast, but requires winter protection further inland.

Kentia Belmoreana—Best for the house. They stand the dust well.

Prices: Same as the outdoor palms. Can supply in same sizes as the outdoor palms.

Hibiscus—One of the most satisfactory plants for open ground culture in summer and as a house plant in winter. They are covered the greater part of the year with large, brilliant, showy blooms.

Peach-Blow—A new pink Hibiscus. Double flowers 4-5 inches in diameter. Blooms well in winter, either in greenhouse or sunny window.

Sub-Violaceus—Flowers of enormous size, beautiful carmine, tinted with violet.

Bubra—Large Double red, a very free bloomer.



Phoenix Canariensis Palm

Prices: 30c each; extra large plants, 50c each, postpaid.

Lemon Verbena

Noted for its delightful fragrant foliage.

Prices: 30c and 50c each, postpaid.

FLOWERING BEGONIAS

Rubra Flowers scarlet rose, borne in massive clusters.

Gracilis Luminosa—Very bright scarlet flowers, almost luminous.

Sandersonii—(The Coral Begonia)—Flowers are of scarlet shade of crimson.

Glorie de Chatelaine—Bright pink flowers, always in bloom.

Gracilis Luminosa—(Pink)—A grand new variety that has no equal.

Prices: Young plants, 30c each; extra large plants, 50c and 80c each, postpaid.

SIX CHARMING REX BEGONIAS

Among the rarest, choicest plants that grow are found the Rex Begonias. Indeed, no plant order is complete without these exquisite beauties. These painted leaf Begonias are strong, bushy growers and their grand ornamental leaves are exceedingly beautiful and always greatly admired. Wonderful plants for vases, boxes, etc., if kept well watered and not exposed to the direct rays of the sun.

Prices: Fine young plants, 45c each; extra large plants, 75c and \$1.00 each, postpaid. Special Offer: One plant each of our splendid Six Distinct varieties of Rex Begonias for only \$2.00, postpaid.

Rudbeckia

—(Cone Flower)—One of the most effective flowering plants in cultivation. Grows about 8 feet high and carries on its numerous branches hundreds of beautiful double flowers of a bright golden yellow.

Prices: 40c and 65c each, postpaid.

CHRYSANTHE MUMS

12 WONDERFUL EXHIBITION VARIETIES

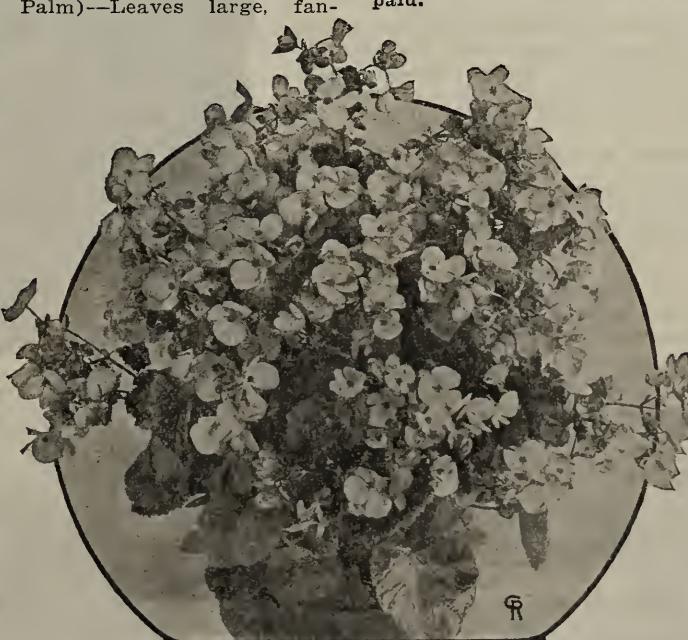
POSTPAID \$2.25

Plants 25c each if ordered separate from Collection.

Easiest culture and last for years in the South.

The Chrysanthemums are now universally popular for outdoor planting, and considering their many good qualities, there is no cause for surprise to see them cultivated so extensively. They are very hardy, standing much neglect and bad treatment without serious injury. They flower at their best during October and November. The following list contains the best varieties in color, size and vigorous growth for the South. Hardy plants ready for shipment from March 1st. Place your orders early. Supply limited.

Carrington—Light red. Every collection should have one or more of these splendid plants of red color. Flowers are extra large in size.



Flowering Begonia—Glorie de Chatelaine



Mrs. Henry Robinson Chrysanthemum

Mrs. Henry Robinson—A grand white sort. Nothing finer among the whites.
Golden Glow—Bright golden yellow. A distinct shade of bright yellow.
Stems extra long and foliage especially good.
Clementine Touset—The most beautiful of all white chrysanthemums.
Pure snow-white, flushed with pink and immense size.
La African—Very dark red. The finest dark red sort we know of. A very popular variety and does well everywhere.
Cardinal—Deep golden yellow. This is one variety that can be absolutely depended upon for size and color. Properly grown flowers are immense.
Pink Holtz—Light delicate pink. For strong, vigorous grower, free bloomer with flowers grown on long stiff stems, there is no superior.
White Holtz—Creamy white. It has established itself firmly with lovers of beautiful chrysanthemums.
Lavender Queen—Pale lavender. Produces blooms in great attractive masses.
John K. Shaw—Large Pink. A high-priced, long-sought, large-flowering pink "mum" of splendid color.
Chrysolora—Rich yellow. A standard sort of a well-known commercial yellow that sells on sight and will greatly beautify any garden.
Solomon's Gold—Golden yellow. Nothing finer among the yellows. Its color shines like burnished gold. Flowers of extra large size.

GERANIUMS—PEERLESS COLLECTION Strong Plants \$2.25 Postpaid

If ordered separate from collection 25c each, postpaid. Shipment March 1st.
Alphonse Ricarde—Orange-red. A most beautiful shade of bright vermillion; large flowers and enormous trusses; a grand variety.
Bertha de Presilly—A beautiful shade of rose pink with silvery shine.
Beaute Poitevine—Shrimp pink. Gradually shading to white; a universal favorite.
Jean Oberle—Peach pink. A most beautiful peach-pink color shading to hydrangea pink. Superb.
Jean Vian—An attractive bright shade of mauve rose.
John Doyle—Double rich scarlet. Exceptionally bright and effective.
La Favorite—One of the finest double white.
Mme. Landry—Salmon-pink. Bright scarlet shading. Borne on long stems.
Mme. Becamier—Double white. We believe this is the finest double white geranium in cultivation.
Mrs. E. G. Hill—Delicate salmon. One of the finest sorts we sell.
Pink Lady—Red and white. Exquisite. The color is an artistic shade of bright red and white.
S. A. Nutt—Dark crimson. The finest of the dark crimson varieties. One that must find its way in every collection.
Replanted plants—These are so much stronger and healthier plants than those sold direct from the hot beds. They will stand transplanting much better and give the very best results.
Carnation Marguerite—Beautiful large double flowers of delightful fragrance.
Chinese Pinks—Very constant and profuse bloomers; flowers wonderful.

GRAND BEDDING PLANTS

Double Daisy—Low-growing plants with pretty double flowers. Especially desirable for early spring bedding.
Forget-me-not—Lovely small blue flowers. Very effective early spring flowering plants.
Pansy—One of the most satisfactory plants. Our stock is of the best the world produces. Choicest large-flowering sorts. We have a large assortment in splendid colors.
Phlox—Well-known plants—splendid for bedding purpose.
Pyrethrum—(Golden Feather)—Very showy, bright-green colored foliage. The plants are prettiest without flowers so these should be pinched off when they appear. Fine for edging.
Prices on above plants: 10c each, 55c per 1/2 doz., \$1.00 per doz., \$6.00 per 100, postpaid.

Special Pot-Grown Plants for Quick Results

All the following plants are pot-grown and each plant is, therefore, as well developed as it is possible to obtain them, and will bloom very early.

Alternanthera—Leaves red and green. Fine for edging and for making carpet designs.

Antirrhinum—(Snap-dragon)—Assorted colors. A general bedding favorite.

Sweet Alyssum—Low-growing plant with white flowers. Good for edging.

Calendula—Large double yellow and orange flowers. Fine for edging.

Coleus—The beefsteak plant, so much used for bedding. We can supply six different varieties. Used for beds in lawns and parks all over the country.

Hollyhock—White, pink, yellow, red. Once established, they grow and bloom freely for years.

Marigold—Large yellow flowers blooming all summer. Favorites in all old-fashioned gardens.

Nasturtium—Dwarf. Produce a mass of flowers all summer. Nice for edging borders, beds and porch boxes.

Salvia—(Scarlet Sage)—No plant is more popular in the South. In late summer and fall up to time frost comes it is a mass of blooms.

Verbena—One of the freest flowering of the summer annuals. A bed of Verbenas of any color makes a sight worth seeing.

Zinnia—Old Maids—Well known garden favorite.

Prices on above plants: 12c each, 65c per 1/2 doz., \$1.25 per doz., \$8.00 per 100, postpaid.

Shasta Daisy—One of the most marvelous productions in the flower line. Extremely hardy perennial with free blooming flowers which last about a week after being cut. Grows in any soil.

Extra strong roots: 20c each, \$1.00 per 1/2 doz., \$1.75 per doz., postpaid.

Patunia—I have a fine assortment of single flowering varieties in all shades of red, maroon, rose, white and mixed.

Each, 25c, \$2.50 per doz., postpaid.

Violets—(Creole)—A very early and free-flowering variety.

Prices: 10c each, 85c per doz., \$5.50 per 100, postpaid.

Sweet Scented Geraniums

Rose, Apple, Balm, Oak, Nutmeg.

Prices: Each, 35c, postpaid; 5 plants, one each of above varieties, \$1.50, postpaid.



S. A. Nutt Geranium

Davis Prolific Seed Corn

Originator's Pure Bred Stock Only

The Best Seed For The South For General Farming Conditions

Davis Prolific Seed Corn No. 747—The general farmer in these times wants a corn that will produce a maximum of grain and stalk with a minimum of cost for he hasn't the time and labor to put in on growing phenomenal yields at unnecessary expense. For an all-purpose corn there is no variety in the South today that will equal the Davis Prolific. Mr. Clarendon Davis, of Alabama, has attained a Dixie-wide reputation for his accomplishment in developing this variety, which has come to be popularly known as Davis Poor Land Corn because of its ability to produce a satisfactory yield on thin and rather infertile soils. Mr. Davis set out years ago to produce for his own needs a variety of corn that would yield high on the average Southern soil. He was a most practical farmer and sought for his own needs only that which was urgently needed by all Southern farmers. Years of careful selection and breeding have resulted in the Davis Prolific and it has now become a most popular sort in all portions of the South, from the Carolinas to Texas and from Tennessee to the Gulf. It is sufficiently hard for soundness, with the tips well covered with the shuck to resist weevils, yet at the same time being not too hard for stock to eat. It will produce two or more ears to the stalk, is medium early, with a large, deep, wedge-shaped grain, with small cob. The ears are medium in size filling close in the rows and well out at the tip and butt. It is not a flinty grain, but one of the soundest corns grown. It is an excellent stock corn and makes fine meal, being greatly in demand for milling purposes. As a silage corn it has no superior and this may well be realized when it is known that dairymen of the North are planting and gathering this variety solely for silo needs. Innumerable tests have shown that 70 pounds of ear corn will shell out 60 to 62 pounds of grain, or 86 per cent. Ordinary corn will shell out 56 pounds to the bushel, or 80 per cent. It is unquestionably the best white corn for the South and the most valuable corn for general farm conditions. The remarkable thing about this variety is that it has been bred and developed always under normal field conditions, never in a highly fertilized spot to see how much can be produced regardless of cost. Mr. Davis has always kept in mind that the need of the Southern farmer is to make a maximum yield at a minimum cost, that highly fertilized acres make enormous costs and that such a method is not profitable farming, though it has its value in demonstrating what the soils of the South are capable of doing. Davis Prolific has been selected, bred and developed after a cotton crop, peas or clover, as all practical and economical methods for general farming require.

What Customers Say—There's no better test for any particular article, whether it be seed corn or saw blades, than the actual experience of the users. I can honestly say that I get more genuine testimonials for my Davis Prolific Seed Corn than any other one variety of seed that I distribute. Farmers from all portions of the South, from sections where corn is recognized as a great producing crop and from other portions where corn is not supposed to be the leading producer, and one and

all are loud in their praises of this splendid all-purpose sort. Many have thanked me for bringing them in touch with such a profitable variety. Mr. J. T. Allison, of Texas, wrote me this past season that he had made an average yield of 45 bushels of good, sound grain on a good-sized field and that the crop had no rain after the seed was put into the ground. Another Texas customer in sending us the Premium Ribbons won by his Davis Prolific Corn at a country fair, said: "It was the best corn ever grown on my place. I have never received any better seed of any kind than the seed I have received from you be it corn or vegetables." Mr. Geo. W. May, a good Mississippi farmer, wrote me: "My son, a member of the Boys' Corn Club, raised an acre of Davis Prolific Corn on just fair upland, very little fertilizer, producing 83.3 bushels of corn, with a credit for 10 bushels more for producing at the same time 1,000 pounds of Velvet Beans." A County Demonstration agent in Mississippi wrote

me: "Am sending you a sample of Davis' Prolific Corn produced from seed bought from you. This made 74 bushels to the acre on four acres without any fertilizer." Mr. Ed. Flanigan, a practical Georgia farmer, has written me: "Your Davis Prolific Corn speaks for itself. I exhibited ten ears of the crop I made from your seed at our county fair and won the first prize in the corn department. Two of our customers have reported phenomenal yields, one in Mississippi making 156 bushels to the acre, the other in Louisiana producing 142 bushels on a similar area. While these are exceptional yields they only demonstrate what is possible with selected seed corn of a variety thoroughly adapted to the section and with proper planting, cultivation and attention.

Originator's Stock Only—

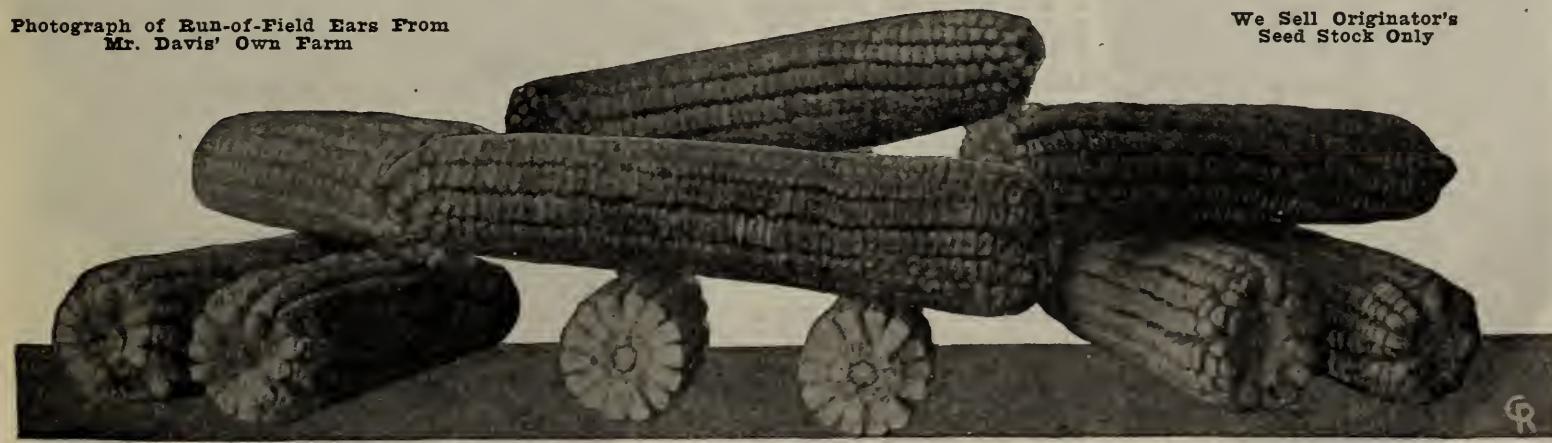
When any practical man originates and develops something that is exceptional and that is of great benefit to his fellow men there is always a host of imitators to step in and try to walk off with unearned profits, obtaining

these profits on the reputation of the originator. This has been true of Davis Prolific Corn. I want my customers to understand that every pound, every peck, every bushel of this famous seed corn that I distribute in this, as in all previous years, comes to me direct from Mr. Clarendon Davis, the originator of the variety. I contract each year for as much of this seed as Mr. Davis can supply me and I have never yet obtained sufficient seed to supply the demand. You can order this seed corn with a full assurance that you will get uncontaminated seed and that it is the true variety right from the seed-breeding farm. I could purchase great quantities of this variety from hundreds of growers but while I realize many of them are good seed corn growers and are thoroughly reputable men, I will not take a chance and obtain my stock from any other than the original source.

Prices: Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c; 5 lbs., 90c; 10 lbs., \$1.75. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.40; bu. (56 lbs.), \$4.00; 2 bu., or more, at \$3.75 per bu.; 10 bu., or more, at \$3.50 per bu. Write for special prices when in the market for large quantities.

We Sell Originator's
Seed Stock Only

Photograph of Run-of-Field Ears From
Mr. Davis' Own Farm



REUTER'S Celebrated Giant Red Cob Corn No. 748 —

Throughout the entire South there is no big-eared corn that equals Reuter's Celebrated Giant Red Cob (illustrated to the left of this page). It is unquestionably the finest large-eared Southern field corn that you can possibly plant for a main crop. This is one of the grandest corns, being large grained, wonderfully productive, high feeding and of exceptional milling value. For ensilage purposes it is absolutely unbeatable. Stalks 9 to 12 feet high, broad, strong and short-pointed, with ears 8 to 12 inches long, 16 to 22 rows, deep grain, pure white, with red cob, averaging two large ears, and sometimes three, with foliage broad leaved and full; in fact, the finest large, white red-cob corn we have ever seen growing in any corn section of this country.

On a five acre field we had 600 bushels, and averaged 90 bushels to the acre of good sound corn on 200 acres planted for seed purposes. One of my Mississippi customers produced 110 bushels to the acre, and another one of my Louisiana friends claims to have 106 bushels to the acre on a ten-acre field. It is medium early, producing thoroughly matured corn in 100-120 days. If you want quality, big yield and corn of the highest germinating vitality, try this superlative quality corn this spring by all means.

Mr. J. N. Tait, of Alabama, says: "I was very pleased with the Giant Red Cob Corn I planted last year. It is by far the most satisfactory variety I've ever planted."

OUR SEED—Strictly Southern Grown, highest vitality, will germinate 95 per cent or better, seed carefully selected from best-yielding stalks, butted and tipped to secure pure-bred, uniform seed only. You'll like this seed. It's the prettiest I've ever seen this year. Order early.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c; postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (56 lbs.), \$4.00; 2 bushels or more at \$3.60 per bushel; 10 bushels or more at \$3.50 per bushel. Write for special prices on large lots.

REUTER'S IOWA GROWN SEED CORN

A great many of our customers prefer Northern-grown seed corn, as it matures very early, and is also good for late planting. For early green feed or silage, nothing can excel these sorts for early planting. The varieties that we offer have been carefully selected for our trade and are recommended to you with full assurance that you'll be pleased. These particular varieties are perfectly adapted to the south, for we have sold them for several years, largely in the vicinity of New Orleans, and the results are always satisfactory. Our seed is grown expressly for us in Iowa, the greatest corn state in the Union, the stock is carefully butted and tipped, put up in even weight two bushel bags. After this stock arrives in New Orleans, every bushel goes through our big electrically operated seed cleaner, so you can't help but get the finest corn you've ever seen. Ideal weather conditions this past season enable us to offer you Iowa Grown Seed Corn that is truly without an equal.

Silver Mine No. 749—Our Iowa-grown Silver Mine Seed Corn is far superior to the ordinary commercial stock offered by other seedsmen. Many large sugar planters in Louisiana buy hundreds of bushels of this stock from us year after year, because of the quality of our seed, and it has never failed to give good results. Our local market gardeners also plant this superfine variety for early roasting ears. For early green feed and silage it is one of the best sorts for you to plant. Stalks medium in height, ranging from 7 to 10 feet, very leafy, broad blades and a lot of them. The type of this corn is very even and uniform; ears run from 9 to 12 inches long; 16 to 22 rows of pure white kernels solidly set on a medium small white cob; ears well filled out at butt end and tip end. Matures in 100 days. For roasting ears, ready in 80 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (56 lbs.), \$3.50; 2 bushels or more at \$3.25 per bushel; 10 bushels or more at \$3.00 per bushel. Write for special prices on larger lots.

Champion White Pearl No. 750—Produces large, uniform, well-filled ears, with large, pure white grains. A field sort and raised extensively for roasting ears by local gardeners.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (56 lbs.), \$3.50; 2 bushels or more at \$3.25 per bu.; 10 bushels or more at \$3.00 per bu. Write for special prices on larger lots.

YELLOW OR GOLDEN DENT SORTS

Early Leaming No. 751—The standard Northern yellow corn for general field purposes in the South; largely planted for early green feed and ensilage. It grows to medium height, from 2 to 12 feet. Very popular in the South especially in Louisiana, Mississippi and other states. Our stock this season is surely fine. Germination 95% or better.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (56 lbs.), \$3.50; 2 bushels or more at \$3.25 per bushel; 10 bushels or more at \$3.00 per bushel. Write for special prices on larger lots.

Reid's Yellow Dent

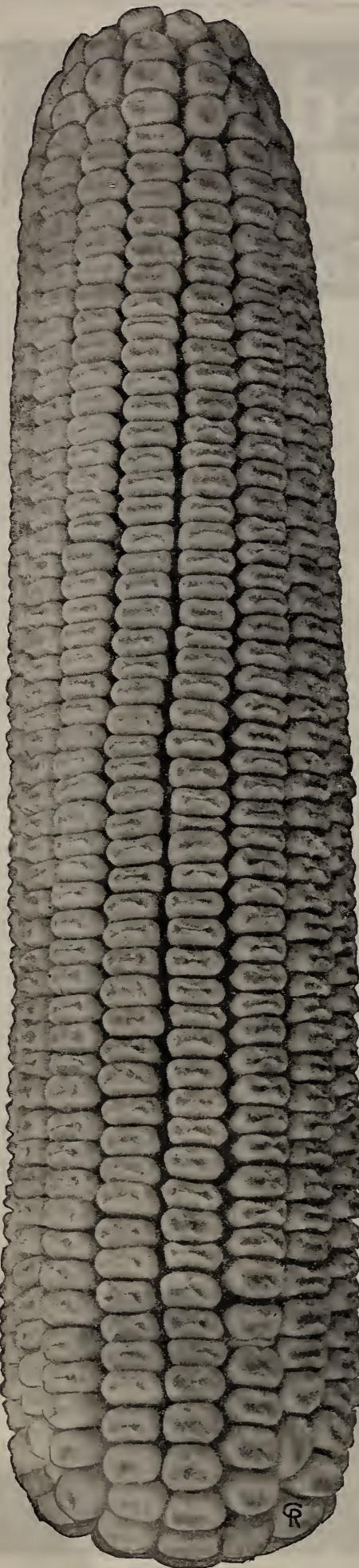
No. 752—One of the most popular corns in the United States, and fastly becoming well known in the South on account of its early maturity. Grains very deep, closely packed; butts and tips almost entirely covered over. Matures in about 110 days.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (56 lbs.), \$3.50; 2 bushels or more at \$3.25 per bushel; 10 bushels or more at \$3.00 per bushel. Write for special prices on larger lots.

Iowa Gold Mine No.

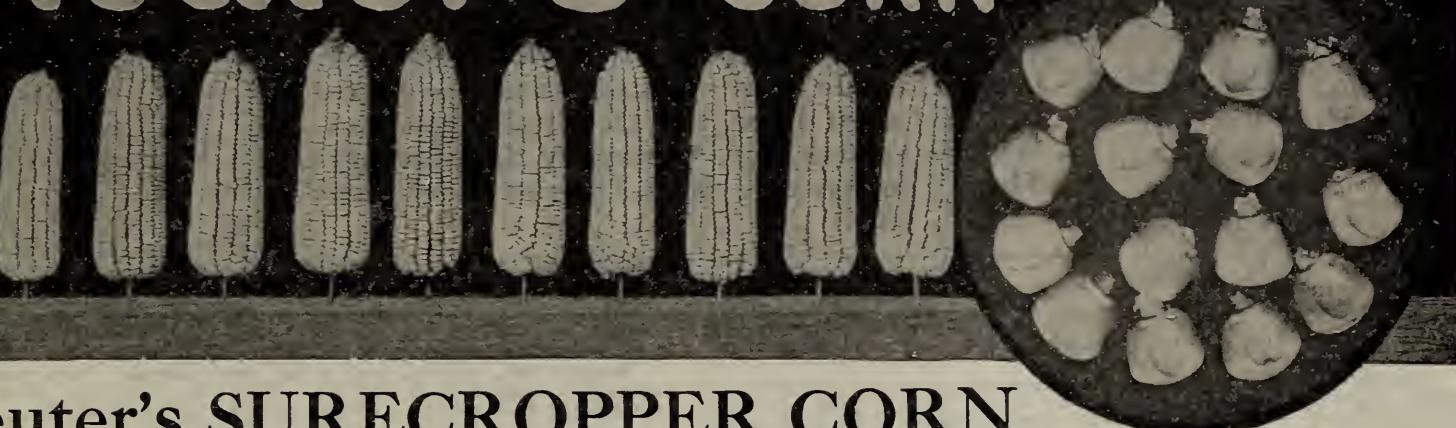
753—Earliest of all Northern Yellows. Pure yellow, deep grains, splendid yielder. This corn is well liked by many planters in the South. It has helped to fill more than one silo, and is largely planted during the early spring for a quick green feed crop. Has been tried all over the South with nothing but the best results.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (56 lbs.), \$3.50; 2 bushels or more at \$3.25 per bushel; 10 bushels or more at \$3.00 per bushel. Write for special prices on larger lots.



Giant Red Cob

Reuter's Surecropper CORN



Reuter's SURECROPPER CORN

NO. 754—Surecropper Corn is taking the place of Mexican June Corn and Hickory King Corn, as it's the quickest maturing corn ever planted in the South. It has large white grains on a white cob. The ears are not so large as some varieties, but Reuter's Surecropper will make a good yield when other corn will fail entirely. It is a sure-crop every time. It usually makes roasting ears in about 60 days and matures in about 110 days. Shells 82 to 85 per cent grain. It is two weeks earlier than common native corn. It is early, like Northern corn, but has a great advantage in its drouth-resisting qualities. It usually yields twice as much as Northern varieties. It is an "early corn" for spring planting or a "quick-maturing" corn for summer planting on stubble lands or potato lands or where cotton has been killed out. Its many good qualities have made it widely popular. It is thoroughly adapted to the South and will do well in every cotton state. It has proved to be a wonderful yielder in Texas and Oklahoma, also in central and northern Louisiana and on up into northern Arkansas. Here is what some of our Southern farmer friends have had to say about Reuter's Surecropper Corn: "I planted Surecropper Corn on May 20th after gathering a crop of potatoes and it made roasting ears in less than 60 days. By planting Surecropper I have made two crops off the same land this season." "I planted Surecropper Corn on July 8th and on August 24th I sold roasting ears from this field." Sixty to eighty bushels to the acre is an every-year occurrence. Many farmers have written us that Surecropper Corn has filled their cribs when other varieties failed. If you want to be sure of a reasonable crop in dry seasons and a bumper crop in favorable seasons, do not fail to plant at least a third or a half of your acreage in Surecropper Corn. We offer nothing but strictly high grade Surecropper Seed Corn, stock procured from the most responsible growers, carefully hand-shelled and graded. You get nothing but good, vigorous, healthy grains. All stock butted and tipped.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (56 lbs.), \$4.00; 2 bu. or more, at \$3.90 per bu.; 10 bu. or more, at \$3.75 per bu. Write for special prices on quantity lots.

Better than Mexican June—A Quick Maturing, Dependable Southern Corn—Resists Heat and Drouth Like Mexican June—Plant Early for Quick Crop—Plant Late for a Follow-Up Crop—Surest and Safest Corn for the Entire South—For Poor Land and Rich Land, for Dry Weather and Wet Weather. Be Sure to Order Early. Five Car Loads Sold Last Year.

Calhoun Red Cob No. 755—

This is undoubtedly the best-known non-prolific variety of corn in Louisiana and Mississippi. Its good qualities as to yield and shelling are well known to practically every farmer. Cobs are usually a deep red in color and the kernels white and yellow. Matures in 130-150 days from planting.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (56 lbs.), \$3.75; 2 bu. or more, at \$3.50 per bu.; 10 bu. or more, at \$3.25 per bu. Write for special prices on quantity lots.

Hickory King No. 756—

This is a white variety of field corn which has the largest grains with the smallest cob of any corn in existence. The grains are so large and cob so extremely small that when ear is broken in two pieces, a single grain will cover completely the cob section. Matures in 100-125 days, depending on weather conditions. It husks and shells easily.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (56 lbs.), \$4.00; 2 bu. or more, at \$3.90 per bu.; 10 bu. or more, at \$3.75 per bu. Write for special prices on quantity lots.

Imperial White No. 757—

The most popular white dent seed corn for the reclaimed lands of Louisiana. It resists drouth and moisture better than any other variety. Does equally well on uplands. It is a large white corn, the ears are from 8 to 10 inches long, having 16 to 20 rows of kernels to the ear, producing an ear that is not unusual to find from 800 to 1,000 well

formed kernels. The cob is rather small, the weight of the ear runs unusually high. The ears are well shucked, protecting the grains from birds, insects and unfavorable weather. As the corn is quite hard, it is highly resistant to weevils. Matures in 110-120 days. Our seed is grown expressly for us in Louisiana by a most responsible farmer.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (56 lbs.), \$4.00; 2 bu. or more, at \$3.90 per bu.; 10 bu. or more, at \$3.75 per bu. Write for special prices on quantity lots.



Reuter's IMPROVED GOLDEN DENT CORN

No. 760—The best high yielding yellow corn for the South—proved by experiment station tests. The original stock of this corn has been improved 15 years for Southern planting. It is now the most popular Yellow Dent Corn with farmers in the Southwest, and will eventually be planted upon thousands of acres throughout every part of the Cotton Belt.

It is a medium early variety, usually maturing from 120 to 130 days from planting. The ears are blocky and well shaped (note photographic reproductions on bottom of page), usually 7 to 10 inches long and about the same in circumference. It will mature considerably in advance of the ordinary southern varieties. It makes a strong stalk that stands up well in stormy weather. The ears are surely beautiful, 80 to 88 per cent grain and you will find that a large number of the stalks will bear two ears. The legal standard calls for 80 per cent grain.

Reuter's Improved Golden Dent is a good yielder, on uplands and makes splendid crops of large ears on bottom lands. This corn has been developed and tested so many years side by side with other selected varieties, that there is no question about its adaptability and dependability. It has been tested by Experiment Stations of several states and it has led in yield and quality of ear and grain, so often, that it has become the most sought after Yellow Dent Corn in several Southern States.

Yields 75 to 80 bushels to the acre easily. It is a high yielder on uplands and produces magnificent results on bottom lands, as I have mentioned above. It will produce abundant yields of fine heavy corn in Arkansas, Mississippi, Louisiana, Alabama and Texas, as well as other Southern States.

Highest field yields in experiment station tests. One of our customers writes: "This corn is better than any other yellow corn I ever planted. It makes a good stalk and a good sized ear, and it is a fast grower. While I haven't gathered my crop yet, a careful estimate is that I'll gather 70 bushels an acre and it might run over 75 bushels." Enthusiastic letters of this kind from farmers in the several Southern States compelled us to secure a stock of this wonderful yellow corn, and we have obtained our seed from the most responsible and careful growers of seed corn in Texas. Our stock is an improved strain of Ferguson's Yellow Dent or King's Golden, the corn is selected, nubbed and tipped, shelled by hand, and carefully graded—the largest, plumpest kernels being used entirely for our stock. Crop Improvement Associations and Experiment Stations in Texas, Arkansas and Louisiana recommend this type as the best standard Yellow Dent Corn for the South. You can readily see that this is an unusual corn.

We have fine new crop seed corn ready for use. Practically all seed of Golden Dent Corn offered in the South is Northern Grown and is not acclimated, so seldom makes good in the crop. Our stock is grown specially for our trade in the best producing sections of Texas and will please you and make you a sure-crop for early use. Our stock is hand shelled and graded. Our growers of this wonderful yellow corn select our seed corn from stalks in the field. As much attention is devoted to developing good stalk characteristics as to improve good ear quality. Only good sound ears are taken from healthy stalks. Frankly, we believe that our particular stock of this well-known yellow variety is as good, if not better, than anything ever offered to farmers in the South.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (56 lbs.), \$4.00; 2 bu. or more, at \$3.90 per bu.; 10 bu. or more, at \$3.75 per bu. Write for special prices on quantity lots.

Reuter's Improved Golden Dent Corn

A Hardy Texas Grown Yellow Corn Almost the Same as Ferguson's Yellow Dent or King's Golden—Our Stock is an Improved Type of This Variety grown Expressly for Our Critical Trade in the Cotton States—Carefully Selected from the Original Type and Will Be Found More Generally Satisfactory Than The Average Seed Offered Elsewhere

Mexican June (Genuine) No. 758

This dependable variety, largely planted late in the spring throughout the cotton belt, originally came from Mexico. It is largely used for planting after oats and wheat. We do not advise sowing before May 1st if grain is wanted and it can be planted as late as August 15th with good results. The stalks are usually short, although early planting makes stalks 12 to 15 feet high, leaves four to six feet long. The roots run deep and spread, so that it is a splendid drouth resister. Ears 8 to 9 inches long, grains short to medium, cobs medium in size, and while usually white, occasionally you'll find a red cob and a few blue grains. This apparent mixture of color is peculiar to many varieties of Mexican corn. Mighty fine for "roasting ears" for use right up to frost.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c; postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.35; bu. (56 lbs.), \$4.50; 2 bu. or more, at \$4.40 per bu.; 10 bu. or more, at \$4.25 per bu.

Rockdale No. 761—A large-eared variety that is splendid for a main crop. Cob is small and white, with long, slightly dented, deep white grains. Once in a while a slightly red cob will be found. Ears 10 to 13 inches long, weighing 1 to 1 1/4 lbs. Very flinty for a dent corn. Medium early for a main crop. Makes excellent meal and for a good big ear general purpose main crop it is hard to beat. For the bottom lands in the Central South, for the black waxy lands of Texas, for the delta lands of Louisiana and Mississippi, and any rich or highly fertilized uplands, there is no big eared corn that equals Rockdale.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c; postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (14 lbs.), \$1.35; bu. (56 lbs.), \$4.00; 2 bu. or more, at \$3.90 per bu.; 10 bu. or more, at \$3.75 per bu. Write for special prices on quantity lots.



Reuter's Selected Cotton Seed

Georgia - Carolina Grown - Officially Inspected
and Passed as Free From Pink Boll Worm

Wannamaker's Improved Pedigreed Cleveland

Big Boll Cotton No. 779—Our Pedigree-Cleveland is a new variety and entirely different and far superior to the original Cleveland or other strains of the Cleveland. For many years we have endeavored to secure a superlative strain of Big Boll Cotton that would eclipse anything in the way of cotton varieties, and feel justified in offering you this pure-bred type of wonderful Big Boll Cotton, for it is heads and shoulders above any sort we've ever handled.

Our stock is Pedigreed. Every plant that is grown this year, or years to come, can be traced back through record yielding plants to the single superior plant selected in 1908, when our careful growers began to breed this variety to the exclusion of all others, by means of the stalk-to-row plat and breeding plots, from single-stalk-selection, which enables our seed to give more uniform and satisfactory results than other strains. Every stalk grows, fruits and lints alike; the field is uniform in growth and height, something beautiful to behold and to be proud of.

The breeding methods are thorough and systematic. They insure that our Pedigree Cleveland is not only kept up to its present standard of productivity, but is improved and bettered from year to year. It is only by persistent and skillful selection and cultivation that a variety can be kept up and improved. There is a constant tendency to revert, or go back, to a former or less excellent type.

It is earlier than other strains, with greater productivity and therefore better than any other cotton, either for boll weevil or no boll weevil. It is free from disease, because it is selected for immunity. Not a diseased plant is saved, but discarded.

The percent of lint, its crowning point, is from three to six per cent higher than other strains of the same cotton. This not only makes it more productive, but reduces the cost of picking and impoverishes the soil less.

Description of plant—
Each pedigree and true to type throughout; weed growth unlike other strains—medium to small, strong, erect, and as broad as high, three to four primary limbs from low down; fruit spurs numerous, long and closely jointed; bolls equidistant and evenly distributed over the entire plant, as thickly set as the bolls of

small-balled cotton, large 50 to 55 average size bolls to the pound, open perfectly, five-locked, easy to pick, with storm resistance, free from boll-rot; lint of fine quality and one inch in length; seed of medium size, grey, fuzzy; foliage medium to light, dark green; very early and sets fruit closely and rapidly from bottom to top crop, which is never caught by frost, and can be picked early in boll weevil territory in order to destroy stalks early.

At the Georgia Experiment Station, since 1916, when it was first tested, Cleveland has averaged first in close competitive tests with the cream of twenty to thirty-four other prominent varieties. At the Mississippi Experiment Station it averaged first with the same competition during the years 1906, 1907 and 1908. Besides taking the highest rank of the first importance, namely productivity, it also had the advantage of being early; of large bolls, making it easy to pick; and of quality and length of staple, etc. Col. R. J. Redding, former director of the Georgia Station, after seventeen years' experience testing varieties of cotton, pronounced Cleveland "Best 'all-round' variety I have ever tested."

The Georgia Experiment Station on test had Cleveland Big Boll heading a list of 20 varieties, as producing 2,852 pounds of seed cotton per acre; 37 per cent lint; 1,055 pounds of lint per acre; 76 bolls per pound of cotton.

Besides the advantages of the greatest productivity, highest percentage of lint, big bolls, etc., of our Pedigree-Cleveland it has special advantages over other strains for boll weevil territory. Its advantage as to earliness is equal to that of Kings, Simpkins, and other similar varieties, with much greater productivity, and ease of picking on account of large bolls. It is not only much earlier, but on account of its being a pedigree cotton, each plant matures early and opens over the entire plant at the same time. This unquestioned uniformity is an added advantage in gathering up all the cotton early and plowing under the stalks.

Prices: By mail, postpaid: 1 lb., 30c; 3 lbs., 75c. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (7½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (30 lbs. Louisiana Legal Weight), \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$19.00; 10 bu., \$26.00; 50 bu., or more, at \$2.50 per bu. Ask for special freight rates on cotton seed to your point from New Orleans, the greatest cotton market in the U. S. A.

Hawkins' Prolific Big Boll Cotton— (Originator's Pure-Bred Seed Only) No. 780

An extra early-extra-prolific, big boll cotton that has proved to be a mainstay in all cotton states. It gets ahead of the boll weevil every time, and has proved to be a money maker for many cotton planters in the South. Why plant scrub seed when you can take the best cotton in the world, such as Hawkins' Prolific Big Boll, and at a small cost per acre almost double your yields? This is one of the earliest, most prolific, easiest picked and of most superior lint, and finest staple; tall-growing, long taproot, resisting drought; from two to four limbs near the surface branching two short limbs together all the way up to the top, all literally covered with big, white bolls; light foliage, large bolls, small seed, light gray or dark green, yielding 38 to 40 per cent lint, and sometimes even more. Opens well, growing much taller than other sorts, giving every advantage over other varieties in yield per acre. On the short fruited limbs of the Hawkins Cotton near the bottom and the middle of the stalks will be found growing two bolls opposite each other on the same limb, and very often eight to ten bolls can be covered with the span of the hand on the same limb. Sometimes called the Double-Jointed Cotton. Well adapted to all soils. With proper fertilization and cultivation will produce as many as three bales to the acre. It has received the first prize at the Georgia State Fair. Every sack we sell comes direct from Mr. Hawkins—you secure from us nothing but the originator's pedigree seed.

Prices: By mail, postpaid, 1 lb., 30c; 3 lbs., 75c. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (7½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (30 lbs.), \$3.25; 100 lbs., \$10.00; 10 bu., \$27.50; 50 bu., or more, at \$2.60 bu. Write for special freight rates to your point.

Extra Early Varieties for Boll Weevil Sections

Early King No. 781—I believe that this one variety of cotton has done more towards helping the South combat the boll weevil than any other agency that has been employed. There are many varieties of cotton on the market, and a number of them are thoroughly reliable when average conditions of fertility, rainfall and climate are considered. However, since the advent of the boll weevil all other conditions have become secondary to this devastating pest. A cotton which is not a quick and prolific boll maker cannot produce a paying crop in boll weevil districts, because the only practical and certain way to whip the boll weevil is to plant a hardy, prolific and quick-maturing variety, and rush it through to maturity before many generations of boll weevil have had time to come forth. Reuter's Early King Cotton is just such a cotton. It has been making a good crop wherever planted, in spite of the boll weevil. It required fifteen years of selecting, proving and re-selecting before our grower succeeded in perfecting this wonderful improved cotton. A small boll, short staple variety, very early, very prolific; it beats the weevil to a frazzle. This cotton is today the peer of any cotton, for it blooms in 60 days and is ready for picking in about 115 to 120 days. I urge you to place your order with me as early as possible, as the indications point to a big demand, and it is problematical whether there will be a sufficient quantity of strictly high-grade North Carolina seed to fill all orders. This is the earliest, most prolific, most perfect bred, and has the largest yield of lint cotton on record in the Cotton Belt. It has held the record as the best boll weevil dodger cotton yet produced, and will so long as time lasts be one of the most dependable sorts to plant in the South. There is no excuse for a person planting poor seed of anything, and as cotton is the money crop of the South, it is really a disgrace for any man to plant any but good cotton seed. I sell you this variety with every assurance that it will make a bale to the acre, provided the right kind of cultivation, fertilization and care is taken in producing the crop.

Prices: By mail postpaid, lb., 30c; 3 lbs., 75c; not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (7½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (30 lbs.), \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$8.50; 10 bu., \$2.50 per bu.; 50 bu. or more at \$2.40 per bu. Write for special prices on ton lots.

Simpkin's Prolific (Ideal) No. 782—A medium size boll, very prolific, quick maturing variety that is well adapted to boll weevil sections. This variety is the nearest absolute storm-proof cotton grown at the northern edge of the belt. It grows a strong, hardy weed, limbs out close to the ground, and fruits early and heavily. It should be planted in not less than 5-foot rows and plants spaced from 18 to 24 inches apart in boll weevil sections. This character of planting gives the plant ample room, and with its scant foliage plenty of sunshine gets to all parts of the plant, which retards the activity of the weevil. Eighty days from planting to boll. This cotton has become well known throughout the South, and extended description is unnecessary. Simpkins is acknowledged to be the hardiest, most uniform in maturity and the earliest of all varieties, with the possible exception of my Early King. Simpkins has produced as much as three bales to the acre, averaging 40 per cent lint, and in tests made at the Arkansas Experiment Station it averaged first out of twenty-eight varieties. I have not enough seed of any variety to fill all our orders this year, but I want you to plant only good cotton seed of standard varieties this and every year. Send your order in very early so as to get a start with this cotton this year. We will fill all orders until all seed is sold.

Prices: By mail postpaid, lb., 30c; 3 lbs., 75c. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (7½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (30 lbs.), \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$8.50; 10 bushels, \$2.50 per bushel; 50 bushels or more at \$2.40 per bushel. Write for special prices on ton lots.

Bank Account No. 783—This is one of the earliest, extra prolific, boll-weevil-resistant varieties for you to plant this year. It gets ahead of the boll weevil every time. It is worth millions of dollars to the cotton planters in boll weevil sections. It opens earlier than other extra earlies, and it doesn't blow out or drop out as quickly. It's a heavier bearer, and makes better and longer lint. It roots deeply, resisting both drought and storms. It branches well and has light, open foliage, letting in the sun to all parts of the plant. It doesn't have dense shade for the boll weevil to hide away in. It fruits from the ground to the top. Contains 40 to 43 per cent lint. This cotton has been tried under all kinds of soils and conditions from one end of the South to the other, in uplands and in bottoms, and it has made good everywhere it has been planted. You can't find a harder, more vigorous, more prolific cotton than Bank Account.

Prices: By mail postpaid—Lb., 30c; 3 lbs., 75c. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (7½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (30 lbs.), \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$8.50; 10 bushels, \$2.50 per bushel; 50 bushels or more at \$2.40 per bushel. Write for special prices on ton lots.

Money Maker No. 784—An excellent early variety for boll weevil districts. A short staple, but heavy yielder, 40 per cent lint. Money Maker Cotton was justly named. It has certainly been a money maker for many a planter this season. We have just received lots of reports of a half and three-fourths of a bale to the acre, right in boll weevil sections. Money Maker is an early cotton, the growing type of which is small, somewhat on the order of the King or Simpkins, and it matures about one week later than these two varieties. It is a heavy yielder and gives excellent "turn-out" of lint. Our seed is furnished by experts.

Prices: By mail postpaid—Lb., 30c; 3 lbs., 75c. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (7½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (30 lbs.), \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$8.50; 10 bushels, \$2.50 per bushel; 50 bushels or more at \$2.40 per bushel. Write for special prices on ton lots.

Toole's Prolific No. 785—Extremely prolific, matures early and holds on fruiting until late. A few days later than King's; but is taller, more prolific, more limby, lint longer, bigger balled than King's. Recommended and distributed in boll weevil sections by the United States Government. Gins 40 to 42 per cent. Bolls weigh 87 to pound. Height 3.63 feet. Small seed. We offer the finest North Carolina grown seed.

Prices: By mail, postpaid—Lb., 30c; 3 lbs., 75c. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (7½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (30 lbs.), \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$8.50; 10 bushels, \$2.50 per bushel; 50 bushels or more at \$2.40 per bushel. Write for special prices on ton lots.

LONG STAPLE COTTON SEED—Improved Express No. 787

This is a remarkable variety that has made good in very cotton state in the South. It is one of the quickest maturing, heaviest yielding staple cottons I know of. It has been the idea with a great many farmers of the South that it was impossible to get a staple cotton that would mature early enough to make under boll weevil conditions. Express Cotton has already dispelled this belief from the minds of thousands of farmers, and never before have I seen a variety of cotton meet with such general satisfaction. It resists boll weevils and disease and contains 40 per cent lint. Express Cotton Seed which we are offering this season was grown exclusively for us by a most responsible farmer and is absolutely true to type and unmixed with any other variety. The seed we offer you is absolutely pure, and, in addition, is improved by expert breeding and selection.

Prices: By mail, postpaid, lb., 40c; 3 lbs., \$1.00. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (7½ lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (30 lbs.), \$3.50; 10 bu., \$32.50; 50 bu. or more, at \$3.00 per bu.

Webber 49 No. 786—This is one of the very best long staple cotton, as it is a heavy fruiting variety, making quality lint 1½ to 1¾ inches in length. It matures early and is extensively planted. One of our customers in Mississippi sold his entire crop of Webber 49 at 75c per pound when ordinary short staple stock was bringing 39c on the New Orleans market. Why not plant cotton which will bring 25c to 30c per pound more? You can produce as much cotton to the acre by planting long staple as you can short staple cotton, and the returns are surely much greater.

Prices: By mail, postpaid, lb., 40c; 3 lbs., \$1.00. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (7½ lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (30 lbs.), \$3.75; 10 bu., \$35.00; 50 bu. or more at \$3.25 per bu.

62

Simpkin's Prolific Cotton



Improved Express Cotton



Reuter's Pedigreed Cane Seed for Syrup Making

We are making a specialty this year of supplying our thousands of customers throughout the South with Pedigreed Syrup Cane seed. This seed is offered to you in two distinct types and varieties: Reuter's Syrup Cane Seed and Japanese Honey Cane Seed. We have procured our stocks of these two highly valuable syrup varieties from the most dependable source in this country. For twenty years our growers have been growing these two heavy-yielding syrup sorts for syrup purposes exclusively. These varieties are planted every year in separate and distinct fields. Their purity is kept intact and their productiveness, in yields of gallons of sorghum per ton, and the purity of the syrup produced, is increased year by year by careful analysis of individual stalks of cane and by planting the cane from hand selections of seed heads in the fields. By painstaking methods they have developed pure varieties that run true with hardly any variations. They mature in fixed periods which is very important to farmers making syrup. They display different characteristics of stalks, seed heads, drouth and wind resistancy. The nature of the lands proves one variety a greater tonnage producer than another. The seed heads very in form, shape, productiveness and color. Both varieties will produce rich and fine flavored syrup.

Handling only their own seed, grown expressly by contract farmers, or on their own lands by themselves, curing it properly, preliminary to stacking, then preserving it under roof until it has gone through the sweat, thereupon thrashing it with their own machinery, and finally subjecting it to recleaning processes by sensitive air and screen separations—the result is seed of the highest germinating power and scrupulously clean. This hand-picked, pedigree seed is offered to you this season in two varieties. Be sure to include some of this exceptionally fine seed in your order this year.

Culture—Plant either of these two pedigree syrup varieties on rich land during March, April or May, according to location, in rows $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet apart at the rate of 12 to 15 pounds of seed to the acre. Cultivate like corn and chop out like cotton, leaving plants about 10 to 12 inches apart in the row. The best time to cut for making syrup is just before the seeds ripen, as the plants have more saccharine at that state of growth. If, however, it is your intention to save the seed, let the plant mature and cut when it is entirely ripe. The seed heads should be cut and cured in the field.

Both of these syrup varieties produce an immense yield of fodder. Some farmers who plant for syrup, do not pull the fodder, but run the plant and fodder through a cane crusher, thereby saving labor. This method of crushing the cane may cause the syrup to be a little darker in color than if the fodder is pulled. Seed should not be run through crusher after they ripen.

Reuter's Pedigreed Syrup Cane Seed No. 897—On account of the many kinds and types of seed ribbon canes offered throughout the South under the name of Texas Seeded Ribbon Cane, we are offering you our Pedigreed Red X strain of Seeded Ribbon Cane this year as Reuter's Syrup Cane. Most of the so-called Texas Seeded Ribbon Cane Seed is inferior grades of Japanese Cane Seed, whereas others offer mixed Orange Seed as this variety, or as Syrup Cane Seed. Thirty acres of this splendid variety produced from our seed last year averaged 20 tons per acre. This is an early maturing variety; makes a large stalk and fully 50 per cent more fodder than the ordinary commercial sorghums. We candidly believe that this is the best syrup maker ever offered in the South. It is an all around good sorghum, outyielding anything we know of for syrup, silage, fodder and seed. Reuter's Syrup Cane is a wonderful syrup producer, and everyone of our customers can depend upon this stock to the fullest extent.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over, at 22c per lb.; 50-lb. lots or over, at 20c per lb., 100-lb. lots or over, at 18c per lb.

Reuter's Pedigreed Japanese Honey Cane Seed No.

898—A splendid syrup making variety that matures a little later than Reuter's Pedigreed Syrup Cane. If you want a syrup sorghum that yields high in syrup, you cannot do better than plant this variety. Our true variety of this heavy-yielding syrup sorghum will produce 25 to 30 tons of green fodder per acre. Some of our customers claim to have made 500 gallons of syrup off one acre. The most striking feature about this splendid cane is the exquisitely delicious flavor of the molasses, though the delicate light color also has something to do with it; matures in 120 to 125 days. It sends up 2 to 4 stalks, which reach a height of 11 to 15 feet.

Considering the adaptability of this sweet sorghum to a wide range of soils, which will not produce Louisiana Ribbon Cane with any profit at all, and in addition to this, a superiority of flavor which is putting molasses made from this cane on the same basis with that from the Louisiana cane, we cannot help feeling that the problem of a molasses cane has at last been solved for the farmers of the South. Mr. H. L.

Ellington, a good customer of ours from Mississippi, wrote us claiming from 50 pounds of seed to have produced 1,000 gallons of syrup which sold from 55c to 65c per gallon. When you order this variety of us, you get seed that is dependable, thoroughly recleaned, hand-picked from selected seed heads.

Prices: Pkt., 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over, at 22c per lb.; 50-lb. lots or over, at 20c per lb., 100-lb. lots or over, at 18c per lb.

SORGHUM AND CANE SEED FOR FORAGE PURPOSES

The planting of sorghum throughout the South for forage and hay crops is on the increase. Can be planted either alone or mixed with cowpeas. The sorghum plant is a strong, rapid grower, and a greedy feeder, so it succeeds best on a deep, rich moist soil. The seed can be planted in drills 2 to 3 feet apart and the crop cultivated, or may be sown broadcast. Use 10 to 15 pounds per acre in drills; 50 lbs. when broadcasted for forage; if sown broadcast with peas, use about 25 lbs. with 60 lbs. of peas. We obtain our stocks of sorghum for forage and hay purposes from the most reliable sources. Each lot is analyzed for purity and germination before sold. Every bag is recleaned through our big, electric seed cleaners. When you buy sorghum seed from Reuter's you get nothing but thoroughly recleaned seed of quality.

Early Amber No 901—The leading and most popular saccharine sorghum for early green hay green or cured, which is relished by all stock.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 10c; lb., 20c; 2 lbs., 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (50 lbs.), \$2.75; 100 lbs., \$5.25.

Early Orange No. 899—With taller and heavier stalks than the Early Amber, although not quite as early or as popular. A splendid producer.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 10c; lb., 20c; 2 lbs., 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (50 lbs.), \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$5.50.

Red Top (Summac) No. 902—A very valuable variety, largely planted in Southwest Texas. Later, larger growth and better drouth resister than either the Orange or Amber.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 10c; lb., 20c; 2 lbs., 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (50 lbs.), \$3.25; 100 lbs., \$6.00.

Broom Corn (Evergreen) No. 723—A fine crop for dry land farming where there is a market for the straw for brooms. It has practically no feed value.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 10c; lb., 20c; 2 lbs., 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (50 lbs.), \$3.50; 100 lbs., \$6.50.

Reuter's Pedigreed Japanese Honey Cane



There should be more Kaffir Corn, Milo Maize, etc., planted in the South every year. The feed item on your farm is no doubt one of your most serious problems, and from experience you realize that if you buy feed it makes a big hole in your bank account. GROW YOUR OWN FEED.

Recleaned Seed—My seed is absolutely free from dirt and trash. It is thoroughly recleaned by the most up-to-date machinery, and all foreign grains and weeds removed before it is sold to you. My stocks are all thoroughly acclimated. Write us for delivered prices when ready to buy. We can often save you money by making our quotations at planting time.

Non-Saccharine-Sorghums—All the following varieties of sorghum succeed in the driest season. When common corn will fail entirely for want of rain, these plants simply stop, wait for the rain, and then go and make a full crop. In weight of grain they will make more per acre than the same land will make corn. In the way of dry forage they give enormous returns, at a cost less than the cost of gathering alone of fodder corn. Cultivated the same as corn. They will grow on any land where corn will and on many lands too poor for corn. As soon as the seed begins to glaze, commence to cut and stock. It usually requires one week of good hot sunshine to cure the hay. The main point is to cure the hay so that it will not sour when stacked or stored away. The seeds may be threshed by running the stalks through a threshing machine, from which all but one row of the concave teeth are removed. Prices fluctuate and are subject to market changes.

White Kaffir Corn No. 891—

This variety grows from four to eight feet tall, making a straight, upright growth. It has a strong stem with enormous wide leaves. The stalks keep green and are brittle, making excellent fodder, either green or dried, which is highly relished by cattle and horses. The heads, which are formed in the top of the stalks, range in length from six to fifteen inches. As early as these heads begin to show development, the joints next below the top send out seed heads, so that the crop yields an enormous amount of seed. Where the seed is the object it will be well to cut out the first or top heads as soon as they are ripe, as this will cause a better development of the second crop of heads. For the grain sow in rows three feet apart 10 pounds to the acre. For fodder, sow from one-half to one bushel to the acre, either broadcast or in drills.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 10c; 1b., 20c; 2 lbs., 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (50 lbs.), \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$5.50.

Red Kaffir No. 892—This variety grows taller than the White, the stalks are more slender but more juicy and very leafy. The heads grow long and slender and measure from 12 to 18 inches in length. The seeds are red, smaller than the White and rather hard and brittle. It does well on poor land and yields much heavier, even on thin soil.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 10c; 1b., 20c; 2 lbs., 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (50 lbs.), \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$5.50.

Jerusalem Corn (White Durra) No. 893—

This is very similar in every respect to the Dwarf White Milo Maize and has the same drouth-resisting habits. It is considered by some of the greatest drouth-resister of all the sorghums. The seed of this corn is flat and nearly white, while the seed of nearly all the other sorghums is round. Grows five feet high, makes one large head on main shoot and several smaller ones on side shoots. The leaf development is about equal to the Kaffir Corn. Everything considered, it is regarded as one of the most profitable plants

for dry-land farming. From five to six pounds of seed will sow an acre.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 10c; 1b., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.50; bu. (50 lbs.), \$5.00; 100 lbs., \$9.00.

Feterita No. 894, the Great Drouth Crop—

A truly grand forage plant that was brought from Egypt in 1907. Similar to Kaffir Corn in general habit, but grows a little taller and produces larger heads, standing erect. The stalks bear ten to twelve leaves and the heads are well filled with pure white or bluish white seeds. The grain is larger than that of Milo and softer than Kaffir. It is about a month earlier than Kaffir and yields considerably more. Eighty bushels to the acre was reported to us in 1917. When corn will burn up on account of heat, Feterita will flourish. Sow in rows like Kaffir Corn. It requires about 8 to 10 pounds to sow an acre. There was surely a big demand for Feterita the past few years and our supply last year was exhausted long before the actual planting season was over. It is, therefore, to your interest to purchase your supply as early as possible, so you won't be disappointed. Our seed is all recleaned in our own warehouse, carefully tested and proved before it is sold to you. Why don't you buy some from us this year?

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 10c; 1b., 20c; 2 lbs., 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (50 lbs.), \$3.25; 100 lbs., \$6.00.

Egyptian Wheat (Shallu) No. 895—

It is a variety of sorghum that is wonderfully prolific and should be planted the same way, either for grain or hay. It grows remarkably well with little moisture. The great value is in the seed which is most excellent for food for the poultry, and in fact all stock on the farm. Fifty to 100 bushels of seed may be grown to an acre. It should be threshed as wheat or other grain. It would prove far more valuable to grind the seed for all stock except poultry. As it contains 80 per cent of the feeding value of our common corn as a food for stock, it can be made far more valuable as a stock food on many farms than our common corn. Even if the farmer does not want to grow it for the farm stock, he should plant a sufficient acreage for making an ample supply for all poultry on the farm. It is planted once and then cut the same as sorghum or Milo Maize. If it is used for fodder purposes, it may be cut about three times a year, yielding in the three cuttings from seven to eight tons per acre. Grows six to eight feet high. Plant it from January until July. In drills use two pounds to the acre; when sowing broadcast, one and one-half to three bushels per acre.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 10c; 1b., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.50; bu. (50 lbs.), \$5.00; 100 lbs., \$9.00.

Genuine Dwarf Milo Maize No. 896

Grows only about four feet high and makes a small stalk, as compared with the old type of Milo Maize. The stalks are short, but large, and stand up remarkably well. The heads are large; so are the seeds. Earlier than the Kaffir Corn and Standard Milo Maize. The yield is from 60 to 100 bushels to the acre. It is straight-necked variety, which is a valuable feature in gathering, feeding and cutting the heads. It will stand greater drouth than any other sorghum, and for that reason is admirably adapted to dry farming. Should be extensively grown; in fact, every farmer should plant a few acres, for if drouth comes he will be sure of feed. Should be planted about the 1st of April until August 1st. Every animal on the farm, from the hen to the horse, will eat and fatten on the seed.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 10c; 1b., 20c; 2 lbs., 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (50 lbs.), \$3.00; 100 lbs., \$5.50.



Feterita

REUTER'S RECLEANED CLOVER SEED



Baling Alfalfa Hay Produced From Reuter's Peerless Brand Alfalfa Seed

A Business Proposition —

I have become such a "crank" on the subject of supplying my trade with clover and farm seeds of quality and cleanliness that many tell me it is my hobby, but I am frank to tell you it is merely a plain business proposition. If I con-

tract and purchase a lot of seed from a grower and find the delivered product quality all the way through I have confidence in that fellow and I'm ready and anxious to buy from him again. I figure that the practical farmer does business on the same sensible basis. Therefore, I equipped my establishment with the best electrical cleaners that I could find, and every lot of field seed that comes in my warehouse is thoroughly cleaned, so that my customers will receive nothing but clean, plump, plantable and productive seed.

Lespedeza or Japan Clover No. 733 — This is without a doubt the best clover to plant in the South during the spring months, and has proved itself to be one of the greatest wealth producers of this section. Unfortunately, the seed crop for several consecutive seasons has been almost a total failure, and thoroughly good, high-germinating seed is critically scarce and naturally high in price. The supply of virile seed has been so short that it will probably require several years before the Lespedeza acreage is again back to normal. It's a great crop and the wise planter will sow some no matter what the price. It should be planted at the rate of one bushel to the acre, during February and March, or even as late as April and into May. Sow it broadcast on growing grain, if you like. If sown on sod, the land should first be scarified with a disk harrow in order to give the seed a good seed bed. It thrives on very poor soils and continually improves them, at the same time yielding a highly profitable and nutritious forage. It will yield as high as four tons to the acre, and frequently more. Many of my best customers sow Lespedeza in February in their fall planted oats.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 15c; 1 lb., 50c; 2 lbs., 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots, or over, at 35c per lb.; 100-lb. lots, or over, at about 30c per lb. Write for special prices when ready to buy.

ALFALFA — the Money Crop No. 701 — My Peerless New Mexico Alfalfa Seed, a variety that has more than made good in Louisiana, Mississippi and other adjacent States, has completely reorganized many a farm in this section, brought increased money profits and saved much real money that formerly was spent for feed. There isn't any question but that alfalfa is the greatest forage crop grown, and any farm that can produce it—and the farm that cannot is rare—is not realizing its full possibilities without this splendid crop. Many of those who have been the most successful with my seed were doubters and scoffers of alfalfa because they had formerly tried out only Northern and Western alfalfa seed that was never adapted to this section.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 15c; 1 lb., 50c; 2 lbs., 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots, or over, at 35c per lb.; 100-lb. lots, or over, at about 30c per lb. Write for special prices when ready to buy.

Reuter's Hairy Peruvian Alfalfa Seed No. 702 —

This is truly a wonderful variety and I have known it to produce three tons more to the acre than ordinary alfalfa planted alongside of it. It is of a long-season sort, especially adapted to the South and Southwest, is a vigorous grower, will thrive at a temperature 10 degrees colder than common alfalfa and will only winter-kill at 10 degrees Fahrenheit or less. At least five pounds more seed to the acre should be sown than other varieties, for it is necessary to have a thick stand to produce good hay. Plants grow taller, stems larger, grayish green leaves, and should be cut early. It will yield an extra cutting in a season, from one to three tons more hay in a season, over other sorts, and will supply winter pasture for hogs and cattle. It recovers quickly after cutting and on poor or sandy land will give cuttings where other varieties fail. It is impossible to distinguish

Hairy Peruvian seed from other varieties so care should be used in handling and planting the seed. My stock is genuine and of exceptional quality.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 20c; 1 lb., 60c; 2 lbs., \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots, or over, at 55c per lb.; 100-lb. lots, or over, at about 45c per lb. When ready to buy, write for our best prices.

Red Clover No. 737 — Southern farmers are fast realizing the great value of this crop for pasture for hay, as a soil-ing crop and for fertilizing, but many have yet to learn the importance of quality in clover seeds. I guarantee my Red Clover Seed 98 per cent pure, or over. I am selling an increasing quantity each year, and my customers report most satisfactory results. This variety is largely planted in Louisiana, Mississippi, Georgia and other Southern States, being admirably adapted to the hill parts of the South, especially the valley lands of North Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and States farther North. It makes two or more cuttings of hay each season, and is fine for pasture in a combination with other clovers and grasses. Sow seed during the fall and spring, at the rate of 12 to 15 pounds to the acre. A bushel weighs 60 pounds. Write for prices when ready to buy in quantity.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 20c; 1 lb., 60c; 2 lbs., \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots, or over, at 45c per lb.; 100-lb. lots, or over, at about 40c per lb.

White Clover No. 734 — This is a small, hardy, perennial, spreading clover. While it makes fine pasture, yet it is of too small growth to permit of its making hay. It is frequently sown with other clovers and grasses where a fine pasture is wanted. Mixed with lawn grass, it helps to establish a quick, permanent turf, grows about four inches high, and is hardy under all conditions. When sown alone, use 12 to 15 pounds per acre; but when sown with other grasses and clover, half this amount will be sufficient.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 25c; 1 lb., 80c; 2 lbs., \$1.50, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots, or over, at 65c per lb. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.

Alsyke Clover No. 736 — Under ordinary conditions it grows from one to two feet high, and is valuable for pasture and soiling. The stems are thinner than those of Red Clover and the leaves are more numerous, making hay of a finer texture. It has no equal for growing on wet, marshy soils, where no other clover will grow. It is not suited for dry soils. The acreage in Louisiana is increasing each year. Sow 10 to 12 pounds to the acre during fall and spring.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 20c; 1 lb., 60c; 2 lbs., \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots, or over, at about 45c per lb.; 100-lb. lots, or over, at about 40c per lb. When ready to buy, write for our best prices.

White Blossom Sweet Clover No. 735 — (MEL-LILOTUS ALBA) — This variety resembles alfalfa in appearance, habits of growth and nutritive value. It is hardy, making a rank growth of stems, leaves and roots, and is not a pest. It seeds itself, is adapted to a wide variety of soils, withstands cold and heat well, and is liked by all stock, including poultry. It should be cut when young. Sow in August, September or October for fall planting, and in February and March for spring, at a rate of 15 to 20 pounds of our re-cleaned hulled seed to the acre.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 15c; 1 lb., 50c; 2 lbs., 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10 lb. lots or over at 30c per lb., 100-lb. lots or over at about 25c per lb. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.

Yellow Blossom Sweet Clover No. 738 — (MEL-LILOTUS INDICA) — This is a variety of Sweet Clover, sometimes called Sour Clover, growing from 15 to 20 inches high, which is being used by many for quick results. It comes earlier, makes a full crop the first season. You can sow the seed in the fall or early spring. The seed is much cheaper than the White Blossom.

PRICES: Pkt. (4 oz.), 10c; 1 lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over at 20c per lb., 100-lb. lots or over at about 16c per lb. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.

PEANUTS—CHEAPEST PORK PRODUCER



REUTER'S IMPROVED SPANISH PEANUTS

GIANT BEGGAR WEED No. 718—This is a valuable forage plant and a wonderful soil restorer, far more valuable as a fertilizer than either peas or clover, and, in many sections of the South, superior to either for forage. It is an annual, making its growth late in the season. It is erect, reaching a height of 5 to 7 feet on good soils and is used for hay, silage and grazing. When cut at the right time and properly cured it makes superior hay. Its greatest value, probably, is as a grazing plant in late summer and early winter, as it is even more fattening than alfalfa or cowpeas. It is easily killed by a single cultivation in late summer and soon disappears from fields which are not plowed. If your land is too poor to grow anything worth while, sow beggar weed, for it is a rank feeder, with deep feeding roots, and brings up from the subsoil the dormant fertilizing elements and deposits them near the surface. Sow about 10 pounds broadcast on land in the same manner you would oats and plow under in like manner. June is the best planting month.

Prices, postpaid: Pkt., 10c; lb., 75c. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10 lbs. or more, 50c per lb.

BUCKWHEAT—A very desirable and profitable crop for spring sowing, particularly for farms that include bees and poultry. It is easily grown, makes a splendid flower food for bees and a very satisfactory yield of grain. It is prized as a poultry feed, being regarded as a stimulant to egg production, and when ground is profitably fed to hogs and other stock. Under favorable conditions it will mature a crop of seed in eight to ten weeks, making it the shortest season cereal crop. It can be matured on poor soil and is frequently used for green manuring. It is also remarkably free from insects and fungous diseases. Sow one bushel to the acre.

Japanese Buckwheat No. 728—This variety is regarded as the heaviest producer and is earlier than common sorts. The grains are large and the plants are of branching character and the stiff straw stands up well.

Prices, postpaid: lb., 40c. Not prepaid, pk. (12 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (48 lbs.), \$3.75.

With a crop of peanuts and a bunch of hogs and just enough corn to harden them off, any farmer can add a splendid sum to his bank account—and the hogs will gather the crop for him. Peanuts produce a highly profitable crop, are enormous savers of labor on the farm, and if handled properly add fertility to the land. The Federal Bureau of Chemistry, in discussing the feeding value of peanuts, says: "In the peanut proteins we have found more of the weight-producing substance than in any vegetable or seed substance that has been analyzed up to the present time. It is well known that peanuts will produce weight in hogs faster than anything else, and some rough estimates show that 496 1/2 pounds of peanuts—that is, just roughage peanuts, not press cake—increased the weight of the hog just 100 pounds. It took nearly 600 pounds of shelled corn to do the very same thing." "Good seed," says the U. S. Department of Agriculture, "is just as important with the peanuts as with corn, wheat, or any other crop."

Spanish Peanuts No. 865—This variety should be planted for forage and feeding purposes. Under most favorable conditions it will mature in ninety days. It is a small-podded variety, very productive, stems upright, foliage abundant and heavy; pods clustered about base of plant, usually two seeds in a pod, entirely filling pod; color of peas light brown; pods adhere well to plant in digging. This variety, properly handled, will yield 60 bushels of peas and a ton of hay to the acre. This variety is also used exclusively for oil mill purposes.

Prices: lb., 30c; 3 lbs., 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots, at 15c lb.; 50-lb. lots, at 14c lb.; 100-lb. lots, at 12c lb. Write for market prices when ready to buy.

Tennessee Red No. 866—One of the best varieties, particularly adapted to black, waxy land, but does well on sandy soil. Pods contain three large kernels each. Very productive.

Prices: lb., 30c; 3 lbs., 80c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots, at 20c lb.; 50-lb. lots, at 19c lb.; 100-lb. lots, at 18c lb. Write for market prices when ready to buy.

North Carolina Running Peanut No. 867—

There is a good demand for the running variety of peanuts. It is a sure cropper and can always be depended upon to produce a large yield. Nuts a little larger than the Spanish. Recleaned seed.

Prices: lb., 30c; 3 lbs., 80c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots, 16c lb.; 50c-lb. lots, 15c lb.; 100-lb. lots, 14c lb. Write for market prices when ready to buy.

Improved Valencia Peanut No. 868—This variety came originally from Spain and satisfies a demand from anyone who desires a peanut well adapted to our section, yet larger in size, with a greater number of nuts or kernels than in most sorts planted in the South. A very productive variety. Pods are large, close and well filled, containing three to four kernels or nuts in each pod. Has a sweet, mild and enjoyable flavor. A splendid commercial variety.

Prices: lb., 40c; 3 lbs., \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots, 20c lb.; 50-lb. lots, 19c lb.; 100-lb. lots, 18c lb. Write for market prices when ready to buy.

UPLAND RICE No. 881—You can grow rice just as easily on uplands as on the flooded lowlands. Any ground having a reasonable amount of moisture will produce a good crop. Prepare the land and cultivate as for corn, except the rows are only 22 inches apart, so that one furrow in each middle, with an 18-inch sweep, usually suffices for a working, and the hills just far enough so it can be hoed. Plant as early in April as you can. Drop 16 to 20 seed in each hill and leave all that come up. Cultivate for moisture and to keep down grass and weeds until the rice begins to head. It usually ripens last of August or early in September. The color tells when it is ripe. Requires about three bushels of 44 pounds, or 132 pounds, to sow an acre.

Prices: lb., 25c; 3 lbs., 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots, at 10c lb.; 50-lb. lots, at 8c lb.; 100-lb. lots, at 5c lb. Write for market prices when ready to buy.

SUNFLOWER—Mammoth Russian No. 912—The sunflower is a cultivated crop

in Asia and Europe and to some extent in Canada and the United States, principally for its oil and seeds. The Mammoth Russian variety produces an enormous head, measuring from 12 to 20 inches in diameter. On light, well-drained, well-tilled, fertile soils it yields 30 to 50 bushels per acre and frequently more. Plant and cultivate as you would corn, though it may be planted much earlier as the seed is not injured by slight freezing of the ground. The seeds are highly prized by farmers and poultrymen, who have found it an excellent feed for poultry of all kinds and one of the most economically grown for this purpose of any of the grains, for it can be produced far cheaper than its equivalent in corn. The heads should be harvested shortly before thoroughly ripe to avoid scattering and loss of seed, but should be carefully dried before storage to prevent molding. As a poultry and bird food this variety will be most productive. Plant in any waste space during the early spring up to middle of July, sowing at the rate of 8 to 10 pounds to the acre.

Prices, postpaid: Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c. Not prepaid, about 15c per lb.



Mammoth Russian Sunflower

Plant MILLETS for QUICK "CATCH" CROP

Tennessee Golden Millet No. 853

(Illustrated) — Before the big war this variety was known as German Millet. We like the present name much better. It is an important, large yielding and most nutritious hay crop, quick-growing and easily cured. It ought to be seeded thickly—not less than one bushel to the acre—and the crop should be cut while in bloom before the seed hardens in the head. If the seed is allowed to form, the stalks get hard and do not make nearly as good quality hay, and at the same time it is more exhaustive to the soil. It can be sown anytime from the middle of April until the end of July, although some farmers sow earlier, while others continue planting during August. It's a quick crop, matures in 6 to 8 weeks after seeding. Don't sow too early as it does not grow off well until the soil and weather get warm.

Lots of our farmers are sowing Golden Millet with Cowpeas for a hay crop. When planted in this way, it should be some quick-maturing variety of cowpeas, such as the Whippoorwill or New Era, and should be sown at the rate of three-quarters of a bushel of millet and one bushel of cowpeas to the acre. It is necessary, when these crops are sown together, to cut the crop at the time that the millet is ready to cut for hay, regardless of the maturity of the cowpeas. Sown together in this way, they make a much larger yield than either crop alone, and cure up and make splendid, nutritious hay.

Our Tennessee Grown Recleaned Golden Millet Seed is worth fully 50c per bushel more than the ordinary Western stock offered by seedsmen in the South. It will stand more drought and produce bigger crops. Very little of the millet seed sold in the South today is true-to-name stock. It's better to be safe than sorry—order from Reuter this year without fail.

Prices: Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c; 5 lbs., 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (50 lbs.), \$3.50; 100 lbs., \$6.50. Write for special prices when ready to buy.

REMEMBER—The farm home that produces its own food and feed along with cash crops, is economically independent and prosperous.



Chufas, or Earth Almonds

Manitoba Hog Millet No. 854

Grows from three to six feet tall. Produces large heads and larger seed than any other millet. Seeds are large and contain a high percentage of oil. The seeds have a higher feeding value per pound than our common corn. This plant always produces a heavy head of seed. The seeds furnish the best of all foods for all poultry. It has produced as high as seventy-five bushels of seed per acre. One great feature of this millet is that the seed ripens before the straw, so that it may be cut and bound as wheat or oats, threshed, and a nice green crop of hay put up; while the seed may be housed and be fed separately as grain. This plant is an annual, and, like other millets, must be planted each season. By beginning to sow with early corn planting and keep up sowing first of every month up to September 1st, we can have fine green foliage for our stock all summer.

Prices: Lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid by express or freight, peck (12½ lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (50 lbs.), \$3.25; 100 lbs., \$6.00.

Pearl, or Cat-Tail Millet No. 855

(Pencillaria)—One of the best and most nutritious of continuous-cutting green forage plants. Needs no introduction to our friends who have purchased our seed for the past ten years without a single failure. Produces as much as 100 tons of green forage per acre. It will grow 10 to 12 feet high, but cutting can be commenced when it has attained the height of 3 to 4 feet, when it will stool out enormously, and make rapid growth; can be cut in this way three or four times in a season. It is largely used by dairymen and others who have cattle for furnishing them with green feed through the summer, as if a sufficient quantity is sown, it can be cut as desired, furnishing a daily supply of green feed until killed by freezing. It can be fed either green or cured as dry forage, making a most nutritious feed, which is relished by all kinds of stock. Sow thinly in rows 3 feet apart at the rate of 8 to 10 pounds to the acre. It is a tropical plant and requires warm soil and warm weather to germinate well and grow off to best advantage.

Prices: Lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, about 30c per pound. Write for special prices when ready to buy.

Chufas, or Earth Almonds No. 815

The chufa is a species of ground nut, sometimes called the "earth almond." Chufas are very prolific and when properly planted and cultivated the ground is thoroughly permeated with the nutritious nuts. These make excellent feed for hogs. This feed remains in the ground without rotting throughout the winter. This is a great advantage, as then the hog can gather his own feed. Thus, from September to April you have a granary for your hogs in the ground.

The testimony of chufa raisers gives almost incredible results as to the quantity that can be produced per acre. Among these are accounts of yields ranging from two hundred to a thousand bushels per acre.

Rows for chufas should be as narrow as can conveniently be cultivated, about two and a half or three feet. The distance in the drill should be eight to ten inches. The seed should be covered lightly in well-broken and harrowed land. The amount of fertilizer that should be used is determined by the nature and condition of the soil. For average land, two hundred pounds to the acre is sufficient. A bushel of chufa seed will easily plant two and a half acres. Chufas do not require much cultivation and are easily cultivated, as the above-ground part of the plant stands upright.

Chufas are extremely scarce and high. Our limited stock is exceptionally fine.

Prices: Pound, 40c; 3 lbs., \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (11 lbs.), \$2.00; bu. (44 lbs.), \$7.50.

Jerusalem, or Ground Artichokes No. 816

Any Southern farmer who grows hogs and does not have some Jerusalem Artichokes to feed is neglecting one of the most important hog-food crops. It fattens hogs quickly, and it is said by many hog raisers that hogs fed on Jerusalem Artichokes have never been known to have cholera. Only a small quantity of seed is required to plant an acre. Three to four bushels per acre are sufficient. The tubers should be cut into small pieces, and not more than two of these should be put in a hill. The hills may be from two to four feet apart. Five hundred bushels have been yielded off an acre, and sometimes considerably more. Milk cows do well when fed on the roots and stalks. The crop is not a bit hard to eradicate. Plant during March and April during the spring of 1921 and your stock will improve in health.

Prices: Lb., 30c; 3 lbs., 75c, postpaid. By freight or express, not prepaid, pk. (12½ lbs.), \$1.00; bu. (50 lbs.), \$2.50; bbl. (150 lbs.), \$7.00.



"Tis said, "The Early Bird Gets the Worm." "Tis true that many a planter is disappointed when he waits until the planting season is on before ordering his seed supply. Let us have your orders or inquiries early so we can insure prompt delivery.

GOOD GRASSES FOR SOUTHERN FARMS



Sudan Grass

Sudan Grass No. 825—A sweet, heavy-yielding grass; absolutely drouth-proof; grows successfully everywhere in the South; stock of all kind eat it greedily; yields more tonnage than any other forage crop per acre. Sudan Grass can be best described by saying that it has all the good qualities of Johnson Grass, with a lot more of its own added, and while it looks like an extra tall-growing strain of Johnson Grass, it has not a single bad quality or characteristic of Johnson Grass such as the creeping underground root stocks. Sudan is absolutely free from the objectionable root system which makes Johnson Grass so difficult to eradicate. Sudan Grass is an annual that requires reseeding each year. It is no more difficult to get rid of than sorghum or cowpeas. It may be grown, either drilled, in cultivated rows, or broadcasted. If planted in rows, the rows should be as close as possible and yet permit of easy cultivating. In 30-inch rows, 2 to 3 pounds of seed per acre is sufficient. For drilling or broadcasting, 10 to 13 pounds of seed per acre is necessary. The seed should be sown when the ground is warm in the spring. Three cuttings can be obtained in our section. Five tons of hay per acre is a reasonable estimate of its yield. The crop should be cut for hay as soon as the grass is fully headed, and early cutting is advised where the crop is to be used for hay.

WARNING—There are thousands of pounds of impure Sudan Grass Seed sold in the South everywhere by unscrupulous dealers. Be sure to get the true to-name seed that is not weevil eaten and is guaranteed to be free from Johnson Grass. Samples gladly furnished, showing you the purity and germination of our Sudan Grass Seed.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 10c; lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 25 lbs., at 15c per lb.; 50 lbs., at 12c per lb.; 100-lb. lots at 10c per lb. Write also for Free Pamphlet.

Rhodes Grass No. 826—It is a perennial, growing from three to four feet high, with large numbers of very long, narrow and tender leaves, and with rather a few branching seed spikes or slender branching stems. It is a species that does not spread by under ground root-stocks, but produces running branches which root at the joints or nodes, thereby producing new plants. The runners are not so abundant when the grass is growing thickly, and, therefore, does not materially interfere with the machinery at the time of harvesting the hay crop. Its inability to stand cold weather will limit its acreage to the Southern States.

It is propagated by both seeds and roots, as above described. I think it advisable that you sow the seed at the rate of 10 pounds to the acre. Have a soil that has a fine mellow surface, and then give a light harrowing, a soil about like that for seeding other small seeds. As the seed is produced only in small quantities and as it continues to be developed and matured through the entire season, little can be gathered at one time; naturally the seed is rather scarce. My seed is imported from original sources and is the finest that can be planted. While the principal value of Rhodes Grass is for grazing, it is also used for hay, giving eight to twelve cuttings of about one ton each to the acre, and the hay is of excellent quality. It bears severe drouth and moderate frost without injury, but is easily killed by plowing late in the season. Thus it is not a pest, but a most welcome acquisition to my big list of high-grade grasses.

The proper time to sow Rhodes Grass depends upon the section and upon the season itself. Along the Coast, where there is no danger of cold weather, the sowing may be made in the fall if the soil is in good condition to make a moist seed bed. Farther inland, where a good, moist spring occurs, it should be sown in the early part of the year, say from February, and then on until June.

Prices: $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. package, 30c; lb., 80c; postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10 lbs., at 75c per lb.; 50 lbs., at 70c per lb.; 100 lbs., at 65c per lb.; 500 lbs., or more, at 60c per lb.

Johnson Grass No. 827—While this grass is considered a pest in many parts of the South, it is recognized as one of our most valuable hay and forage crops. Don't plant this grass unless you intend to keep it on your farm. It may surprise you to know that we sell thousands of pounds of Johnson Grass Seed every year, and a few people think that there is a law against planting this seed, but this is not true as far as we know. The seed should be planted early in the spring at the rate of one bushel to the acre, and will give you permanent summer pasture and hay crop forever.

Prices: Pkt. (4 oz.), 15c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$3.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 25 lbs., at 25c per lb.; 50 lbs., at 20c per lb..

Natal Grass No. 828—A distinct strong-growing grass for Florida and the Lower South. It makes three to five crops in one season, and it grows about four feet high. For pasture purposes it is superior to all other grasses. It only requires one planting to make a permanent or hay meadow, and does not require any cultivation. Resembles Sudan Grass in appearance and productiveness, so you can rest assured that you'll have a barn full of hay if you sow Natal Grass this year. Plant in the spring as soon as all danger of frost is past. It should be planted broadcast at the rate of 10 pounds to the acre. Try it this year.

Prices: Package (4 oz.), 30c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over at 90c per lb.

Bermuda Grass No. 829—A Southern grass that delights in sunshine and warmth. It is extensively cultivated in this section of the country for lawns. Very valuable for pasture as well as for hay crop. Grows vigorously during the hot summer months when other grasses are parched and dead. On good soil will furnish two or more cuttings and frequently four tons of hay to the acre. It is very difficult to eradicate when once well established. The seed should be sown in February, March and April at the rate of 8 to 10 pounds per acre. A rainy or damp day is the best time to sow.

Prices: Package (4 oz.), 30c; lb., \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots or over at 75c per lb.

Carpet Grass No. 830—Excellent for lawns or pasture purposes on the Gulf Coast and all sandy lands. Grows equally as well on clay uplands. Near the Gulf it stays green all year. Stools heavily from one parent stalk and spreads rapidly. Blades are wide and give fine foliage, and, when well set, forms thick, green carpet that cannot be uprooted by any amount of grazing. Sow 7 to 10 pounds to acre broadcast.

Prices: Package (4 oz.), 25c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10 lbs., or more at 65c per lb.

English Rye No. 831—Very valuable variety for permanent pasture also for pasture or hay. Withstands drouth to a remarkable degree. Used extensively throughout our section for lawns. Use it in Bermuda sod to keep the lawn green during the fall, winter and early spring, when the Bermuda is dormant. Sow from September until March at the rate of 2 to 3 bushels to the acre.

Prices: Package (4 oz.), 15c; lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, bu. (20 lbs.), \$3.25; 100 lbs., \$15.00.

Italian Rye No. 832—Recommended principally for fall planting, but can also be sown early in the spring. A very quick growing grass. It is an annual and requires seeding each year. It should be cut when in bloom for hay. Splendid for pasture and lawn mixtures with other grasses. Sow at the rate of 2 to 3 bushels to the acre.

Prices: Package (4 oz.), 15c; lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$3.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, bu. (20 lbs.), \$3.25; 100 lbs., \$15.00.

Red Top or Herd's Grass No. 833—A hay and pasture grass. Succeeds on most kinds of soil but does best on heavy or low, moist, stiff soils. It is a very fine-bladed grass, which grows about 2 feet high. Fifteen to twenty pounds of seed should be grown per acre.

Prices: (Fancy recleaned seed): Package (4 oz.), 15c; lb., 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10-lb. lots at 30c per lb.; 100-lb. lots at 25c per lb.

SPECIAL NOTICE—We carry in stock a full supply of other grass seeds, such as Tall Meadow Oat Grass, Meadow Fescue, Orchard Grass, Kentucky Blue Grass, etc.



VELVET BEANS—Wonder Crop of the South



Velvet Beans

Extra Early Speckle Velvet Bean No. 713—An extra early Velvet Bean that is largely planted throughout the South, and extremely popular. It is one of the quickest-growing and earliest maturing of the Velvet Beans and is well adapted for growing in districts further North than Velvet Beans ordinarily have been grown. You can plant these beans during May and June, and they will mature in time for fall planting, a quick September grazer, or for turning under to take advantage of its wonderful soil-improving features. It is one of the most prolific of all sorts, and a dependable variety for you to plant. There is nothing that equals our seed of this variety, being absolutely new-crop (not carried-over, poor germinating seed) seed of high germination.

Prices: **Lb.**, 20c; **2 lbs.**, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (60 lbs.), about \$3.00 per bu.; **10 bu.** or more, at about \$2.75 per bu. Write for market prices when ready to buy.

Osceola Velvet Beans No. 712—A wonderful new variety of Velvet Beans that has become very popular throughout the Southern States, and we predict that it will very shortly become the most largely planted of all varieties. It has been pronounced as the greatest of all velvet beans by most practical farmers. A hybrid of the 100-day or Early Speckle and the Yokohama. It is larger than the Early Speckle, more productive and earlier. Produces as much foliage, but is free of the itching fuzz that makes other Velvet Beans so disagreeable to pick. Costs less to pick and can be picked very much easier. Commences to get ripe about September 1st, and largely ripens before the 15th. The leaves shed about October 1st, and this makes the bean pod and corn gathering easy. Blooms mostly purple. The beans are speckled like the 100-day, but twice the size, producing a pod as large as the "Chinese." Pods are five inches long, carrying usually six big beans. The bunches often carry as many as 25 pods, and are often double-jointed, in many cases having two bunches to the joint. It is the best variety for fertilizer, crushing, or grinding. It is the best yielder of seed of any variety.

Prices: **Lb.**, 20c; **2 lbs.**, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (60 lbs.), about \$3.25; **10 bu.** or more, at about \$3.00 per bu. Write for market prices when ready to buy.

SOY OR SOJA BEANS

Culture—The land should be prepared as for cowpeas, and the seed planted in drills at a sufficient distance to permit one or two cultivations. One bushel of seed will plant two or three acres, the amount depending on the distance between the rows. The planting should be shallow, never more than two inches, or many of the seeds will decay. This is a very important point to remember. Inoculation with soil from any old soy bean field is not usually necessary in the South. Rabbits are exceedingly fond of the young plants and sometimes cause serious injury to the crop when the field is near woods. If wanted for hay the crop should be cut when the upper leaves begin to turn yellow, but if wanted for seed the gathering should be delayed until nearly all the leaves have fallen. The hay is easily cured and is fully as nutritious as that from Cowpeas.

Mammoth Yellow No. 707—The largest growing and most popular of all Soy Beans, and is the one kind that you should plant. Grows three to five feet high. Being a tender annual, it should not be planted until all danger of frost is past and the weather is warm and dry. Matures in 120 days. Owing to the high prices being paid by oil mills for Soy Bean seed it looks as though prices will advance before planting time, so I urge you to send me your order at these very reasonable prices without delay.

Prices: **Lb.**, 25c; **2 lbs.**, 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$1.25; bu. (60 lbs.), about \$3.25; **10 bu.** or more, at about \$3.00 per bu. Write for market prices when ready to buy.

REUTER'S RECLEANED SELECTED COWPEAS

The Clay No. 796—It is the most popular pea in the South. The plants are vigorous, usually seeding sparingly. Tall, erect, large green leaves. Pods are large and yellowish; seeds kidney-shaped, medium size, cream color; medium to late in ripening.

Whippoorwill No. 797—A favorite early bunch-growing variety. Seed is reddish brown speckled. A great favorite on account of its early maturity.

Unknown or Wonderful No. 798—A very vigorous grower. It is the largest growing in size and of a very light clay color.

New Era No. 799—An early upright-growing variety; the seed is smaller. It is not inclined to run. Matures in sixty or seventy-five days.

Red Ripper No. 803—Vigorous, half-trailing, large green leaves and stems. A valuable variety and excellent to grow in corn. The seed is dark red. Matures late.

Mixed No. 805—Large quantities of peas are mixed through handling, and will not grade as they mature at different times. Usually sell for less than the others.

Prices on above: **Lb.**, 20c; **2 lbs.**, 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$1.50. Bushel and quantity prices on application. Market fluctuates.

White Sugar Crowder No. 801—Grows upright, bushy, and ordinarily needs no support. Very prolific. Earliest of all the vining varieties. It is a splendid pea for table use and has this big advantage over many of the other varieties.

Prices: **Pkt.**, 10c; **lb.**, 30c; **2 lbs.**, 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$2.00. Bushel and quantity prices on application.

Large Black-Eye No. 802—This is a large late-vining variety. The vines grow very large; also good for table use. Matures in six to eight weeks. Excellent for forage.

Prices: **Pkt.**, 10c; **lb.**, 25c; **2 lbs.**, 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$1.75. Bushel and quantity prices on application.

Lady Peas No. 804—These are small, round and pure white, and are generally planted between corn. A delicate vegetable.

Prices: **Pkt.**, 10c; **lb.**, 25c; **2 lbs.**, 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, peck (15 lbs.), \$1.75. Bushel and quantity prices on application.

RAPE—One of the most valuable forage plants eaten by all kinds of live stock, but is predominantly fitted to furnish pasture for cattle, sheep and swine. Every farmer who raises hogs should grow Rape throughout the winter and spring.

Dwarf Essex No. 876—The genuine stock that you ought to plant, and no other. Sow broadcast, at the rate of 10 pounds to the acre, early in the spring, and will furnish rich and nutritious pasture and green feed in six to eight weeks from sowing. Can be planted as late as April 1st with the expectation of producing a splendid crop.

Prices: **Pkt.**, 10c; **lb.**, 30c; **2 lbs.**, 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, by express or freight, 10 lbs., \$1.60; 50 lbs., \$7.00; 100 lbs., \$13.50.



Soy Beans

Kill the Bugs Before the Bugs Ruin the Crop



Spray or Pay!

Bugs Are No Respecters of Crops

Begin to Spray Before the Bugs Come

Prices on This Page Are Not Prepaid Unless Specified and Are Subject to Change Without Notice

Powdered Arsenate of Lead—

A well known and very effective spraying compound. Better than Paris Green. Does not burn foliage. Can be used for wet spraying or dry dusting. Has all the advantages of Arsenate of Lead Paste, with double the strength, goes twice as far, and is easier to handle and measure out. One pound makes from 15 to 25 gallons of solution ready to apply. Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., 70c; 5 lbs., \$3.00; 10 lbs., \$5.00; 25 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$35.00. **CANNOT BE MAILED.**

Dry Calcium Arsenate—This is the proper and most effective powder for dusting on cotton for eradicating the boll weevil. It is the poison used by the U. S. Department of Agriculture in experiments which proved that the weevil could be killed out at a profitable cost. Be sure to get Special Bulletin, U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, which gives all information. Prices: 1 lb., 55c; 5 lbs., \$2.50; 10 lbs., \$4.50; 25 lbs., \$9.25; 50 lbs., \$17.00; 100 lbs., \$32.00; 200 lbs., \$61.00. **CANNOT BE MAILED.**

Kerosene Emulsion—A valuable remedy for such insects as plant lice, leaf aphid, woolly aphid, cherry aphid, squash bug, leaf hopper, mealy bug and cabbage worm. Prices: 1 qt., 65c; 1 gal., \$1.50; 5 gals., \$6.00. **CANNOT BE MAILED.**

Target Scale Destroyer—Dormant spray for San Jose and Oyster Shell Scale. Destroys the white fly, removes the sooty mold from leaves and fruit. A soluble oil that mixes easily. Prices: 1 qt., 65c; gal., \$1.75; 5 gals., \$8.00. **CANNOT BE MAILED.**

Liquid Weed Killer—Destroys weed in paths, roads and gutters. Kills roots, as well as tops, of all weed and grass growths. Easier and less expensive than hoeing or digging by hand. Very effective in walks and cobble gutters, without injury to road bed. Does not discolor cement. Dilute 1 part Weed Killer to 40 parts water. Usually prevents growth for season. Apply with sprinkling can. Prices, by express or freight, not prepaid: 1 qt., 75c; 1 gal., \$2.00.



Cutworm Killer

Should be ordered when you buy your seeds, so as to have it on hand, ready for use at the right time. One pound is sufficient for 100 plants when in hills and 100 linear feet when in rows. It is a coarse, fibrous preparation for strewing near the plants to be protected. It has an enticing odor and the worms prefer it to the plants. Prices: 1-lb. can, 45c; 5-lb. can, \$1.50, postpaid. Can be sent by Parcel Post.

Bug Death—A non-poisonous powder, in composition peculiar to itself, inasmuch as it does not depend upon arsenic for its killing power. It is safe and sure to use on potatoes, tomatoes, cucumbers, melons, eggplants and general garden truck. Can be used either dry or as a liquid. This is one of the most popular insecticides in my large list, and I can safely recommend it. Prices, by mail, postpaid: 1 lb., 35c; 3 lbs., 75c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; not prepaid, by express or freight, 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs., \$1.75; 100 lbs., \$12.00.



Tobacco Dust—An effective and cheap remedy for many bugs, worms, lice and spiders on cabbage, squash, melons, cucumbers, etc. Best applied when the foliage is damp; it then sticks to the leaves. Is very strong in nicotine. Prices: Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 35c; 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.40; not prepaid, by express or freight, 25-lb. bag, \$1.50; 50-lb. bag, \$2.50; 100-lb. bag, \$4.50; 1,000 lbs. or more at \$4.00 per 100 pounds.

Whale Oil Soap—Genuine Whale Oil Soap; made from pure whale oil, the killing values of which are increased by the addition of tobacco extracts. Prices, by mail, postpaid: 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50. Special prices on larger quantities.

Hellebore Powdered—A very reliable poison for most leaf-eating insects. Less dangerous to plants than Paris Green, Arsenate of Lead and those other powerful poisons. Prices: 4 oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 45c; 1 lb., 85c, postpaid.

Black Leaf "40"—A highly concentrated solution of Nicotine-Sulphate. Valuable for the destruction of aphid, thrips and other sucking insects. BLACK LEAF 40 is largely used by the onion growers of Southwest Texas for controlling thrips and aphid on their Bermuda Onions. Full directions with each can. Prices: 1 oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., \$1.00; 2 lbs., \$3.25; 10 lbs., \$13.75. **CANNOT BE MAILED.**

Grape Dust—A powder preparation, very valuable for the destruction of mold, mildew and rust, on roses and all other plants. Prices, by mail, postpaid: 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.00. **CAN BE SENT BY PARCEL POST.**

Slugshot—A light, composite, fine powder, easily distributed by duster, bellows or in water by spraying. Sure death to such vermin as potato bugs, cabbage worms, lice, slugs, sowbugs, etc. It is also strongly impregnated with fungicides. Prices, by mail, postpaid: 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.75; not prepaid, 25 lbs., \$2.50; 50 lbs., \$4.75; 100 lbs., \$9.00. **CAN BE SENT BY PARCEL POST.**

Pyrox—It is a heavy, yet flocculent, creamy paste that is easily mixed with cold water, and sticks like paint to the foliage. It won't wash off, and won't clog the finest nozzles. PYROX kills leaf-eating insects, bugs and worms. It prevents blight, rot and fungus. No better spray material for potatoes, tomatoes, cucumbers, peppers, eggplants, beans, cauliflower, etc., than Pyrox. Prices: 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$2.90; 25 lbs., \$6.25; 50 lbs., \$11.50; 100 lbs., \$22.00. **CANNOT BE MAILED.**

Dry Bordeaux—A very effective cure and preventive for many fungous growths. Prices: 1 lb., 55c; 5 lbs., \$2.50; 10 lbs., \$4.00. **CANNOT BE MAILED.**

Paris Green—An excellent aid in combating the ravages of the potato beetle, cabbage worm, turnip beetle, and many other leaf-eating insects. It is very powerful and must be greatly diluted, generally 1 pound to 100 gallons of water. Prices: $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25; 10 lbs., \$6.25; 25 lbs., \$15.00; 50 lbs., \$27.50; 100 lbs., \$50.00. **CANNOT BE MAILED.**

Tuber - Tonic—This material is a very finely divided powder, strong to kill leaf-eating insects on potatoes, yet prepared in such a manner to make it safe to use on foliage without injury. It has the quick-killing action of Paris Green, the adhesiveness of Arsenate of Lead and the fungus preventive qualities of Bordeaux. Prices: 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25; 10 lbs., \$4.25; 25 lbs., \$10.00; 50 lbs., \$19.50. **CANNOT BE MAILED.**

Insecto—A Combination Dry Insecticide and Fungicide. A dry-powdered form of Arsenate of Lead and Bordeaux, a combination that is needed on every farm, in every orchard and by every gardener. Booklet fully describing its use free for the asking. Prices: 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.00; 10 lbs., \$3.75; 25 lbs., \$9.00; 50 lbs., \$17.00. **CANNOT BE MAILED.**

Dry Lime Sulphur

For dormant spraying of fruit and shade trees and bushes against San Jose and Oyster Shell Scale; also for peach leaf curl and brown rot of peaches. Has all the effectiveness of liquid Lime Sulphur, and is much easier to handle. One pound makes from 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 gallons. Can be used for both dormant and summer spraying. Ask me to send you special booklet. Prices, put up in sift-proof, air-tight, impervious packages, not prepaid: 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$5.25; 50 lbs., \$10.00; 100 lbs., \$18.00. **CANNOT BE MAILED.**



A SPRAY PUMP FOR EVERY NEED

Brown's Auto Spray No. 1—A compressed air sprayer warranted

 against mechanical defect and guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. The tank is made of either heavy brass or galvanized iron, as ordered, and has a capacity of about three gallons. The pump is locked to the tank by a cam and can be removed or replaced by a simple twist of the wrist. The pump is of heavy brass, two inches in diameter, and two, possibly, three, pumpings will discharge the contents under higher constant pressure than any other knapsack sprayer. I recommend the brass tank—will not corrode, also the Auto-Pop No. 1 automatic shut-off, operating a self-cleaning wire through the nozzle. Each machine securely packed in a wooden box; shipping weight, 15 pounds. Auto-Spray No. 1-B—Brass tank, \$10.50; Auto-Spray No. 1—Galvanized tank, \$8.00

Lowell Fountain Compressed Air Sprayer—

It is devoid of complex or intricate parts; is both automatic and positive in its action; one charge or pumping is sufficient to expel entire contents of tank. It is the strongest air pressure tank made—standing five times the pressure necessary to operate. With each machine is furnished a Tree Attachment, consisting of $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch Red C-1 Rubber Tubing with brass spraying nozzle for small tree and shrub spraying; Spray Crook nozzle 3 inches long for potato spraying; Funnel with brass wire strainer cloth for filling; and adjustable shoulder strap for carrying.

Prices: Galvanized Steel Aluminized, \$9.00; Brass, Polished and Lacquered, \$11.00. Weight, crated, 20 lbs.



Perfection Sprayer—For spraying, disinfecting or white-washing on plants, bushes, vines, etc. Made of heavier metal, with fewer parts, stronger in construction, more powerful in action than many other sprayers on the market. The pump is $1\frac{3}{4}$ -inch seamless brass tubing with a brass valve, and is sealed into the top of the tank with heavy threads. The pump rod is $5/16$ inch and is fitted with anhydrous leather and special metal expanders. Tank $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches by 20 inches, lock-seamed with 26 rivets. Hose attached with clamps. All furnished with automatic shut-off nozzle which will handle whitewash and thin liquids without change of parts. Made of Galvanized Steel or Brass. Weight, packed, 12 lbs. Price: Galvanized Steel, each, \$7.50; All Brass, each, \$10.00.

Myers' Perfect Knapsack Spray Pump—The tank, made of either galvanized iron or copper, holds 5 gallons of mixture. It is heavily soldered, and is fitted with tight lid and strainer, both of which can be removed. It is shaped so that it can be carried on the back, and shoulder straps are provided for this purpose. Handle lever is arranged for shifting from right to left at will of operator. Galvanized Tank, fitted with 5 ft of $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch hose, stop cock, pipe extension and Bordeaux or graduating Vermorel spray nozzle, which can be graduated from a fine mist spray to a solid stream. Price, \$12.50. Copper Tank, complete with hose, stop cock, pipe extension and Bordeaux or graduating Vermorel nozzle, as above. Price, \$20.00.

Myers' Improved Brass Barrel Spray Pump—A pump that can be attached to a barrel is necessary for trees of any size. Cylinder, valves, valve seats and discharge all brass. All working parts submerged in liquid, hence no priming necessary. Has both jet and mechanical agitator. This pump is so constructed that it sets inside the barrel, being bolted fast at its upper end to the barrel staves. The air chamber is 30 inches in length. No. 304, as described above, without hose, or nozzle \$12.00; No. 305B, with one lead of 11 feet of $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch five-ply discharge hose, and Vermorel nozzle, each \$16.00. (Price does not include barrel.) Five-ply hose, price per foot 30c. Bordeaux instead of Vermorel nozzle furnished without extra charge when specified.

Bucket Spray Pumps—Made entirely of brass, except the footrest, bucket fastener and handgrip. The prices below do not include bucket, but it is equipped with three feet of half-inch, five-ply, pressure-spray hose, attached with clamps. This pump will throw a straight stream, handle whitewash and other spray liquid with the same nozzle by simply turning the disc in nozzle. The cylinder or barrel is very large size and is made of heavy

brass tubing. The plunger also made of brass tubing, extends the full length of the pump inside the barrel. A pressure of 100 pounds can be easily maintained, thus forcing the compound into all the cracks and crevices. Length over all, 24 inches. Price, each, \$4.50. Parcel Post weight, 7 pounds.

Portable Sprayer—This outfit is light, compact and easy to operate. The tank holds $12\frac{1}{2}$ gallons, is mounted so that the liquid will not slop or spill, and in a way that makes it easy to handle. The pump spreads across the top of the tank and is held firmly in place by a thumb nut. It has the largest air chamber of any spray pump of corresponding size. This enables the operator to keep a uniform pressure at the nozzle. The pump handle is of iron. It is extra long and a pressure of 150 pounds can be maintained. Shipping weight, crated 75 pounds. Complete with dasher agitator, 15 feet $\frac{1}{2}$ inch 5 ply discharge hose, 8 foot extension and Vermorel nozzle. Price \$31.00.

New Monarch Duster—Helps Boll Weevils.—It is the identical hand machine used in the Boll Weevil dusting experiments at the Delta Laboratories and is guaranteed to give satisfaction in dusting Arsenate of Lead, Calcium Arsenate, Paris Green and any other dry powder insecticide. It will dust the poison evenly and economically, will cover seven to ten acres a day. By the addition of a few extra

joints of pipe the Monarch will also apply dry insecticides and fungicides to fruit trees, etc. Price: \$16.00, not prepaid.

The Corona Dry Duster—

Mechanically perfect, emits powders of right consistency from any position and in any direction, downward, upward, or horizontally. No leaf inaccessible. No complicated mechanism, no screws or adjustment, no detaching or breaking of parts. Shipping weight, 3 pounds. Price, not prepaid, \$2.50.

Acre-an-Hour-Sifter—For applying dry insecticide economically, such as Bug Death, Slug Shot, Paris Green mixed with lime or land plaster to potato vines, cotton, tobacco, eggplants, tomatoes, cabbage, rose bushes and all other plants and vines requiring a top application, as fast as a man can walk. Will cover instantly and perfectly a plant 3 inches or 3 feet in diameter. By express or freight, not prepaid. \$1.00 each. Weight, 2 lbs.

Blow Powder Sprayer—A special valve arrangement prevents any powder or dust from reaching the plunger leather. Two inch can screw for filling; capacity, one quart; special type plunger rod and leather; $19\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches diameter; length, 22 inches over all. Shipping weight about 2 pounds. All tin. Price, \$1.00, postpaid.

Dickey Bug Death Duster—

A splendid little duster to apply Bug Death in dry form. Can also be used for applying Slug Shot, Tobacco Dust, Powdered Arsenate of Lead. Price, each, 75c. Weight, $1\frac{1}{2}$ pounds.

Special Sprayer—Is a single-tube siphon sprayer with its spray tube so arranged as to break up the solution into a fine, mist-like spray, thus making it very effective for spraying fly oils and disinfectants, as well as the ordinary spray materials. Capacity, one quart. All tin. Price, 40c. Parcel Post, weight, 2 pounds.

Continuous Sprayer—Capacity, 1 quart. All tin. Gives uniform continuous spray on all strokes of the plunger. The spray tube and nozzle, as well as the siphon tube, are all removable for the purpose of cleaning. It will handle fly oils, insecticides and disinfectants as well as the regular spraying materials with great rapidity, giving a fine, effective spray. Parcel Post weight, 2 pounds. Price, 90c.

The Cyclone Seed Sower—A machine of very simple construction. This seeder will sow any seed that is sown broadcast, such as Oats, Wheat, Rye, Millet, Clovers, Grass Seeds, etc. It can be very easily adjusted to suit the seed being sown. Price, \$2.00, each, customer paying transportation charges. Mailing weight, 6 pounds.



This is undoubtedly the finest seeder on the market. It will seed evenly to 6 acres an hour. It will scatter the following distances: Wheat, barley, rye, oats, 25 feet; clover, 18 to 20 feet. The bag and hopper hold about 22 quarts of seed. Price, each, \$4.75. Mailing weight, 9 lbs.

Feed Your Fields With Fertilizer So Your Fields Can Feed You

To THOSE who are especially interested in just how to fertilize truck crops, I have prepared a series of leaflets, one to a crop, any one, or more, of which I will gladly send upon request. Just tell me what crops you are most interested in.

The South must use far greater quantities of commercial fertilizer than farmers in various other sections of the country. Thousands of our farms are operated on an intensive basis; others are worked in a more limited way, specializing in one, or, at best, a few crops. In the Middle West, crop rotations take care of rebuilding soil fertility and lands are not utilized for as lengthy a period of the year as in many Southern States. You can't remove plant foods from the soil and expect good yields indefinitely without restoring those elements. You must put back, as you remove, or you will soon have a "rundown" farm.

Blood, Bone and Tankage Mixtures—The following preparations are made purely from an animal basis, and they cannot, of course, be sold so low as fertilizers in which the plant food is derived from chemicals, and, while fertilizers deriving their plant food from the latter source give, as a rule, excellent results, still it is the opinion of many practical farmers that the blood and bone basis fertilizers are more reliable and lasting in their effect, and that they give much surer and better results under any conditions.

Rawbone Superphosphate With Potash

ANALYSIS: Available Phosphoric Acid, 9½ Per Cent—Nitrogen, 1.65 Per Cent—Potash, 1½ Per Cent. This fertilizer is especially prepared and highly recommended for all vegetable crops. It gives most excellent results on peas, beans, cabbage, melons, tomatoes, and other commercial truck crops. It is strictly a high-grade concentrated blood, bone and tankage mixture that is superior for immediate, as well as prolonged, results; it is of exceptional value for garden crops, root crops, corn, grain, grasses, fruit trees, small fruits, grape vines, and, in fact, all vegetation not requiring a great amount of potash. When broadcasted and harrowed in, use ½ to 1 ton per acre. For garden crops, drill in 500-800 lbs. per acre. This fertilizer contains all the elements necessary for promoting healthy, luxuriant growth of plants, vegetables, and plants begin to feed from it immediately.

Prices: 5-lb. pkg. (mailing wght., 6 lbs.), 45c; 10-lb. pkg. (mailing wght., 11 lbs.), 80c; 25-lb. bag, \$1.25; 50-lb. bag, \$2.25; 100-lb. bag, \$3.75; ton (2,000 lbs.), \$60.00. A 10-lb. package is sufficient for a space 15x20 feet for one application. Write for special prices on larger quantities.

Rawbone Superphosphate Without Potash

ANALYSIS: Available Phosphoric Acid, 10 Per Cent—Nitrogen, 1.65 Per Cent. (Nitrogen equals 2 Per Cent Ammonia.) Another splendid blood, bone and tankage mixture, but without potash, that is in big demand by farmers throughout the South. The unusually large percentage of available phosphoric acid makes it an ideal fertilizer for many crops, principally for cotton and corn. Not strictly a vegetable fertilizer, but more largely used on field crops.

Prices: 25-lb. bag, \$1.15; 50-lb. bag, \$2.00; 100-lb. bag, \$3.50; ton (2,000 lbs.), \$55.00.

Reuter's High Grade Raw Bone Meal (Fine Ground)

ANALYSIS: Total Phosphoric Acid, 22 Per Cent—Nitrogen, 3.70 Per Cent (Equivalent to 4½ Per Cent Ammonia). One of the best, safest, and surest fertilizers. Slow in decomposing, therefore forming an excellent permanent improvement, less likely than any other fertilizer to waste. Absolutely no danger of burning the plants. An excellent dressing for lawns and pastures. For lawns, pastures, ½ to 1 ton per acre. For trees and vines, use 4 to 8 pounds each. For field and garden crops, ¼ to 1 ton broadcasted and harrowed in. For rose beds, pot plants, etc., 1 part to about 50 parts of soil. There is no better fertilizer for the home

garden than this splendid material. We are putting it up in convenient-sized packages for the benefit of our customers who are not able to purchase large quantities. Prices: 5-lb. pkg. (mailing wght., 6 lbs.), 50c; 10-lb. pkg. (mailing wght., 11 lbs.), 75c; 25-lb. bag, \$1.50; 50-lb. bag, \$2.50; 100-lb. bag, \$4.75; 200-lb. bag, \$9.00; ton (2,000 lbs.), \$80.00.

High Grade Acid Phosphate

ANALYSIS: Available Phosphoric Acid, 16 Per Cent.

This is a strictly high-grade fertilizer that requires no extended description, for it is well known everywhere. Our experience has led us to believe that nearly all southern soils are lacking in available phosphoric acid and lime, and, for this reason, acid phosphate is a most valuable fertilizer. It gives excellent results on nearly all crops, but is especially recommended for use on grains and grasses. Apply at the rate of 400-600 pounds to the acre, either in drills or broadcast. If broadcasted, it should be harrowed in at the time of applying, so as to incorporate it well with the soil. When used on grass, clover and grain crops, it is best to apply it two to three weeks before seeding.

OUR ACID PHOSPHATE CONTAINING 16 PER CENT AVAILABLE PHOSPHORIC ACID is made by the patented process known as the Svenski System, which increases the amount of plant food available in each ton of fertilizer. Then, again, this stock does not get lumpy and cake, like inferior materials. Prices: 5-lb. pkg. (mailing wght., 6 lbs.), 40c; 10-lb. pkg. (mailing wght., 11 lbs.), 75c; 25-lb. bag, \$1.25; 50-lb. bag, \$1.75; 100-lb. bag, \$2.75; ton (2,000 lbs.), \$37.50.

Nitrate of Soda—A fertilizer for all crops. It is very quick in action and hastens the maturity of crops. This is the most available form in which nitrogen can possibly be applied. Especially recommended for spring use for strawberries and vegetable crops, also grass and grain crops. It is best applied during the spring or fall, just at the beginning of the active growing season. It should not be applied more than 100-150 pounds to the acre, and is best applied with other fertilizers, to insure more even distribution. If applied in liquid form, use 2 ounces to 1 gallon of water, and do not apply oftener than once weekly. Prices: 5-lb. pkg. (mailing wght., 6 lbs.), \$1.00; 10-lb. pkg. (mailing wght., 11 lbs.), \$1.50; 25-lb. bag, \$2.25; 50-lb. bag, \$4.00; 100-lb. bag, \$7.00; ton (2,000 lbs.), \$11.00.

Lime (Hydrated)—This is a very fine article for distributing on grass. For sweetening and renovating land that has become sour, whether garden or field, this preparation has absolutely no equal. It promotes growth, gives the grass a rich color, and has a tendency to prevent weeds. Apply 1 ton per acre on field and ½ ton on lawns. Prices: 40-lb. bag, \$1.25; 80 lbs., \$2.25; 160 lbs., \$4.00; ton (2,000 lbs.), \$30.00.

Cotton Seed Meal—Apply 600 to 1,000 lbs. to the acre, depending upon the character of your land and the crop to be fertilized. Exceedingly rich in potash and ammonia (nitrogen), making it excellent for use as a grass and grain fertilizer, and largely used by truckers and market gardeners on practically all vegetable and truck crops. Our stock is the best procurable, for we don't handle any low grade meal, and the analysis is guaranteed in every respect. Prices: 5-lb. pkg. (mailing wght., 6 lbs.), 40c; 10-lb. pkg. (mailing wght., 11 lbs.), 75c; 25-lb. bag, \$1.25; 50-lb. bag, \$2.00; 100-lb. bag, \$3.50; ton (2,000 lbs.), \$60.00. Market fluctuates.

NOTE—Prices on all fertilizers, including Lime (Hydrated), Nitrate of Soda, Cotton Seed Meal, etc., are subject to change without notice. The market fluctuates, and it is therefore necessary for you to write for special prices when purchasing in large quantities. We are handling fertilizers in carload lots and are in position to supply you with your requirements at reasonable prices.

Inoculate Your Alfalfa, Clovers, Cow Peas, Soy Beans, Velvet Beans and All Other Legume Crops with
POSTPAID PRICES

5-Acre Size.....	\$5.00
1-Acre Size.....	1.50
¼-Acre Size.....	.75
Small Size (supplied only in four varieties, for garden peas, garden beans, lima beans and sweet peas).....	.35

Mulford Cultures
FOR LEGUMES

CHRIS. REUTER, New Orleans, La.

FORWARD BY

(State here if wanted by Mail, Express or Freight)

**Extra Order
Blanks and
Envelopes
sent upon
Application**

Date..... 19.....

Amount Enc.

NOTICE—

BE SURE TO FILL OUT THESE BLANKS PLAINLY. The more careful you are in filling out the following blanks plainly and correctly, the more certain you are of receiving your order promptly and satisfactorily.

Name _____

Write very plainly, please

Postoffice.....

County......

Express and Freight Station

Name of Town where you get your Express or Freight

What Railroad

Street and Number..... **P. O. Box Number.....**

R. F. D. Rural Delivery Route Box No.

IMPORTANT.—I always recommend having plants sent by express at purchaser's expense, when there is an express office near, as it will save the cost, as is the case with mail shipping.

IMPORTANT.—I always recommend having plants sent by express at purchaser's expense, when there is an express office near, as I can usually send somewhat larger plants and do not have to wash the soil off the roots, as is the case with mail shipments.

NON-WARRANTY.—Chris. Reuter gives no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of seeds, bulbs, plants or trees he sends out.

GUARANTEE.—I guarantee safe arrival of all plants sent by express in the United States. Should anything be injured in transit I urge the customer to notify me at once on receipt of the goods, and in every case send me a list of what has been damaged, so that I can replace them without delay. My responsibility ceases upon the arrival of the goods in good condition and I do not guarantee stock to live, nor will I replace that which dies or fails to grow. I do guarantee, however, that all nursery stock will be in good, live and healthy condition upon

SUBSTITUTION.—Where particular varieties are ordered, and particular ages and sizes of trees, kinds of stock, etc., it should be stated whether and to what extent substitution may be allowed in case the order cannot be filled to the letter. Where no instructions in this respect accompany the order, I shall feel at liberty to substitute other varieties as nearly similar as possible. If a certain time of ripening is left out in the order, I shall endeavor to send only such species as can be expected to come into general market by that time.

NOTE—If plants are not wanted at once, please state about what date you wish them shipped.

NOTICE!

These Premiums are given only with Flowering Plant Orders—NOT with orders for Vegetable Plants, Seeds, etc.

Premium must be requested at time of ordering.

Customer may choose from two varieties of Ferns, *Asparagus Plumosus Nanus*, or *Asparagus Sprengerii*, either most beautiful Ferns. No other plants may be substituted.

SPECIAL OFFER!

SPECIAL FREE PREMIUM ON ALL FLOWERING PLANT ORDERS AMOUNTING TO \$1.00 OR OVER. Here is your opportunity to secure one of our most beautiful and popular FERNS, absolutely **FREE**.

PLEASE NOTE.—Only ONE FERN allowed for a dollar plant order, TWO FERNS for a \$2.00 plant order and over, etc. It must be mentioned when the order is sent in. Write your list of plants all on this sheet if possible, and your seed order on regular order sheet.

PLANTS—Continued

THE ABOVE ORDER BLANK FOR PLANTS ONLY

CHRIS. REUTER

New Orleans, La.

Reuter's Extra-Value Rose Collection

This is one of the most remarkable collection offers ever put before home-owners of the South, and one that will make lasting friends for Reuter. Every plant that goes into this collection has been specially selected. The roses are extra fine, two-year-old stock, all own-root plants. All are ever-blooming, and with proper care and attention should bloom soon after transplanting. They will come to you carefully packed and ready to set out—a collection that will wonderfully improve the appearance of your home-grounds. The collection, as illustrated, is made up of the following specially selected varieties:

(1) Mme. Francisca Kruger, deep golden yellow; (2) Helen Gould, bright watermelon red; (3) Clotilde Soupert, ivory-white; (4) Etoile de France, red-crimson; (5) White Cochet, creamy white; (6) William R. Smith, white, shading to pink; (7) Etoile de Lyon, bright sulphur-yellow; (8) Pink Cochet, light pink.

Eight
Two-Year-Old
Roses

\$4.65

POSTPAID



Reuter's Acre-Size Garden Collection

**30 Packets Vegetable Seeds
\$1.00 Postpaid**

MORE than 10,000 family gardens were planted last season from this collection. It is, without a doubt, the greatest home-garden seed bargain ever offered by any southern seedsman. The selection of the varieties, the choice of the fresh, new, high-germinating seed that goes into each packet, and the remarkable quantity of seed offered should induce every reader of this page to include the collection in the first order. The varieties are all thoroughly tried and proven for southern use and are the identical seed stocks that I supply to thousands of critical market-gardeners in the great commercial truck sections of the South. The collection contains a sufficient quantity of seed and so wide a variety of vegetables that a family may have a garden practically all year. Be sure to head your order with this collection.

CHRIS. REUTER

NEW ORLEANS LOUISIANA

